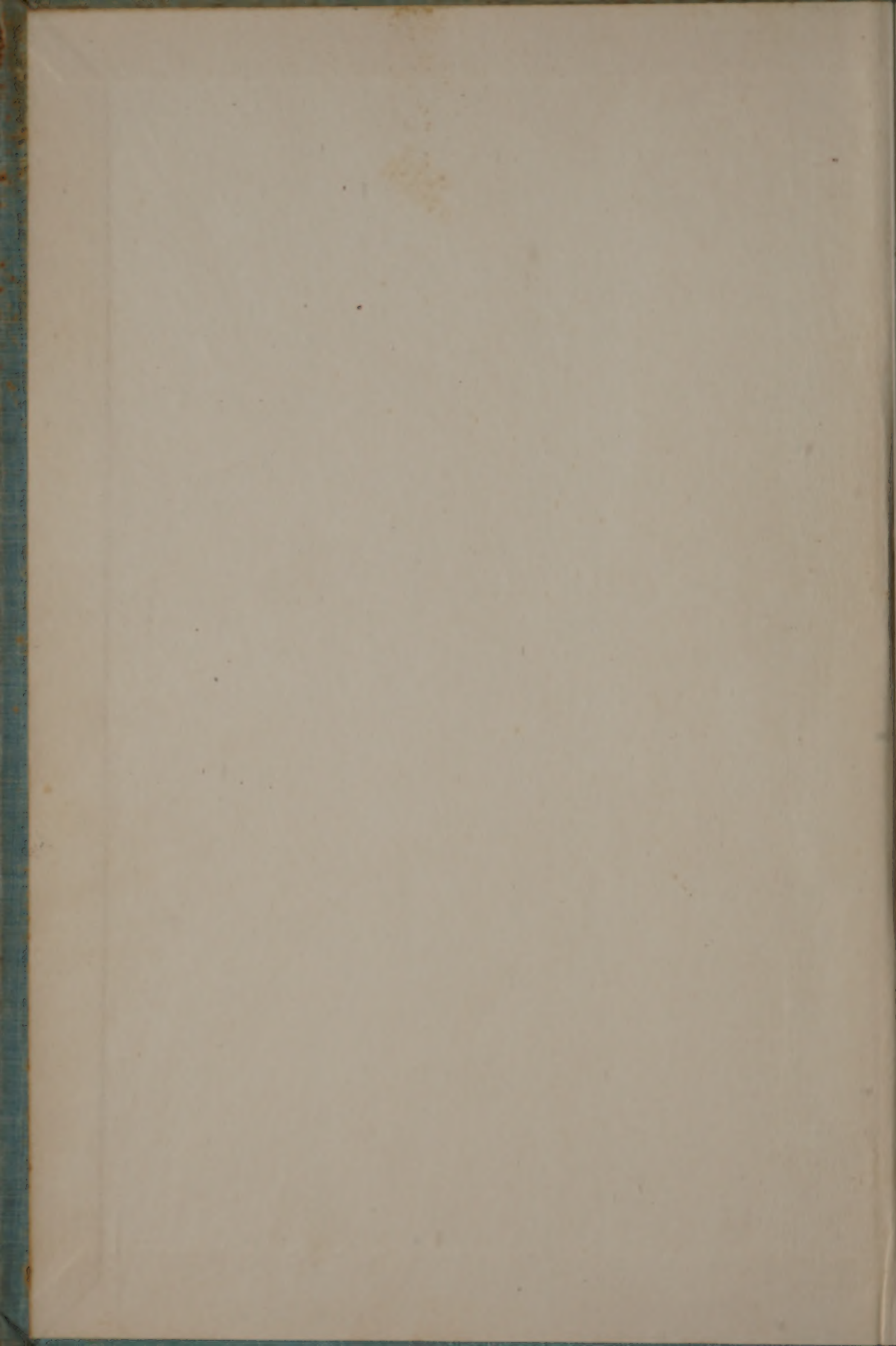




The
Kansas
Blue
Book

1899



HIST 20743

KH12

30.00

ALLEN COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY



3 1833 06741 9082

GC
978.1
R84K

THE
KANSAS BLUE BOOK

INCLUDING

BIOGRAPHIES OF MEMBERS OF THE
LEGISLATURE OF 1899

BY

R. M. RUGGLES, CHAS. H. SESSIONS, and I. N. URY.

CRANE & COMPANY, PRINTERS
TOPEKA, KANSAS
1899

Copyright 1899, by CRANE & Co.

OFFICIAL ROSTER.

A COMPLETE LIST OF OFFICERS, EXECUTIVE, LEGISLATIVE AND JUDICIAL,
WHO MAKE, INTERPRET, AND ENFORCE THE LAWS OF KANSAS;
THEIR SALARIES, RESIDENCES, AND POLITICS; ALSO,
KANSAS' REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

State officers are elected every two years. The present officers, with their assistants, residence, politics and salaries, are as follows:

CONGRESSIONAL REPRESENTATIVES.

<i>Senator</i> , Lucien Baker, Republican, Leavenworth	\$5,000
<i>Senator</i> , W. A. Harris, Populist, Linwood	5,000
<i>Congressman-at-large</i> , W. J. Bailey, Republican, Baileyville	5,000
<i>Congressman</i> , <i>First District</i> , Charles Curtis, Republican, Topeka	5,000
<i>Congressman</i> , <i>Second District</i> , J. D. Bowersock, Republican, Lawrence, ...	5,000
<i>Congressman</i> , <i>Third District</i> , Ed. R. Ridgely, Populist, Pittsburg	5,000
<i>Congressman</i> , <i>Fourth District</i> , J. M. Miller, Republican, Council Grove, ...	5,000
<i>Congressman</i> , <i>Fifth District</i> , W. A. Calderhead, Republican, Marysville, ...	5,000
<i>Congressman</i> , <i>Sixth District</i> , W. A. Reeder, Republican, Logan	5,000
<i>Congressman</i> , <i>Seventh District</i> , Chester I. Long, Rep., Medicine Lodge, ...	5,000

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE.

<i>Governor</i> , W. E. Stanley, Republican, Wichita	\$3,000
<i>Private Secretary</i> , H. J. Allen, Republican, Ottawa	2,000
<i>Chief Clerk</i> , Luther Burns, Republican, Wichita	1,200
<i>Stenographer</i> , Edna Ott, Republican, Topeka	700

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

H. E. Richter, Republican, Council Grove, \$6 per day as President of the Senate during session of Legislature, and \$700 as Chairman of the State Board of Railroad Assessors.

SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE.

<i>Secretary of State</i> , Geo. A. Clark, Republican, Junction City.....	\$2,500
<i>Assistant Secretary of State</i> , Hill P. Wilson, Republican, Hays City...	1,600
<i>Chief Clerk</i> , A. J. Whitmore, Republican, Washington.....	1,200
<i>Commission Clerk</i> , E. S. Knight, Republican, Goodland	1,000
<i>Stenographer and Index Clerk</i> , Belle Hollingshead, Republican, Garnett,	1,000
<i>Charter Clerk</i> , Earl R. Mooney, Republican, El Dorado.....	900
<i>Recording Clerk</i> , A. C. Richards, Republican, Anthony.....	720

(The Secretary of State keeps a record of all appointments and orders of the Governor; keeps records and files of all charters, leases and bonds; writes all commissions, and attests the Governor's signature to the same; is Secretary of the Executive Council; and through his office all supplies and printing are ordered.)

STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

<i>Auditor of State</i> , Geo. E. Cole, Republican, Girard.....	\$2,500
<i>Assistant Auditor of State</i> , Wylie W. Cook, Republican, Parsons....	1,600
<i>Appropriation Clerk</i> , N. D. Sanders, Republican, Pittsburg.....	1,200
<i>Bond Clerk</i> , I. H. Cole, Republican, Girard.....	1,200
<i>Land Office Clerk</i> , A. W. Gibson, Republican, Chanute.....	1,200
<i>Bookkeeper</i> , Paul Jones, Republican, Kansas City, Kansas.....	1,000
<i>Stenographer</i> , Belle Welch, Republican, Topeka.....	720

(The Auditor's office is the accounting office for the State's finances. All bills and claims against the State are passed upon and compared with the appropriations made by the Legislature, before warrants are drawn on the State Treasurer. Duplicate accounts are kept of all funds in the treasury, and compared monthly with that office, thus making a check against possible errors.

STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE.

<i>Treasurer</i> , F. E. Grimes, Republican, Leoti.....	\$2,500
<i>Assistant Treasurer</i> , T. T. Kelly, Republican, Paola.....	1,700
<i>Chief Clerk</i> , C. R. Richey, Republican, McPherson.....	1,200
<i>Bookkeeper</i> , W. G. Reed, Republican, Concordia.....	1,000
<i>Bond Clerk</i> , J. S. Dawson, Hill City.....	1,000
<i>Night Guard</i> , C. W. Miller, Republican, Leoti.....	800
<i>Stenographer</i> , M. M. Findlay, Republican, Topeka.....	800

(Collects all money due the State. Is custodian of all bonds belonging to the State and to the State school fund.)

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE.

<i>Attorney-General</i> , A. A. Godard, Republican, Topeka.....	\$2,500
<i>First Assistant</i> , J. S. West, Republican, Kansas City, Kan.....	1,600
<i>Second Assistant</i> , James Clayton, Republican, Great Bend.....	1,200
<i>Stenographer</i> , Cale R. Jones, Republican, Topeka.....	720

(The Attorney General is the legal adviser of all departments of State. His opinion is regarded as law unless the Supreme Court rules otherwise. He represents the State as its attorney in all legal proceedings, and sets in motion the legal machinery for the enforcement of all laws.)

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

<i>Superintendent</i> , Frank Nelson, Republican, Lindsborg.....	\$2,000
<i>Assistant Superintendent</i> , D. W. Little, Republican, Sharon Springs...	1,600

<i>Bond Clerk</i> , A. V. Lindell, Republican, Topeka.....	\$1,200
<i>Stenographer</i> , Miss Louella B. Rudolph, Republican, Abilene.....	720

(The State Superintendent has general supervision of the public schools of the State. His opinion is regarded as school law. He is chairman of the State Board of Education; chairman of the State Text-Book Commission, and chairman of the State Reading-Circle Board.)

STATE BANK COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

<i>Commissioner</i> , John W. Breidenthal, Populist, Chetopa.....	\$2,500
<i>Deputy Commissioner</i> , Frank Osborn, Populist, Howard.....	1,200
<i>Deputy Commissioner</i> , M. A. Waterman, Populist, Fort Scott.....	1,200
<i>Deputy Commissioner</i> , R. H. Balding, Silver Republican, Paola.....	1,200
<i>Clerk</i> , R. H. Semple, Populist, Ottawa.....	1,000
<i>Stenographer</i> , Nettie McEntyre, Populist, Chetopa.....	720

(The State Bank Commissioner has general supervision of the State and private banks of the State, and also of the building and loan associations.)

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE.

<i>Superintendent</i> , W. V. Church, Republican, Marion.....	\$2,000
<i>Assistant Superintendent</i> , Chas. H. Ridgway, Republican, Ottawa.....	1,500
<i>Chief Clerk</i> , I. S. Lewis, Republican, St. John.....	1,200
<i>Clerk</i> , Eleanor Newman, Republican, Topeka.....	720
<i>Stenographer</i> , Minnie L. Wadleigh, Republican, Florence.....	720

(The State Superintendent of Insurance has general supervision of the insurance companies and associations doing business in Kansas. He also looks after the enforcement of the insurance laws of the State.)

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE.

<i>Adjutant</i> , S. M. Fox, Republican, Manhattan.....	\$1,500
<i>Assistant Adjutant</i> , F. Charlesworth, Republican, Beloit.....	900
<i>Clerk</i> , Mrs. F. S. Beardsley, Republican, Topeka.....	600

(The Adjutant-General has charge of the State militia during times of peace, and organizes the volunteer troops in times of war.)

STATE SOCIETY OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

President, Joseph Magrath, Kansas City, Kan.

Vice-President, Lewis Voss, Leavenworth.

Secretary, W. L. A. Johnson, Populist, Kansas City, Kan..... \$1,500

Assistant Secretary, B. P. Scott, Republican, Junction City..... 1,200

Stenographer, W. L. Holcomb, Populist, El Dorado..... 720

Legislative Committee: Chairman, W. J. Blaine, Hutchinson; Secretary, F. J. Roth, Atchison, W. H. McCluskey, Yale.

(This society, which was created by a law passed by the special session of the Legislature, 1898, takes the place of what was formerly known as the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The law takes the department out of politics and places it in the hands of the laboring-men of the State. The labor organizations elect delegates to the annual meeting of the society, and they elect the officers. The Secretary of the society is State Labor Commissioner and State Factory Inspector. In general his duties consist of looking after and protecting the labor interests of the State, enforcing labor laws, inspecting factories, collecting and publishing labor statistics, etc. He also conducts in his office a free labor employment bureau. He appoints his own stenographer, but the other officers are elected by the society. This is the only law of its kind in the Union, and labor leaders generally are watching with interest the experiment of the laboring-men themselves conducting their own State department. The expenses of the department are paid from the general revenue fund of the State.)

STATE ASSOCIATION OF MINERS.

President, Joseph Forsyth, Frontenac.

Vice-President, John T. Pratt, Leavenworth.

Secretary, Edward Keegan, Chicopee..... \$1,500

Deputy (not yet appointed) 900

(This society was also created by the special session of the Legislature. It bears the same relation to the mining industry that the Labor Society does to labor or the Agricultural Board does to agriculture. The miners' organizations elect delegates to the annual meetings of the society, and the society elects its officers. The Secretary is State Mine Inspector, and is the virtual head of the department. The expenses of the department are paid by State funds.)

LIVE-STOCK SANITARY COMMISSION.

President, M. C. Campbell, Republican, Wichita..... \$5 per day.

Secretary, Taylor Riddle, Populist, Marion..... \$5 per day.

F. H. Chamberlain, Republican, Sedan..... \$5 per day.

(This board makes rules and regulations intended to protect the live-stock interests of the State.)

STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

President, T. A. Hubbard, Republican, Rome.

Vice-President, Edwin Taylor, Populist, Edwardsville.

Treasurer, Edwin Snyder, Republican, Oskaloosa.

Secretary, F. D. Coburn, Republican, Kansas City..... \$2,000

Chief Clerk, E. W. Longshore, Republican, Topeka..... 1,200

Assistant Clerk, J. C. Mohler, Republican, Topeka..... 1,000

Stenographer, Herbert Robison, Republican, Topeka 720

Members of the Board: W. E. Stanley (*ex officio*); Geo. A. Clark (*ex officio*); T. M. Potter, Peabody; A. W. Smith, Groveland; I. L. Diesem, Garden City; J. H. Churchill, Dodge City; Geo. W. Crane, Macgraw; Chas. E. Sutton, Russell; Geo. W. Hanna, Clay Center; Geo. W. Glick, Atchison; Ed. R. Smith, Mound City; J. T. Cooper, Fredonia.

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

President, Eugene F. Ware, Topeka.

Vice-President, Geo. W. Martin, Kansas City, Kan.

Second Vice-President, Grant Harrington, Hiawatha.

Treasurer, John Guthrie, Topeka.

Secretary, F. G. Adams, Topeka..... \$1,500

Cataloguer, Zu Adams, Topeka..... 720

Library Assistant, Esmeralda Lasher, Topeka..... 600

Stenographer, Grace Darlow, Topeka..... 480

Filing and Binding Clerk, George A. Root, Topeka..... 600

Accession Clerk, Lucy S. Greene, Leecompton..... 240

Translator, Charles M. Foster, Topeka.

STATE LIBRARY.

State Librarian, Mrs. Annie L. Diggs, Populist, Topeka..... \$1,600

Assistant Librarian, J. E. Latimer, Populist, Pleasanton..... 900

Assistant Librarian, J. L. King, Republican, Topeka..... 900

<i>Clerk</i> , Miss Lena McLallin, Populist, Topeka.....	\$600
<i>Guard</i> , Wm. Fuel, Republican, Lawrence.....	600

STATE PRINTING OFFICE.

<i>State Printer</i> , W. Y. Morgan, Republican, Hutchinson.....	Fees.
--	-------

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

<i>President</i> , E. M. Hoover, Halstead.....	
<i>Secretary</i> , H. Z. Gill, Topeka.....	\$1,000
<i>Stenographer</i> , Ina S. Colburn, Topeka.....	420
<i>Chemist</i> , J. T. Lovewell, Topeka.....	
<i>Sanitary Adviser</i> , S. W. Williston, Lawrence.....	
<i>Bacteriologist</i> , Paul Fischer, Manhattan.....	
<i>Civil Engineer</i> , F. O. Marvin, Lawrence.....	

Other Members of the Board: F. Cole, Garden City; M. F. Trivett, Eskridge; W. C. Hamilton, Topeka; A. M. Eldson, Topeka; G. Bohrer, Chase; H. E. Potter, Clifton.

STATE PENITENTIARY, LANSING.

<i>Director</i> , Jno. S. Gilmore, Republican, Fredonia.....	\$400
<i>Director</i> , E. A. McFarland, Republican, Lincoln.....	400
<i>Director</i> , T. E. Ballinger, Republican, Burlington.....	400
<i>Warden</i> , Joseph Tomlinson, Republican, Minneapolis.....	2,500
<i>Deputy Warden</i> , Frank W. Gable, Populist, Leavenworth.....	1,500
<i>Chief Clerk</i> , Fred. Barnes, Republican, Junction City.....	1,200
<i>Physician</i> , E. W. Doan, Populist, Columbus.....	1,400

STATE REFORMATORY, HUTCHINSON.

<i>Director</i> , Phil Kelly, Republican, White Cloud.....	\$3 per day.
<i>Director</i> , T. J. O'Neil, Democrat, Osage City.....	\$3 per day.
<i>Director</i> , Wm. J. Lingenfelter, Populist, Wellington.....	\$3 per day.
<i>Superintendent</i> , J. S. Simmons, Republican, Dighton.....	\$2,000

STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

<i>President</i> , Fred Wellhouse, Topeka.....	
<i>Vice-President</i> , J. W. Robison, El Dorado.....	
<i>Treasurer</i> , Major Frank Holsinger, Rosedale.....	
<i>Secretary</i> , William H. Barnes, Topeka.....	\$1,200
<i>Assistant Secretary</i> , Lottie L. Barnes, Topeka.....	600
<i>Entomologist</i> , Percy J. Parrott, Manhattan.....	
<i>Trustees</i> —E. J. Holman, Leavenworth; B. F. Smith, Lawrence; F. L. Kenoyer, Independence; Geo. M. Munger, Eureka; William Cutter, Junction City; E. D. Wheeler, Ogallah; Geo. W. Bailey, Wellington.....	

OFFICIAL STATE PAPER.

<i>Topeka Daily Capital</i> ; Proprietor, D. W. Mulvane; Editor, Harold T. Chase; Business Manager, Dell Keizer; News Editor, J. F. Jarrell.....	
--	--

STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

J. A. Houx, Populist, Columbus.
 F. B. Lawrence, Populist, El Dorado.
 T. S. Hatfield, Republican, Marysville.
 H. M. Dillman, Girard.

Compensation, \$5 per day and expenses for each day actually engaged.

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

John T. Moore, Populist, Lawrence.
 W. C. Johnson, Populist, Manhattan.
 W. E. Sheriff, Populist, Ellsworth.
 No compensation.

STATE GRAIN INSPECTION.

State Grain Inspector, A. E. McKnight, Republican, Kansas City, Kan., \$1,200

(The State Grain Inspector has charge of the inspection of all grain handled in the State. He has about fifty deputies under him. The Deputy Inspectors receive \$75 per month, and the Deputy Weighmasters \$50 per month.)

STATE OIL INSPECTION.

State Oil Inspector, S. O. Spencer, Republican, Fort Scott..... \$1,500
Deputy Inspector, A. C. Husey, Republican, Wichita..... 900
Deputy Inspector, G. L. Weldy, Republican, Galena..... 900
Deputy Inspector, Carl Allaman, Republican, Leavenworth..... 900

(The Oil Inspection Law was amended by the last Legislature so as to include gasoline. The State Oil Inspector has general charge of the entire department of oil inspection. Aside from the three general deputies, he has under him nearly ninety local Deputy Inspectors, who receive 25 per cent. of the fees they collect.)

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

President, Frank Nelson, State Superintendent.
Secretary, D. W. Little, Republican, Sharon Springs.
Members: A. R. Taylor, Emporia; Thos. E. Will, Manhattan; F. H. Snow, Lawrence; Guy P. Benton, Baldwin; W. M. Massey, Belle Plaine; A. H. Bushey, Peabody.

(Actual expenses.)

STATE TEXT-BOOK COMMISSION.

President, Frank Nelson, State Superintendent.
Secretary, W. J. Hurd, Holton.
Other Members: S. W. Black, Pittsburg; A. V. Jewett, Abilene; S. I. Hale, La Crosse; J. W. Spindler, Winfield; F. P. Smith, Lawrence; S. M. Nees, Independence; A. H. Lupfer, Larned.

(The members of the Commission receive \$5 per day and actual expenses. Sessions of the Commission are held upon call of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.)

STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

President, Grant Hornaday, Republican, Fort Scott..... \$1,200
Secretary, R. Vincent, Republican, Washington..... 1,200
Treasurer, G. W. Kanavel, Republican, Sedgwick..... 1,200

<i>Member</i> , Edwin Snyder, Republican, Oskaloosa.....	\$1,200
<i>Member</i> , Pat. Dolan, Populist, Salina.....	1,200
(Actual expenses not to exceed \$500 for each member.)	

INSANE ASYLUM, TOPEKA.

<i>Superintendent</i> , T. C. Biddle, Republican, Emporia.....	\$1,500
--	---------

INSANE ASYLUM, OSAWATOMIE.

<i>Superintendent</i> , L. L. Uhls, Republican, Paola.....	\$1,500
--	---------

REFORM SCHOOL, TOPEKA.

<i>Superintendent</i> , W. S. Hancock, Republican, Montrose.....	\$1,000
--	---------

INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE DEAF AND
DUMB, OLATHE.

<i>Superintendent</i> , H. C. Hammond, Republican, Chicago, Illinois.....	\$1,500
---	---------

INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE BLIND,
KANSAS CITY.

<i>Superintendent</i> , Lapier Williams, Republican, Kansas City.....	\$1,000
---	---------

KANSAS ASYLUM FOR IDIOTIC AND IMBECILE YOUTH,
WINFIELD.

<i>Superintendent</i> , C. S. Newlon, M. D., Republican, Altamont.....	\$1,000
--	---------

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, BELOIT.

<i>Superintendent</i> , Mrs. Phœbe J. Baer, Populist, Baldwin.....	\$800
--	-------

SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' HOME, ATCHISON.

<i>Superintendent</i> , W. H. H. Young, Republican, Oskaloosa.....	\$1,000
--	---------

STATE SOLDIERS' HOME, DODGE CITY.

<i>Board of Managers</i> : T. N. Hancock, Republican, President, Olathe; J. A. Davis, Silver Republican, Secretary, Topeka; Geo. Burton, Republican, Treasurer, Hallowell.	
--	--

(\$3 per day and actual expenses.)

<i>Commandant</i> , S. Stoddard, Republican, Lyons.....	\$1,200
<i>Quartermaster</i> , S. H. Thomas, Republican, Ellsworth.....	800
<i>Surgeon</i> , Dr. James Hawkins, Republican, Dodge City.....	1,000

COMMISSION TO LOCATE A NEW ASYLUM.

The Legislature of 1899 passed a law to establish a new insane asylum, and the following members were appointed as a commission on location: Senators Anderson, Lewelling, Fulton and Zimmer, and Representatives Moore, Conrad, Wright, Bigham and Reeder.

STATE FISH WARDEN.

<i>Warden</i> , George W. Wiley, Republican, Meade.....	\$1,000
---	---------

STATE FORESTRY STATION.

Commissioner, R. M. Wright, Republican, Dodge City..... \$1,000

ACADEMY OF SCIENCE.

Curator, B. B. Smyth, Republican, Topeka..... \$720

DEPARTMENT OF KANSAS, G. A. R.

Commander, O. H. Coulter, Republican, Topeka.

STATE BOARDS.

Executive Council.—The Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, Attorney-General, and Superintendent of Public Instruction.

State Fund Commissioners.—Secretary of State, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Attorney-General.

State Board of Equalization.—Secretary of State, State Auditor, and State Treasurer.

State Board of Canvassers.—Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, and Attorney-General.

Charter Board.—Attorney-General, Chairman; Secretary of State, and State Bank Commissioner.

Treasury Examining Board.—Governor, State Auditor, and Secretary of State.

Fiscal Agency.—National Bank of the Republic, New York city.

State Land Office.—Geo. E. Cole, State Auditor, *ex officio* Register.

Stocking Fund Commissioners.—Governor, Secretary of State, and Auditor of State.

Board of Railroad Assessors.—Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer of State, Auditor of State, and Attorney-General.

State Agent at Washington.—W. W. Martin, Fort Scott.

STATE HOUSE EMPLOYES.

Custodian, John Dudley, Republican, Topeka..... \$1,200

Engineer, A. H. Nooney, Republican, Topeka..... 1,000

Assistant Engineer, Frank Dinwiddle, Republican, Albert..... 900

Assistant Engineer, W. P. Wilcox, Republican, Emporia..... 900

Assistant Engineer, F. H. Roper, Republican, Topeka..... 900

Fireman, Andrew Vester, Republican, Topeka..... 600

Fireman, T. E. Nordell, Republican, Gove City..... 600

Fireman, N. J. Washington, Republican, Dana..... 600

Fireman, Wm. Holland, Republican, Fort Scott..... 600

Fireman, Fred. Grosgene, Republican, Scott..... 600

Fireman, Frank Ryan, Republican, Hiawatha..... 600

Night Watch, Thos. Stanley, Republican, Junction City..... 800

Night Watch, J. W. Chandler, Republican, Clearwater..... 600

State House Guide, W. F. Fisher, Republican, New Chillicothe..... 300

Janitor, Wm. Johnson, Republican, Wichita..... 600

Janitor, Lum Cox, Republican, Olathe..... 600

<i>Janitor</i> , Henry Fuel, Republican, Lawrence.....	\$600
<i>Janitor</i> , Arch. Bigbee, Republican, Carbondale.....	600
<i>Janitor</i> , Rufus Knott, Republican, Topeka.....	600
<i>Janitor</i> , John Smith, Republican, Pittsburg.....	600
<i>Janitor</i> , A. T. Allen, Republican, Topeka.....	600
<i>Janitor</i> , T. H. Etherly, Republican, Topeka.....	600
<i>Janitor</i> , Toliver Bird, Republican, Topeka.....	600
<i>Messenger</i> , Thos. Dillon, Republican, Topeka.....	600
<i>Messenger</i> , Wm. Sharp, Republican, Topeka.....	600

STATE MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The Governor is commander-in-chief of the military forces of the State. The Adjutant-General is the Governor's chief of staff, and is practically the head of the military department. He looks after all the routine duties. The Adjutant-General occupies the same relation to the Governor, in the military department, that the private secretary does to the Governor, in the executive department.

GOVERNOR'S STAFF.

<i>Adjutant-General</i> , S. M. Fox, Republican, Manhattan	\$1,500
<i>Assistant Adjutant-General</i> , F. Charlesworth, Republican, Beloit	900
<i>Paymaster-General</i> , Harry L. Robinson, Republican, Topeka.	
<i>Judge Advocate-General</i> , C. J. Garver, Republican, Wellington.	
<i>Aide-de-Camp</i> , A. F. Williams, Republican, Columbus.	
<i>Aide-de-Camp</i> , Frank O. Davidson, Republican, Wichita.	
<i>Aide-de-Camp</i> , Arthur W. Eagan, Republican, Hutchinson.	

MILITARY BOARD.

<i>President</i> , Brigadier-General J. W. F. Hughes, Republican, Topeka.
<i>Recorder</i> , Adjutant-General S. M. Fox, Republican, Manhattan.
<i>Judge Advocate General</i> , C. J. Garver, Republican, Wellington.
<i>Colonel</i> , P. M. Hoisington, Republican, Newton.

KANSAS NATIONAL GUARD.

<i>Brigadier-General</i> , J. W. F. Hughes, Topeka.
<i>Colonel</i> , First Regiment, Wilder S. Metcalf, Lawrence.
<i>Lieutenant-Colonel</i> , C. S. Flanders, Paola.
<i>Major</i> , David McClure, Lawrence.
<i>Colonel</i> , Second Regiment, P. M. Hoisington, Newton.
<i>Lieutenant-Colonel</i> , R. A. Campbell, Hutchinson.
<i>Major</i> , Edd Hayes, Wellington.
<i>Major</i> , W. W. Minick, Wichita.

(Receive compensation only when in active service, and then the same pay as relative positions in the regular army. Colonel Metcalf and Lieutenant-Colonel Flanders of the First Regiment are in Manila on a leave of absence, being with the Twentieth Kansas.)

KANSAS SCHOOL MATTERS.

Kansas is justly proud of her educational institutions. They afford splendid opportunities for the young men and women of the State to secure a good education right at home. In addition to the State University at Lawrence, the State Normal at Emporia and the State Agricultural College at Manhattan, there are a number of denominational colleges and private normals of high educational work. Among the more important of these are the following: Baker University, Baldwin; Washburn College, Topeka; Ottawa University, Ottawa; Emporia College, Emporia; Bethany College, Lindsborg; The Southwestern College, Winfield; Fairmount College, Wichita; Friends University, Wichita; Campbell University, Holton; Kansas Wesleyan University, Salina; Central Normal College, Great Bend; McPherson College, McPherson; Midland College, Atchison; Salina Normal, Salina; St. Marys College, St. Marys; and St. Johns Military School, Salina. The State is also fortunate in having a number of splendid business colleges that rank among the very best throughout the country. The high schools of the State also constitute an important feature of the educational work. The high schools are located as follows: Effingham, Atchison county; Chapman, Dickinson county; Tribune, Greeley county; Altamont, Labette county; Wellington, Sumner county; Colby, Thomas county; Independence, Montgomery county. A number of counties are considering the advisability of erecting county high schools.

The high grade work done by the city high schools should also be taken into consideration in forming a correct estimate of the educational merits of the State. Many of these high schools have been accredited by the State University, so that their graduates are admitted to the freshman class of the University without examination. In this way the city high schools become feeders of the University.

The rural schools are growing and developing from year to year. They are under the direct supervision of the county superintendents. Educational meetings are held in the townships and districts in the various counties. The county associations also hold regular monthly meetings in many counties throughout the State. In this way deep interest in educational matters is created and the work of the schools is kept actively before the people. A law was passed by the last Legislature making educational qualifications for the county superintendents, and this will raise the standard of education among the rural schools. The qualifications for the teachers are also very rigid, and every possible effort is made to secure the very best instruction for the boys and girls of Kansas. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction is at the head of the educational interests of the State, and keeps in close communication with the county superintendents and their work. As president of the State Board of Education, he is kept in close touch with the colleges and State institutions. The people of Kansas take a deep interest in educational work, and there are few States in the Union that do more for the cause of popular education than Kansas.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, EMPORIA.

President, A. R. Taylor, Emporia.

Board of Regents: S. H. Dodge, Republican, Beloit; F. S. Larabee, Republican, Stafford; E. A. Ross, Republican, Burr Oak; A. H. Turner, Repub-

Ilean, Chanute; John Madden, Populist, Emporia; J. S. McGrath, Populist, Beloit; J. H. Ritchie, Populist, Cherryvale.

STATE UNIVERSITY, LAWRENCE.

Chancellor, F. H. Snow, Lawrence.

Board of Regents: Chas. F. Scott, Republican, Iola; Frank G. Crowell, Republican, Atchison; J. W. Forney, Republican, Belle Plaine; Henry S. Clarke, Populist, Lawrence; J. P. Sams, Populist, Seneca; Wm. Rogers, Populist, Washington.

STATE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, MANHATTAN.

President, Thos. E. Will, Manhattan.

Board of Regents: Wm. Hunter, Republican, Blue Rapids; J. M. Satterthwaite, Republican, Douglass; E. T. Fairchild, Republican, Ellsworth; Carl Vrooman, Populist, Parsons; J. S. McDowell, Republican, Smith Centre; Thos. Yoe, Republican, Independence.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

<i>Judge Circuit Court</i> , Amos M. Thayer, Democrat, St. Louis, Mo.....	\$6,000
<i>Judge Circuit Court</i> , Walter H. Sanborn, Republican, St. Paul, Minn.	6,000
<i>Judge Circuit Court</i> , Henry C. Caldwell, Rep., Little Rock, Arkansas.	6,000
<i>Judge U. S. District Court</i> , W. C. Hook, Republican, Leavenworth....	5,000
<i>U. S. District Attorney</i> , I. E. Lambert, Republican, Emporia.....	4,500
<i>Assistant District Attorney</i> , Harry E. Bone, Republican, Ashland.....	2,000
<i>U. S. Marshal</i> , W. E. Sterne, Republican, Topeka.....	4,000
<i>Assistant Marshal</i> , Don M. Willitts, Republican, Fredonia.....	1,500
<i>Clerk Circuit Court</i> , Geo. F. Sharritt, Republican, Topeka, (fees) limit,	3,500
<i>Clerk U. S. District Court</i> , Frank L. Brown, Rep., Garnett (fees) limit,	3,500

KANSAS SUPREME COURT.

<i>Chief Justice</i> , Frank Doster, Populist, Marion.....	\$3,000
<i>Associate Justice</i> , W. A. Johnston, Republican, Minneapolis.....	3,000
<i>Associate Justice</i> , Wm. R. Smith, Republican, Kansas City.....	3,000
<i>Clerk</i> , John Martin, Democrat, Topeka.....	2,000
<i>Deputy Clerk</i> , Felix J. Fritch, Populist, Independence.....	1,000
<i>Record Clerk</i> , Herbert Armstrong, Republican, Topeka.....	800
<i>Stenographer</i> , Chas. H. Morton, Republican, Topeka.....	720
<i>Copyist</i> , Miss Grace Foulks, Republican, Topeka.....	720
<i>Reporter Supreme Court</i> , T. E. Dewey, Republican, Abilene.....	2,000
<i>Assistant Reporter</i> , Harry T. Williams, Republican, Topeka.....	1,000
<i>Assistant Reporter</i> , Wm. J. Morse, Republican, Kansas City, Kansas..	1,000
<i>Assistant Reporter</i> , J. A. Young, Republican, Emporia.....	1,000
<i>Stenographer to Judge Doster</i> , Humbert Riddle, Populist, Marion....	1,200
<i>Stenographer to Judge Johnston</i> , Wm. A. Smith, Republican, Topeka..	1,200
<i>Stenographer to Judge Smith</i> , Miss Grace McGrew, Rep., Kansas City..	1,200

COURTS OF APPEALS.

The State is divided into two departments, viz.: The Northern and Southern, each department being divided into three divisions, viz.: In the Northern Department, Eastern Division, sitting at Topeka; Central, sitting at Concordia; Western, sitting at Colby. In the Southern Department, sittings are held at Fort Scott, Wichita, and Garden City. Each department is presided over by a court composed of three Judges, as follows:

NORTHERN DEPARTMENT.

<i>Presiding Judge</i> , John H. Mahan, Populist, Abilene	\$2,500
<i>Associate Judge</i> , Abijah Wells, Republican, Seneca	2,500
<i>Associate Judge</i> , S. W. McElroy, Populist, Oberlin	2,500
<i>Clerk Eastern Division</i> , W. H. Thompson, Democrat, Topeka	1,500
<i>Clerk Central Division</i> , W. H. Gates, Populist, Concordia	1,500
<i>Clerk Western Division</i> , P. J. Goss, Populist, Colby	1,500

SOUTHERN DEPARTMENT.

<i>Presiding Judge</i> , A. W. Dennison, Populist, El Dorado	\$2,500
<i>Associate Judge</i> , Manford Schoonover, Democrat, Garnett	2,500
<i>Associate Judge</i> , B. F. Milton, Populist, Dodge City	2,500
<i>Clerk Eastern Division</i> , W. O. Champe, Populist, Fort Scott	1,500
<i>Clerk Central Division</i> , W. A. Ayres, Populist, Wichita	1,500
<i>Clerk Western Division</i> , E. J. Westgate, Populist, St. John	1,500

COURT OF VISITATION.

<i>Presiding Judge</i> , W. A. Johnson, Republican, Garnett	\$2,500
<i>Associate Judge</i> , J. C. Postlethwaite, Republican, Mankato	2,500
<i>Associate Judge</i> , L. S. Crum, Republican, Oswego	2,500
<i>Solicitor</i> , A. J. Myatt, Republican, Wichita	2,500
<i>Clerk</i> , J. M. Mickey, Republican, Osage City	1,200

(This is the new railroad court created by the special session of 1898. Its jurisdiction extends over railroads, telegraph and express companies in the State. It is a new departure in the system of State control of public utilities.)

DISTRICT COURTS.

The State is divided into thirty judicial districts, each presided over by a judge, whose salary is \$2,500 per annum. The names of the District Judges, together with their districts, follow:

- First District*.—Leavenworth; L. A. Myers, Populist, Leavenworth.
Second District.—Atchison; W. T. Bland, Republican, Atchison.
Third District.—Shawnee; Z. T. Hazen, Republican, Topeka.
Fourth District.—Douglas, Franklin and Anderson; Samuel A. Riggs, Democrat, Lawrence.
Fifth District.—Colby, Lyon and Chase; William A. Randolph, Democrat-Populist, Emporia.
Sixth District.—Bourbon, Crawford and Linn; Walter L. Simons, Republican, Fort Scott.
Seventh District.—Allen, Neosho, Wilson and Woodson; L. Stillwell, Republican, Erie.
Eighth District.—Geary, Dickinson, Morris and Marion; Oscar L. Moore, Republican, Abilene.

Ninth District.—Reno, Harvey and McPherson; Matthew P. Simpson, Republican, McPherson.

Tenth District.—Johnson and Miami; John T. Burris, Democrat, Olathe.

Eleventh District.—Cherokee, Labette and Montgomery; A. H. Skidmore, Republican, Columbus.

Twelfth District.—Cloud, Republic and Washington; F. W. Sturgis, Republican, Concordia.

Thirteenth District.—Chautauqua, Elk, Greenwood and Butler; C. W. Shinn, Populist, El Dorado.

Fifteenth District.—Mitchell, Osborne, Jewell and Smith; R. M. Pickler, Republican, Smith Centre.

Seventeenth District.—Phillips, Norton, Decatur, Rawlins and Cheyenne; A. C. T. Geiger, Populist, Oberlin.

Eighteenth District.—Sedgwick; D. M. Dale, Democrat, Wichita.

Nineteenth District.—Sumner and Cowley; W. T. McBride, Democrat, Wellington.

Twentieth District.—Rice, Barton and Stafford; Ansel R. Clark, Populist, Sterling.

Twenty-first District.—Riley, Marshall and Clay; W. S. Glass, Democrat, Marysville.

Twenty-second District.—Doniphan, Brown and Nemaha; Wm. I. Stuart, Republican, Troy.

Twenty-third District.—Ellis, Trego, Gove, Logan, Russell and Wallace; Lee Monroe, Republican, Wakeeney.

Twenty-fourth District.—Harper, Barber, Kingman and Pratt; P. B. Gillett, Republican, Kingman.

Twenty-ninth District.—Wyandotte; H. L. Alden, Republican, Kansas City.

Thirtieth District.—Ottawa, Saline, Ellsworth and Lincoln; R. F. Thompson, Republican, Minneapolis.

Thirty-first District.—Comanche, Clark, Meade, Gray, Ford and Kiowa; Francis C. Price, Republican, Ashland.

Thirty-second District.—Seward, Stevens, Morton, Haskell, Grant, Stanton Finney, Kearny and Hamilton; W. E. Hutchinson, Republican, Garden City.

Thirty-third District.—Edwards, Pawnee, Rush, Hodgeman, Ness, Lane, Scott, Wichita and Greeley; J. E. Andrews, Democrat-Populist, LaCrosse.

Thirty-fourth District.—Rooks, Graham, Sheridan, Thomas and Sherman; Charles W. Smith, Republican, Stockton.

Thirty-fifth District.—Pottawatomie, Wabaunsee and Osage; William Thomson, Republican, Burlingame.

Thirty-sixth District.—Jefferson and Jackson; C. F. Johnson, Republican, Oskaloosa.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Wyandotte, W. G. Holt, Republican, Kansas City.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Legislature is composed of two branches, the Senate and House of Representatives. The Senate is composed of 40 members and the House of 125 members. The State Senators are elected for a term of four years, the Representatives for a term of two years. The compensation of the members of the Senate and House is mileage and \$2 per day while the Legislature is actually in session. The term of regular sessions of the Legislature is limited to fifty days, special sessions (called by the Governor) to thirty days. The compensation of legislative employes is \$2 per day, with the exception of the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House, both of whom receive \$3 per day. The Senate is presided over by the Lieutenant-Governor. The House is presided over by the Speaker, who is elected by the members. The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House receive \$6 per day during the time the Legislature is in session. Following are the present members of the Legislature:

THE SENATE.

- First District*—John A. Fulton, Republican, Sabetha.
Second District—R. S. Andrews, Republican, Pardee.
Third District—James C. Stone, People's Party, Leavenworth.
Fourth District—Henry Zimmer, Democrat, Kansas City.
Fifth District—Chas. F. Johnson, Republican, Oskaloosa.
Sixth District—W. B. Crossan, People's Party, Paola.
Seventh District—J. N. Caldwell, People's Party, Garnett.
Eighth District—E. T. Shaffer, People's Party, Fulton.
Ninth District—W. H. Ryan, People's Party, Brazilton.
Tenth District—Moses A. Householder, People's Party, Columbus.
Eleventh District—George Campbell, People's Party, Oswego.
Twelfth District—Henry W. Young, People's Party, Independence.
Thirteenth District—Hugh P. Farrelly, Democrat, Chanute.
Fourteenth District—G. H. Lamb, Republican, Yates Center.
Fifteenth District—Herbert F. Sheldon, People's Party, Ottawa.
Sixteenth District—H. G. Jumper, People's Party, Melvern.
Seventeenth District—T. J. Anderson, Republican, Topeka.
Eighteenth District—Albert Loring Coleman, Republican, Centralia.
Nineteenth District—Fred. A. Stocks, Republican, Blue Rapids.
Twentieth District—J. C. Morrow, Republican, Haddam.
Twenty-first District—John E. Hessin, Republican, Manhattan.
Twenty-second District—Geo. W. Hanna, People's Party, Clay Center.
Twenty-third District—Richmond T. Battey, Republican, Florence.
Twenty-fourth District—James T. Braddock, People's Party, Madison.
Twenty-fifth District—William F. Benson, People's Party, Chelsea.
Twenty-sixth District—Jason Helmick, People's Party, Cloverdale.
Twenty-seventh District—Louis P. King, People's Party, Tannehill.
Twenty-eighth District—A. G. Forney, People's Party, Belle Plaine.
Twenty-ninth District—Lorenzo D. Lewelling, People's Party, Wichita.
Thirtieth District—Royal Matthews, Republican, McPherson.
Thirty-first District—James A. Reser, People's Party, Salina.
Thirty-second District—R. B. Ward, Republican, Belleville.

Thirty-third District — Anson S. Cooke, People's Party, Beloit.
Thirty-fourth District — Wesley B. Helm, People's Party, Ellsworth.
Thirty-fifth District — John Armstrong, People's Party, Great Bend.
Thirty-sixth District — Frank C. Field, People's Party, Pretty Prairie.
Thirty-seventh District — Andrew J. Titus, People's Party, Anthony.
Thirty-eighth District — Arthur H. Lupfer, People's Party, Larned.
Thirty-ninth District — Levi Pritchard, People's Party, Hill City.
Fortieth District — Dan. Hart, People's Party, Norton.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

First District — Ed. Heeney, Republican, Severance.
Second District — John Seaton, Republican, Atchison.
Third District — I. B. Wilcox, Fusion, Muscotah.
Fourth District — W. A. Coy, Republican, Oskaloosa.
Fifth District — B. F. Marks, Valley Falls.
Sixth District — Sherman Medill, Republican, Springdale.
Seventh District — F. B. Dawes, Republican, Leavenworth.
Eighth District — Matt. Edmonds, Fusion, Fairmount.
Ninth District — J. S. Edwards, Republican, Kansas City.
Tenth District — David D. Hoag, Republican, Kansas City.
Eleventh District — H. A. Bailey, Republican, Argentine.
Twelfth District — T. L. Hogue, Republican, Olathe.
Thirteenth District — A. Henley, Republican, Lawrence.
Fourteenth District — W. F. Osborn, Republican, Baldwin.
Fifteenth District — W. S. Finley, Republican, Williamsburg.
Sixteenth District — John T. Baker, Republican, Lane.
Seventeenth District — J. B. Remington, Republican, Osawatomie.
Eighteenth District — R. G. Mendenhall, Republican, LaCygne.
Nineteenth District — J. G. Rees, Republican, Greeley.
Twentieth District — John Francis, Republican, Colony.
Twenty-first District — D. F. Campbell, Republican, Fort Scott.
Twenty-second District — J. M. Goodno, Fusion, Bronson.
Twenty-third District — E. Loomis, Fusion, Girard.
Twenty-fourth District — Fred B. Wheeler, Fusion, Pittsburg.
Twenty-fifth District — Jacob Fogle, Fusion, Scammon.
Twenty-sixth District — Geo. W. Wheatley, Republican, Galena.
Twenty-seventh District — Geo. W. Gabriel, Fusion, Parsons.
Twenty-eighth District — T. J. Flannelly, Republican, Chetopa.
Twenty-ninth District — F. M. Benefiel, Republican, Coffeyville.
Thirtieth District — H. W. Conrad, Republican, Independence.
Thirty-first District — L. B. Keifer, Republican, Chanute.
Thirty-second District — N. P. Willits, Republican, Fredonia.
Thirty-third District — H. A. Nichols, Republican, Buffalo.
Thirty-fourth District — J. B. Sweet, Republican, Burlington.
Thirty-fifth District — P. E. Gregory, Republican, Lyndon.
Thirty-sixth District — S. L. Heberling, Republican, Overbrook.
Thirty-seventh District — A. L. Brooke, Republican, North Topeka.
Thirty-eighth District — W. C. Stephenson, Republican, Topeka.

Thirty-ninth District—E. D. McKeever, Republican, Topeka.
Fortieth District—A. R. Oursler, Republican, Circleville.
Forty-first District—H. A. Smith, Republican, Willis.
Forty-second District—Geo. P. Hayden, Republican, Wetmore.
Forty-third District—M. M. Haskin, Fusion, Frankfort.
Forty-fourth District—R. B. Moore, Republican, Oketo.
Forty-fifth District—T. J. Richardson, Republican, Havensville.
Forty-sixth District—Geo. T. Polson, Republican, Winkler.
Forty-seventh District—C. W. Spurlock, Republican, Junction City.
Forty-eighth District—Wm. M. Rinehart, Republican, Eskridge.
Forty-ninth District—L. R. Wright, Fusion, Emporia.
Fiftieth District—Chas. Harris, Republican, Emporia.
Fifty-first District—Robert B. Anderson, Republican, Hamilton.
Fifty-second District—L. Scott, Republican, Howard.
Fifty-third District—J. K. Tulloss, Republican, Sedan.
Fifty-fourth District—A. H. Abrams, Republican, Arkansas City.
Fifty-fifth District—Ed. Jaquins, Fusion, Winfield.
Fifty-sixth District—J. B. Adams, Republican, El Dorado.
Fifty-seventh District—F. P. Gillisple, Fusion, Towanda.
Fifty-eighth District—H. C. Snyder, Republican, Clements.
Fifty-ninth District—E. R. Burkholder, Republican, Hillsboro.
Sixtieth District—W. R. Bigham, Republican, White City.
Sixty-first District—Emil Grosser, Republican, Enterprise.
Sixty-second District—W. S. Bradbury, Republican, Broughton.
Sixty-third District—S. S. Longley, Republican, Greenleaf.
Sixty-fourth District—F. N. Woodward, Belleville.
Sixty-fifth District—Wm. T. Short, Republican, Concordia.
Sixty-sixth District—R. R. Rees, Republican, Minneapolis.
Sixty-seventh District—S. J. Osborn, Republican, Salina.
Sixty-eighth District—G. F. Grattan, Republican, McPherson.
Sixty-ninth District—J. A. Welch, Republican, Burton.
Seventieth District—W. J. Babb, Fusion, Wichita.
Seventy-first District—J. W. Adams, Republican, Wichita.
Seventy-second District—Wm. J. Anderson, Fusion, Cheney.
Seventy-third District—James Lawrence, Republican, Wellington.
Seventy-fourth District—Cyrus Newman, Fusion, Caldwell.
Seventy-fifth District—W. F. Coulson, Republican, Harper.
Seventy-sixth District—C. W. Fairchild, Fusion, Kingman.
Seventy-seventh District—W. C. Millar, Republican, Lake City.
Seventy-eighth District—S. R. Kutz, Republican, Iuka.
Seventy-ninth District—J. A. DeBard, Fusion, Turon.
Eightieth District—Z. L. Wise, Republican, Hutchinson.
Eighty-first District—T. S. Elder, Fusion, St. John.
Eighty-second District—Isom Wright, Fusion, Great Bend.
Eighty-third District—A. J. Godshalk, Republican, Alden.
Eighty-fourth District—L. H. Seaver, Republican, Ellsworth.
Eighty-fifth District—Theo. Ackerman, Republican, Russell.
Eighty-sixth District—A. J. Stanley, Republican, Colbert.
Eighty-seventh District—T. C. Rodgers, Fusion, Beloit.

Eighty-eighth District — A. W. Hefley, Republican, Downs.
Eighty-ninth District — J. W. Bogenrief, Republican, Red Cloud, Neb.
Ninetieth District — D. P. McClaren, Fusion, Smith Centre.
Ninety-first District — Gilman Carle, Republican, Dana.
Ninety-second District — E. E. Smith, Fusion, Stockton.
Ninety-third District — M. M. Fuller, Republican, Ellis.
Ninety-fourth District — M. C. Hallett, Republican, Rush Center.
Ninety-fifth District — A. A. Thorp, Republican, Larned.
Ninety-sixth District — W. N. Beezley, Republican, Kinsley.
Ninety-seventh District — E. F. Reser, Republican, Greensburg.
Ninety-eighth District — C. F. Biddle, Republican, Coldwater.
Ninety-ninth District — Lot Ravenscraft, Fusion, Ashland.
One Hundredth District — David Swinehart, Fusion, Dodge City.
One Hundred First District — John Irving, Republican, Jetmore.
One Hundred Second District — D. O. Tenny, Republican, Bazine.
One Hundred Third District — Alfred Lawson, Fusion, Wakeeney.
One Hundred Fourth District — Jerome Shoup, Fusion, Hill City.
One Hundred Fifth District — Milton B. Pogue, Republican, Edmond.
One Hundred Sixth District — Frank Reeder, Fusion, Oberlin.
One Hundred Seventh District — A. B. Shoemaker, Republican, Lucerne.
One Hundred Eighth District — E. C. Prather, Fusion, Grinnell.
One Hundred Ninth District — R. W. Bowman, Fusion, Colby.
One Hundred Tenth District — S. C. Martin, Fusion, Atwood.
One Hundred Eleventh District — Josiah Crosby, Fusion, Bird City.
One Hundred Twelfth District — A. A. Shelley, Republican, Goodland.
One Hundred Thirteenth District — H. F. Geissler, Republican, Oakley.
One Hundred Fourteenth District — W. E. Ward, Republican, Sharon Sp'gs.
One Hundred Fifteenth District — Geo. L. Reid, Republican, Tribune.
One Hundred Sixteenth District — John H. Scott, Republican, Leoti.
One Hundred Seventeenth District — J. C. Starr, Ind. P. P., Scott City.
One Hundred Eighteenth District — D. B. King, Fusion, Shields.
One Hundred Nineteenth District — H. F. Mason, Republican, Garden City.
One Hundred Twentieth District — G. F. Johnston, Republican, Lakin.
One Hundred Twenty-first District — T. H. Ford, Republican, Syracuse.
One Hundred Twenty-second District — J. N. Elwood, Republican, Zionville.
One Hundred Twenty-third District — John Harper, Republican, Cimarron.
One Hundred Twenty-fourth District — Geo. W. Wiley, Republican, Meade.
One Hundred Twenty-fifth District — Charles Wright, Fusion, Hugoton.

SENATE STANDING COMMITTEES.

Judiciary.—Senators Crossan, Farrelly, Campbell, Stone, Ryan, Shaffer, Hessin, Coleman, Lamb.

Ways and Means.—Senators Forney, Stone, Sheldon, Field, Lewelling, Pritchard, Hanna, Stocks, Anderson.

Elections.—Senators Young, Benson, Cooke, Coleman, Fulton.

Federal Relations.—Senators Shaffer, Helmick, Sheldon, Morrow, Battey.

Railroads.—Senators King, Lewelling, Householder, Jumper, Stone, Helmick, Farrelly, Johnson, Battey.

Assessment and Taxation.—Senators Benson, Braddock, Caldwell, Matthews, Ward.

Fees, Scholarships and Mileage.—Senators Jumper, Armstrong, Hart, Matthews, Andrews.

Municipal Indebtedness.—Senators Lewelling, Pritchard, Armstrong, Ryan, Shaffer, Fulton, Lupfer.

Corporations.—Senators Campbell, Benson, Titus, Lamb, Ward.

Agriculture and Irrigation.—Senators Stone, Hanna, King, Cooke, Helm, Jumper, Braddock, Andrews, Morrow, Fulton.

Manufactures and Industrial Purposes.—Senators Braddock, Crossan, Forney, Hessin, Johnson.

Banks and Insurance.—Senators Farrelly, Campbell, Zimmer, Johnson, Battey.

Penal Institutions.—Senators Armstrong, Stone, Helm, Reser, Battey.

Charitable Institutions.—Senators Householder, Caldwell, Campbell, King, Anderson, Johnson, Coleman.

Misc and Menial.—Senators Ryan, Jumper, Householder, Matthews, Fulton.

State Affairs.—Senators Helm, Lewelling, Zimmer, Battey, Fulton.

County Seats and Lines.—Senators Hart, Lupfer, Cooke, Hessin, Morrow.

Public Health.—Senators Reser, Crossan, Hart, Matthews, Hessin.

Roads and Bridges.—Senators Caldwell, Pritchard, Helmick, Matthews, Ward.

Military Affairs and Claims.—Senators Helmick, Hart, Titus, Anderson, Andrews.

Temperance.—Senators Lamb, Forney, Sheldon, Hanna, Coleman.

Printing.—Senators Cooke, Young, Crossan, Stocks, Morrow.

Public Buildings.—Senators Pritchard, Armstrong, Helmick, Anderson, Morrow.

Cities of the Second and Third Class.—Senators Sheldon, Reser, Titus, Johnson, Stocks.

Education and Educational Institutions.—Senators Titus, Lupfer, Hart, Ryan, Benson, Young, Coleman, Lamb, Andrews.

Cities of the First Class.—Senators Zimmer, Lewelling, Shaffer, Field, Stone, Anderson, Hessin.

Enrolled Bills.—Senators Field, Farrelly, Caldwell, Coleman, Andrews.

District Apportionment.—Senators Lupfer, Helm, Ryan, Zimmer, Braddock, Young, Stocks, Ward, Andrews.

Engrossed Bills.—Senators Hanna, Pritchard, Reser, Ward, Lamb.

HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEES.

Judiciary.—McKeever, Chairman; Mason, Dawes, Lawrence, Grattan, WELLS, Seaver, Beezley, Adams of Sedgwick, Campbell, Wheeler, Babb, Hayden, Wise, Flannelly.

Judiciary Local.—Gregory, Chairman; Wheatley, Bailey, Fuller, Read, Harper, Hoag, Fairchild, Wheeler.

Ways and Means.—Henley, Chairman; Brooke, Remington, Scott of Elk, Coy, Francis, Gresser, Kefer, Bigham, Rees of Ottawa, Lawrence, Ackerman, Godshalk, Wilcox, Bradbury, Jaquins, Harris.

State Affairs.—Francis, Chairman; Remington, Rinehart, Moore, Polson, Fairchild, Wright of Morton.

Assessment and Taxation.—Grosser, Chairman; Wiley, Anderson of Greenwood, Flannelly, Beezley, Short, Gillispie, DeBard, Finley.

Railroads.—Seaton, Chairman; Hoag, Coy, Heeney, Grosser, Tulloss, Longley, King, Bowman, McClaren, Bigham, Willits, Shoemaker, Mendenhall, Mason, Johnson, Rees of Ottawa.

Education.—Grattan, Chairman; Stanley, Carl, Kutz, Adams of Butler, Osborn of Douglas, Marks, Prather, DeBard.

Agriculture.—Sweet, Chairman; Edwards, Millar, Woodward, Bogenrief, Gregory, Crosby, Jaquins.

Horticulture and Forestry.—Hallett, Chairman; Pogue, Shoemaker, Polson, Scott of Wichita, Swinehart, Newman.

Charitable Institutions.—Mendenhall, Chairman; Welch, Osborn of Douglas, Abrams, Richardson, Gabriel, Wright of Lyon.

Temperance.—Polson, Chairman; Abrams, Burkholder, Seaver, Bogenrief, Prather, Swinehart.

Hygiene and Public Health.—Shelley, Chairman; Osborn of Douglas, Johnston, Reser, Kutz, Gabriel, Marks.

Manufacturing.—Hoag, Chairman; Stephenson, Scott of Elk, Nichols, Ackerman, Haskins, McClaren.

Mines and Mining.—Wheatley, Chairman; Anderson of Greenwood, Medill, Wise, Rees of Anderson, Campbell, Heberling, Edmonds, Fogle, Loomis, Gregory, Conrad, Smith of Brown.

Insurance.—Biddle, Chairman; Hogue, Mendenhall, Tulloss, Sweet, Nichols, Babb, Elder, Swinehart.

Federal Relations.—Kutz, Chairman; Coy, Smith of Brown, Baker, Benefiel, Edmonds, Martin.

Militia.—Thorp, Chairman; Hefley, Crosby, McClaren, Tenny, Mason, Harris.

Municipal Corporations.—Beezley, Chairman; McKeever, Oursler, Henley, Conrad, Marks, Gabriel.

Municipal Indebtedness.—Short, Chairman; Grosser, Rees of Ottawa, Hefley, Ackerman, Wright of Lyon, Shoup.

Educational Institutions.—Stanley, Chairman; Short, Tenny, Burkholder, Gabriel, Brooke, Wheeler.

Banks and Banking.—Giessler, Chairman; Welch, Finley, Adams of Butler, Smith of Brown, Richardson, Marks, Haskins, Burkholder.

Private Corporations.—Willits, Chairman; Rees of Anderson, Heeney, Rodgers, Wheeler, Harris, Tenny.

Roads and Highways.—Longley, Chairman; Medill, Baker, Snyder, Anderson of Greenwood, Rinehart, Bowman, Lawson, Wright of Morton.

Fees and Salaries.—Burkholder, Chairman; Reser, Wiley, Coulson, Stanley, Ward, Shoup, Reeder, Goodno.

Claims and Accounts.—Remington, Chairman; Stephenson, Abrams, Spurlock, Tenny, Lawson, Goodno.

Printing.—Harris, Chairman; Ward, Hefley, Starr, Harper, Elder, Reeder, Reid, Fuller, Godshalk, Rinehart, King, Shoup.

Peace Institutions.—Flannelly, Chairman; Hogue, Snyder, Nichols, Smith of Brown, Conrad, Moore, Woodward, Rees of Ottawa, Biddle, Wright of Barton, Smith of Rooks, Martin.

Political Rights of Women.—Wise, Chairman; Henley, Scott of Elk, Ackerman, Elwood, Gillespie, Wheeler.

Public Lands.—Wiley, Chairman; Oursler, Flannelly, Keifer, Moore, Anderson of Sedgwick, Newman.

Public Buildings and Grounds.—Adams of Sedgwick, Chairman; Welch, Irving, Ford, Coulson, Elder, Smith of Rooks.

State Library.—Bigham, Chairman; Remington, Wheatley, Sweet, Short, Edmonds, Fogle.

Engrossed Bills.—Scott of Wichita, Chairman; Kutz, Elwood, Harper, Shelley, Ravenscraft, Anderson of Sedgwick.

Enrolled Bills.—Adams of Butler, Chairman; Campbell, Flannelly, Willis, Richardson, Gillespie, Haskins.

Judicial Apportionment.—Seaver 30, Chairman; Medill 1, Wilcox 2, McKeever 3, Finley 4, Wright of Lyon 5, Loomis 6, Keifer 7, Spurlock 8, Grattan 9, Hogue 10, Fogle 11, Woodward 12, Gillespie 13, Henley 15, Reeder 17, Anderson of Sedgwick 18, Newman 19, Wright of Barton 20, Bradbury 21, Hayden 22, Frasier 23, Coulson 24, Bailey 29, Ravenscraft 31, Wright of Morton 32, Thorp 33, Shoemaker 34, Heberling 35.

NOTE.—Numbers following the names indicate the judicial district the member is from.

Labor.—Snyder, Chairman; Heeney, Medill, Edwards, Tulloss, Nichols, Fogle, Smith of Rooks, Bowman.

Legislative Apportionment.—Henley, Chairman; Elwood, Pogue, Spurlock, Oursler, Heberling, Benefiel, Rees of Anderson, Beezley, Wright of Barton, King, Swinehart, Babb.

Congressional Apportionment.—Brooke, Chairman; Irving, Mendenhall, Scott of Elk, Sweet, Bigham, Bradbury, Woodward, Fuller, Wilcox, Goodno, Gillespie, Martin.

Cities of the First Class.—Dawes, Chairman; Campbell, Stephenson, Seaton, Edwards, Adams of Sedgwick, Wise.

Cities of the Second Class.—Bailey, Chairman; Wheatley, Harris, Richardson, Bradbury, Wright of Lyon, Haskins.

Cities of the Third Class.—Carl, Chairman; Hayden, Grattan, Hallett, Godshalk, Edmonds, Wright of Barton.

Elections.—Lawrence, Chairman; Hayden, Abrams, Carl, Fuller, Fairchild, DeBard, Goodno, Bailey.

County Lines and County Seats.—Starr, Chairman; Reid, Thorp, Nichols, Anderson of Greenwood, Baker, Reeder, King, Rodgers.

Rules.—Campbell, Chairman; Brooke, Benefiel, Mason, Hallett, Jaquins, Babb.

Supervision of the Journal.—Ward, Chairman; Dawes, Millar, Mason, Irving, Ravenscraft, DeBard.

Immigration.—Smith of Brown, Chairman; Pogue, Longley, Elwood, Thorp, Wilcox, Smith of Rooks.

Mileage.—Stephenson, Chairman; Carl, Wiley, Lawson, Loomis, Edwards, Tulloss.

Telegraphs and Telephones.—Hogue, Chairman; Keifer, Adams of Butler, Rees of Ottawa, Bogenrief, Fairchild, Wright of Morton.

Irrigation.—Ford, Chairman; Biddle, Beezley, Scott of Wichita, Ackerman, Bogenrief, Shelley, Shoemaker, Ward, Marks, Jaquins, Shoup, Martin.

Employés of the House.—Baker, Chairman; Adams of Butler, Seaver, Irving, Prather, Rodgers, Oursler.

Live Stock.—Millar, Chairman; Ford, Snyder, Biddle, Pogue, Longley, Spurlock, Crosby, Ravenscraft.

PRINCIPAL SENATE OFFICERS, 1899.

Secretary, J. W. Morphy, Populist, Topeka.

Sergeant-at-Arms, T. D. Gassaway, Populist, Columbus.

Doorkeeper, C. P. James, Populist, Beloit.

PRINCIPAL HOUSE OFFICERS, 1899.

Chief Clerk.—Chas. E. Lobdell, Republican, Kansas City.

Sergeant-at-Arms.—W. A. Thompson, Republican, Topeka.

Doorkeeper.—F. S. Johnson, Republican, Barnes.

SPECIAL SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The special session of the Legislature was called by Governor John W. Leedy, a few weeks before retiring from office, for the avowed purpose of enacting railroad legislation. It convened December 21, 1898, pursuant to the Governor's call, and continued in session until January 9, 1899. It enacted thirty-four bills into law. Of these, one was the new railroad law, creating the Court of Visitation, a telegraph, express, miners', labor society, and other laws of a similar nature. The constitutionality of the special session was questioned by the Attorney-General and State Auditor, but was sustained by the Supreme Court in a mandamus proceeding brought by Senator Hugh P. Farrelly to compel the payment of his salary as State Senator. Following is a complete list of the bills passed by the special session, all of which were signed by Governor Leedy:

HOUSE BILL 1—To create a Court of Visitation.

SENATE BILL 31—To tax foreign insurance companies four per cent. on Kansas premiums, and American companies, not organized under the Kansas laws, two per cent. on Kansas premiums.

HOUSE BILL 3—To repeal the metropolitan police law.

HOUSE BILL 7—To create a Court of Common Pleas for Crawford and Cherokee counties.

HOUSE BILL 90—To appropriate \$6,000 for legislative expenses.

HOUSE BILL 42—To require annual settlements to be made by township treasurers with township boards.

HOUSE BILL 72—To appropriate \$30,000 for legislative expenses.

HOUSE BILL 30—To create a State Society of Labor and Industry, with a secretary, who shall perform the duties now devolving upon the State Labor Commissioner.

SENATE BILL 22 — To require the clerk of Shawnee county district court to pay to the county treasurer the stenographer's fees.

SENATE BILL 34 — To provide for the future maintenance of the Sumner county high school.

SENATE BILL — To amend section 254, chapter 63, Statutes of 1889, which establishes a code of civil procedure.

SENATE BILL 5 — To create a State Association of Miners, with a secretary who shall perform the duties now devolving upon the State Mine Inspector.

SENATE BILL 7 — To legalize certain tax sales in Seward county.

SENATE BILL 26 — To provide for the assessment and collection of taxes.

HOUSE BILL 41 — To provide for the organization of associations for the purpose of insuring growing crops against damage and destruction from hail.

HOUSE BILL 8 — To require that 500 members shall be necessary to secure a charter for a grand lodge of any fraternal beneficiary society; and to place all such societies under the control of the State Superintendent of Insurance.

HOUSE BILL 48 — To fix the fees of the official county papers of Rawlins, Cheyenne and Norton counties.

HOUSE BILL 35 — To vacate a part of the city of Kinsley.

HOUSE BILL 86 — To amend the stockyards law so as to require the Stockyards Company to base its charges for feed on the wholesale market price, instead of the retail price.

SENATE BILL 6 — To legalize the records of Kearny county.

HOUSE BILL 9 — To permit Geo. Irwin and W. P. Humphrey, of Syracuse, to avail themselves of the provisions of the pharmacy law.

HOUSE BILL 27 — To provide for the improvement of public roads in Phillips county.

SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 8 — To reduce the tolls of telegraph companies.

SENATE BILL 10 — To perpetuate the State School-Book Commission.

HOUSE BILL 24 — To determine ties in elections in cities of the second class.

HOUSE BILL 66 — To repeal the law creating the Board of Railroad Commissioners.

HOUSE BILL 91 — To place certain small sums of money in the general revenue fund of the State.

HOUSE BILL 23 — To provide for the election of city attorney and city assessor in cities of the second class.

HOUSE BILL 29 — To place express companies under the control of the Court of Visitation.

HOUSE BILL 23 — To place certain small sums of money in the general revenue fund of the State.

SENATE BILL 21 — To reduce fees of the State Printer.

SENATE BILL 12 — To place the fire and police departments of Kansas City, Kan., under a board of commissioners.

SENATE BILL 45 — To make appropriation for miscellaneous purposes.

SENATE BILL 44 — To provide for the election of Insurance Superintendent.

THE LEGISLATURE OF 1899.

The Legislature of 1899 passed 334 bills. Of these, about 100 were bills of a general nature, about 30 appropriation bills, and the others were special and local bills, relating principally to the disorganization of school districts and the vacation of additions, streets and alleys.

The total appropriations of the Legislature were \$3,873,090. Of this amount, \$440,000 was for deficiencies and \$444,500 for new buildings and repairs at the various State institutions.

The receipt from the various State departments, exclusive of taxes, for the two years beginning June 1 will be about \$537,485. This sum deducted from the total appropriations leaves \$3,335,605, the amount to be raised by taxation. The last valuation of taxable property was \$330,000,000. It is estimated that the valuation of the State this year (1899) will be raised to \$350,000,000. The 5-mill levy fixed by the Legislature on this valuation will raise \$3,500,000. The total appropriations deducted from the amount of revenues leaves a surplus of \$164,395.

The levy of 1897 was 4.2 mills. The Legislature of 1899 found it necessary to increase the levy four-fifths of a mill in order to meet the deficiencies. This does not include, of course, the quarter-mill special levy for the completion of the State House.

FOR STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Following are the appropriations for the several State institutions:

	1900.	1901.
Blind Institution.....	\$23,694	\$21,344
Deaf and Dumb Institution.....	49,090	42,090
Forestry Station.....	3,820	3,820
Asylum for Imbecile Youth, Winfield.....	52,460	52,460
Girls' Industrial School.....	34,410	39,410
Soldiers' Orphans' Home.....	34,890	34,890
Reformatory, Hutchinson.....	102,315	95,015
Normal School, Emporia.....	45,500	45,500
Osawatomie Asylum.....	186,494	186,494
Penitentiary.....	236,791	230,415
State Boards.....	45,000	45,000
State Soldiers' Home.....	44,400	44,200
Executive and Judicial.....	330,000	330,000
Topeka Insane Asylum.....	179,360	138,310
Reform School, Topeka.....	64,754	43,254
University of Kansas.....	140,000	155,000
Agricultural College, Manhattan.....	59,000	50,000

FOR NEW BUILDINGS.

Following are the appropriations for new buildings and equipments:

New Insane Asylum.....	\$100,000
Topeka Insane Asylum.....	30,000
Winfield Imbecile Asylum.....	40,000
State University (Chemistry).....	55,000

Topeka Reform School.....	\$21,500
Osawatimie Insane Asylum.....	50,000
Beloit Girls' School.....	25,000
Agricultural College.....	25,000
Hutchinson Reformatory.....	72,000
Olathe Deaf and Dumb School.....	1,000
Normal School.....	20,500
Penitentiary brick plant.....	4,500

GENERAL BILLS.

Following are the bills of a general nature passed by the Legislature of 1899:

AN ACT establishing a binding-twine plant at the State Penitentiary.

AN ACT prohibiting the operation of bucketshops and dealing in "futures" of every description.

AN ACT placing building and loan associations under the supervision of the Bank Commissioner.

AN ACT providing for State uniformity of high-school books.

AN ACT establishing a new insane asylum.

AN ACT to amend section 6 of chapter 106 of the Session Laws of 1895.

AN ACT authorizing the owner of land not in an incorporated city to lay maintain and operate natural-gas pipes for the purpose of furnishing the residents with light and fuel.

AN ACT relating to the regulation and support of public schools in cities of the first class.

AN ACT to encourage and aid the W. R. C. of Kansas, in the maintenance of the Mother Blekerdyke Home, at Ellsworth.

AN ACT providing for public parks in cities of the first class.

AN ACT making two judicial districts out of the First Judicial District; and making Leavenworth the First District and Jefferson and Jackson counties the Thirty-sixth.

AN ACT to compel the payment of wages in lawful money of the United States, and prohibiting the use of scrip.

AN ACT relating to public buildings in cities of the first class, between 32,000 and 40,000 population, and providing for the issuance of bonds for their erection.

AN ACT providing for the macadamizing of roads in the vicinity of the penitentiary by the convicts under the control of the warden.

AN ACT fixing the boundary-line between the counties of Shawnee and Jefferson.

AN ACT to authorize school districts to levy a tax to pay high-school tuition.

AN ACT changing the terms of court in the Seventh Judicial District.

AN ACT removing political disabilities of all ex-Confederate soldiers.

AN ACT providing for the transfer of cases from one division of the Court of Appeals to another.

AN ACT reorganizing the State militia.

AN ACT authorizing the issuance of three-years teachers' certificates and life-certificates to graduates of educational institutions having an approved course of study.

AN ACT providing for mutual hail insurance.

AN ACT to amend section 1 of chapter 85 of the Session Laws of 1891, relating to the appropriation of lands.

AN ACT repealing chapter 160 of the Session Laws of 1897, relating to the assignment of real-estate mortgages.

AN ACT for the appropriation of interest received from the permanent fund of the Kansas Agricultural College.

AN ACT providing for the condemnation of lands for the storage of water.

AN ACT providing for the taxation of insurance contracts made with insurance companies not authorized to do business in Kansas.

AN ACT amending the law relating to fraternal beneficiary societies.

AN ACT for the protection of hotels and boarding-house keepers against dead-beats.

AN ACT enabling county commissioners to appropriate money to prevent the diversion of the waters of the Arkansas river.

AN ACT to change the time of the commencement of terms of county superintendents.

AN ACT providing punishment in cases of sale of chattel-mortgaged property.

AN ACT regulating the output of prison coal.

AN ACT relating to the drawing and impaneling of jurors.

AN ACT permitting foreign guardians to institute and defend suits in the courts of Kansas.

AN ACT fixing the time for the regular meetings of the boards of county commissioners in counties where the population does not exceed 25,000.

AN ACT providing a Grand Army museum in the State Capitol building.

AN ACT to authorize the State to issue \$150,000 in bonds to create a revolving fund for the binding-twine plant.

AN ACT regulating the issuance of pardons.

AN ACT authorizing votes by proxy of policy-holders in mutual life insurance companies.

AN ACT concerning the election of county printer in certain counties.

AN ACT legalizing the acts of the State Auditor and State Treasurer in paying for the raising of volunteer troops, in the Spanish-American War.

AN ACT prohibiting combinations and trusts in restraint of trade.

AN ACT to enable subordinate lodges to own and control real property.

AN ACT amending section 27 of chapter 74 of the Laws of 1897, relating to the fees to be collected by the State Superintendent of Insurance.

AN ACT concerning embezzlement.

AN ACT permitting inmates of the State Soldiers' Home to vote at Fort Dodge.

AN ACT relating to the improvement of streets in second-class cities.

AN ACT providing for the disorganization of townships.

AN ACT providing for the qualifications of county superintendents.

AN ACT providing for assessment and taxation of property.

AN ACT providing a bounty upon coyote and wolf scalps.

AN ACT relating to the sale of real estate under judicial process.

AN ACT in relation to fire-guards in the western counties of the State.

AN ACT regulating the jurisdiction of and procedure before justices of the peace.

AN ACT creating a traveling library.

AN ACT relating to the probaton of wills.

AN ACT relating to assessment in cities of the first class for the purpose of public improvements.

AN ACT fixing fees and salaries of county officers.

AN ACT providing for the sinking of escape-shafts at coal mines.

AN ACT providing for a State-House custodian.

AN ACT fixing the terms of court in the Thirty-first District.

AN ACT to amend section 3, chapter 85 of Laws of 1895.

AN ACT to submit to the voters at the next election the proposition to increase the number of judges of the Supreme Court to seven.

AN ACT to reimburse corporations and people who advanced money to make a Kansas display at the Omaha fair.

AN ACT providing for the holding of courts in the Twenty-second Judicial District.

AN ACT to amend section 63 of chapter 268 of the Laws of 1887.

AN ACT relating to the disorganization of partially depopulated school districts.

AN ACT making a levy for the completion of the State House.

AN ACT providing for the rigid inspection of coal oil and gasoline.

AN ACT authorizing township officers to purchase land and erect township halls.

AN ACT relating to the district courts, and civil procedure.

AN ACT amending the old law concerning the support of the common schools.

AN ACT to establish a new chemistry building at the University.

AN ACT creating a colored industrial school at Quindaro.

AN ACT providing for a fish warden.

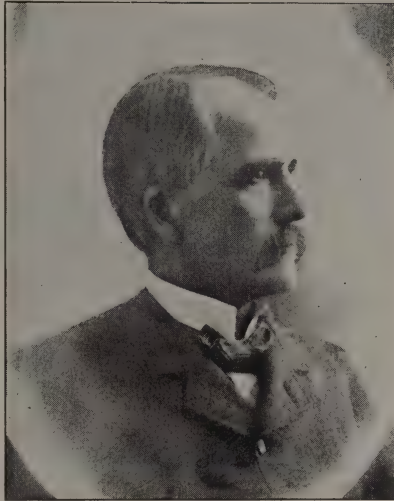
AN ACT providing for the leasing of unoccupied school lands.

AN ACT for the correction of defective patents for State lands.

AN ACT providing for a Kansas history.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

STATE OFFICERS.



W. E. STANLEY, Governor.

Governor W. E. Stanley is a native of Ohio. He spent his boyhood in Hardin county, and he is the third Kansas Governor this Ohio county has furnished. Both Carney and Green came from Ohio. Governor Stanley moved from Ohio to Jefferson county, Kansas, in 1870, and lived there until 1872, when he moved to Wichita. While Governor Stanley has never been in any sense a politician, he has always taken an active part in affairs, and is to-day one of the most positive and refreshing forces in the public affairs of the State.

He has always been singularly fortunate in his official ambitions, and has never been defeated for office. During his brief residence in Jefferson county, as a young lawyer, he served the people in the capacity of County Attorney, and also served in Sedgwick county three terms (1874, 1876, and 1878) in this same capacity. During Governor Morrill's term, he offered Mr. Stanley a place on the Court of Appeals. Governor Stanley has been successful in the practice of law. He is rated as the leading member of the bar in his section of the State, and his practice was one of the largest in the State.

He was married in 1876 to Miss Emma L. Hills, of Wichita. Mr. and Mrs. Stanley have three children — two sons and a daughter. He is fifty-three years of age.



H. E. RICHTER, Lieutenant-Governor.

One of the most popular officials of the present administration is Lieutenant-Governor Harry E. Richter. Though Mr. Richter has dallied with politics for the past twenty years, yet he is a representative of the successful business men of the State.

Senator-Governor Richter was born at Vermilion, O., on April 23, 1847. He spent his boyhood days on the farm. At the age of sixteen he enlisted in the Union army, and continued in the service until the close of the war. He returned to Ohio after the war, and engaged in business until 1870, when he came to Kansas. He settled at Council Grove and went into the drug business, in which he remained until 1876, when he was elected Sheriff of Morris county. He retired from that office in 1880 and reengaged in the drug business. In 1881 Mr. Richter was appointed member of the Board of Penitentiary Directors, and held that position for eight years. He was chairman of the board for several years. In 1888 he was elected State Senator from the Morris-Chase-Marion district, and upon the expiration of his term entered the lower house of the Legislature. He was a member of the "Douglass House" of 1893. During the legislative war Senator Richter was one of the strongest supporters of the legal House, and his advice and counsel were worth much to the Republicans. In 1895 he was chosen Mayor of Council Grove. The Republican State Convention of 1896 nominated him for Lieutenant-Governor, but he went down in the silver landslide along with the Morrill administration and of the Kansas Republican Congressman. In 1898, at the Hutchinson convention, he was again nominated for this position, and was elected by a good majority. He presided over the Senate during the last session of the Legislature, and made one of the most prominent presiding officers that body ever had. He is the State agent of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.



GEO. A. CLARK, Secretary of State.

George A. Clark, Secretary of State, was born in Mexico, Mo., in 1856. He received a common-school education, supplementing it by a thorough education in the printing-office. He was the editor of the Wellsville (Mo.) *Bazoo* until burned out, October 29, 1878. He spent that winter at Columbia, Mo., and moved to Kansas the following spring, locating first at Leavenworth. His first work in Kansas was on the Leavenworth *Times*. He was put on a "case," and "stuck" type for several days. He afterward came to Topeka, and was foreman of the Topeka *Commonwealth* for six years. Here he married Miss Minnie O. Bacon, in 1882, two children, both girls, being the fruits of the marriage.

In 1884 Mr. Clark moved to Junction City, and bought the *Republican*, his first issue appearing September 5. He has been a successful newspaper man, is a practical printer, and is just the man for the office he now holds. His office in the State House is the home of the Kansas newspaper men who congregate at the State Capitol, one of whom now takes pleasure in paying tribute to the genial disposition and the sterling worth of George Clark. He is an honor to the State that has honored him. Mr. Clark has never held but two public offices,—his present one, and that of member of the State Board of Charities under the Governor Morrill administration. In both positions he has proved to be a wise, efficient and painstaking public official. He has taken a prominent part in the affairs of his party for many years.



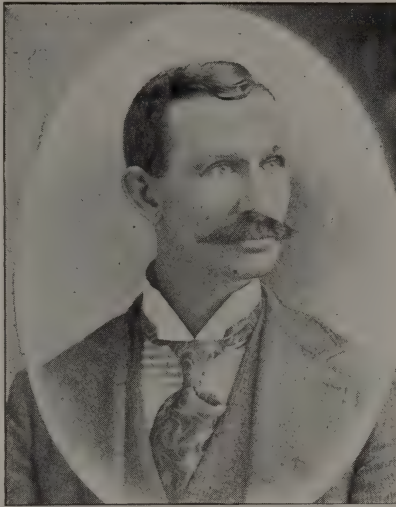
GEORGE E. COLE, State Auditor.

George E. Cole, Auditor of State, was born at Freeport, Illinois, about forty-five years ago. Shortly after he had attained the age of thirteen years, he came with his parents to Kansas and settled in Crawford county, where he has lived for more than thirty years. The early life of Mr. Cole was spent upon a farm, except when, like "Cincinnatus of old," he has been called from the farm to serve the people in a higher and more responsible position. In 1887 the Republicans of Crawford county, having confidence in the integrity and ability of Mr. Cole, nominated and elected him County Clerk, and re-elected him for a second term. Shortly after the expiration of his second term as County Clerk, he was elected president of the School Board of Girard, which position he held for a number of years.

Having served the people of Crawford county and the southeastern part of the State faithfully and merited their confidence and respect, in 1894 he was nominated and elected Auditor of State. In this position more than any other Mr. Cole has shown such sterling qualities and good judgment that he is popularly regarded all over the State as being the best Auditor Kansas has ever had. The management of the affairs of the people in the Auditor's office under the first administration of Mr. Cole, during the years 1895-6, was done so systematically and honestly that in 1898 there was an almost universal demand for his nomination and election; so that in compliance with the demand, the convention nominated him, and he was elected by a handsome majority.

Mr. Cole is a gentleman of comprehensive judgment, careful and conservative. He is most assiduous in devoting his time to the duties and responsibilities of the office to which he has been elected by the people.

Mr. Cole owns several farms in Crawford county, and a beautiful home at Girard, which is presided over by Mrs. Geo. E. Cole, a most estimable and cultured lady. He has an interesting family.



FRANK E. GRIMES, State Treasurer.

Frank E. Grimes, Treasurer of the State of Kansas, is a native of Ohio,—that State that has been so prolific of public men,—having been born in Greenville, Darke county, thirty-nine years ago.

Mr. Grimes received a common-school education, supplemented by a brief course in bookkeeping and commercial law; but he was obliged to labor when quite young, to support himself and his widowed mother.

Concluding that the West offered better opportunities, he moved to Iowa and later to Kansas, settling in Wichita county in 1887, and engaged in farming and dealing in real estate.

He has always been active in politics, and has been honored by various offices. In 1889 he was elected Register of Deeds of Wichita county, and reelected in 1891. Declining a third term as Register, his people elected him to the Legislature in 1894, and again in 1896. Mr. Grimes at once took a prominent place in the Legislature, being one of the leaders of the majority during his first term, and the pronounced leader of the minority during the second.

In the summer of 1898 Mr. Grimes entered the lists as a candidate before the Republican State convention for the nomination of State Treasurer. Although other good and able men also contended for the position, he carried off the palm, and was elected in November by a handsome majority. During that exciting campaign his "sleepless" proclivities did his party good service.

His politics are simply told. He is a straight Republican, and he has implicit faith in the ability of that party to solve successfully every State and national problem of the day.

Mr. Grimes has a wife and three children, and is very proud of them. He has also given a home and a father's care to the orphaned child of an early friend, and is rearing him to a respectable manhood.



A. A. GODARD, Attorney-General.

Attorney-General A. A. Godard is a Pennsylvanian by birth, having been born in Bradford county, that State. He acquired a good common-school education in his native town, and supplemented it with an academic and legal education at the Syracuse University, in New York. He came to Kansas in 1879, and practiced law at Holton for two years. He then moved to Clay Center, where he practiced until 1893, when he removed to Topeka and opened an office. Under the Morrill administration he was Attorney-General Dawes's first assistant. The Republican State Convention at Hutchinson in 1898 nominated him for Attorney-General, and he was elected by a handsome majority. He is an efficient State officer, and is making a good record. He is a member of the law firm of Valentine, Godard & Valentine, of Topeka. The senior member of the firm, Judge Valentine, was a judge of the Kansas Supreme Court for eighteen years.



FRANK NELSON, State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

State Superintendent Frank Nelson was born at Andover, Illinois, December 14, 1865. When he was two years old his parents moved to Swedesburg, Iowa. His father died in 1874. Young Nelson worked on the farm during the summer and attended district school in the winter. In 1885 he entered Howe's Academy, at Mount Pleasant, Iowa. When leaving home to battle his way through the world, he was practically without means, and worked his way through school by strict economy and untiring efforts. Securing a teacher's certificate, Mr. Nelson taught school a number of terms, and afterward entered the Southern Iowa Normal, at Bloomfield, and graduated from this institution in June, 1889. In the fall of the same year he entered the State University of Iowa, completing the normal and philosophical courses, graduating in 1892. While Mr. Nelson was a student he helped to pay his tuition by doing janitor work about the college buildings, and by working on Saturdays. He took first prize in the University oratorical contest. In September, 1892, Prof. Nelson came to Kansas, and was made Dean of the Normal Department of Bethany College, at Lindsborg.

Supt. Nelson began his political career while he was a student. In Iowa he has done campaign work in the State at large, and especially for Congressmen Hepburn, Lacey, and Gear, the last-named now being United States Senator. In 1896 Prof. Nelson devoted at least three months to the stump in Kansas, and, yielding to the demands for his services, he finally consented to give two weeks to the cause of Republicanism in Iowa, Nebraska and Illinois under the direction of the National Republican Committee. In the political field Prof. Nelson has long been known as an effective vote-getter, and the fact that he had the largest plurality of any candidate upon the Republican State ticket last fall is an evidence of his popularity and strength as a vote-getter. Mr. Nelson is the youngest man among the State officers, and is devoting himself to the work intrusted to his hands with a degree of energy and earnestness that will surely bring results of the greatest importance to the educational interests of the State.



W. V. CHURCH, State Superintendent of Insurance.

W. V. Church, who was appointed State Superintendent of Insurance by Governor Stanley, was born in Fort Ann, New York, in 1853. His parents moved to Michigan in the same year, where Mr. Church lived until he was twenty-one years old. He then moved to Marion county, Kansas, in 1875, and settled in Peabody, where he became associated with the late Hon. F. H. Kollock in the law, land and insurance business. In 1876 Mr. Church became editor of the *Peabody Gazette*, succeeding his brother, John P. Church, who founded that paper; and while he has since been engaged in other business, he has always had a taste for newspaper work, and has never tried to escape its fascinations. Coming of intensely patriotic stock, Mr. Church has always had a deep interest in the political affairs of his State and country. He has always been a pronounced Republican, and has been active in advancing the cause of his party. In 1893 he was nominated for County Clerk of Marion county by acclamation, and was elected by a large majority. In 1895 he was reelected. As a county official he enjoyed the confidence and respect of all.

Last fall he was made chairman of the county Republican central committee. In this capacity he did good work. Marion county gave the Republican ticket nearly nine hundred majority last fall. The county has never been lost to the party. After the last election the Marion county Republicans were strong in their conviction that they were justified in asking for an important place under Governor Stanley's administration. Believing this, they "went after it" just as they go after Republican majorities—all at once and all together. With promptness and harmony they settled upon their candidate, and with unbroken unity and perseverance they urged his appointment. In due time Mr. Church was appointed Superintendent of Insurance, and on his forty-sixth birthday anniversary his appointment was confirmed by the Senate.



W. L. A. JOHNSON, State Labor Commissioner.

State Labor Commissioner W. L. A. Johnson, whose technical title is Secretary of the State Society of Labor and Industry, was born in Leavenworth county, January 19, 1863. He is proud in the distinction of being a native of the "Sunflower State." Mr. Johnson was married in 1888 to Miss Mary Ellen Morrison, daughter of John L. Morrison, a prominent farmer and stock-raiser of Marionville, Mo. They have three sons. Mr. Johnson is a boilermaker by trade. His public career in the labor movement began in 1884, when, as a member of the Knights of Labor, he became prominent as a leader in that organization. In 1891 the organization of his trade extended west, and he immediately identified himself with the Brotherhood of Boilermakers. He organized the first district board and system grievance committee of the Federated Metal Trades on the Santa Fe road, and was its first general chairman. He was elected a delegate to the National Convention of Boilermakers in 1891, and again in 1892, when he was elected Grand Vice-President. In 1893 he was elected Grand President of the National Brotherhood, with headquarters in Kansas City.

He was appointed Commissioner of Labor of the State of Kansas, in 1897. Under his able management the Labor Bureau has been brought up from one of insignificance to one of prime importance in portraying the manifold interests of the State. Mr. Johnson is a laboring-man himself, and prominent in union circles. He is familiar with the needs of labor, and a student of the conditions and relations that exist between labor and capital. The investigations carried on in his thirteenth annual report, touching on taxation, water, light and gas franchises, wage-earners, manufacturers, and natural resources, brought forth the highest encomiums from the press, the public, and students of economics generally. The election of Mr. Johnson as State Labor Commissioner under the new law, of which he is the author, is a fitting recognition of his services in behalf of the laboring-men of the State.



W. Y. MORGAN, State Printer.

W. Y. Morgan, who was elected State Printer by the Legislature of 1899, is one of the most popular men in Kansas politics. He was born at Cincinnati, Ohio, April 6, 1866. His parents are Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Morgan, of Cottonwood Falls. In 1871 Mr. Morgan, with his parents, came to Kansas, locating at Cottonwood Falls, where the elder Mr. Morgan began the publication of the *Chase County Leader*, which he still owns. W. Y. Morgan graduated from his father's printing office, also from the State University at Lawrence. He did his first daily newspaper work in Lawrence as city editor of the *Herald, Tribune*, and *Journal*. In 1888 he bought the *Strong City Republican*, which he sold in 1892 and bought the *Emporia Daily Gazette*. In 1895 Will. White wanted the *Gazette* worse than he did, so he sold to him and went to Hutchinson, where Morgan now edits the *News*. He never held any office or wanted any, until 1899, when the Legislature made its excellent selection of State Printer.

Mr. Morgan is chairman of the Republican county central committee of Reno county and of the Republican city central committee of Hutchinson. He has been a delegate to all the State conventions but one since 1888, and has held all kinds of positions in the organizations of the party, such as Vice-President of the Republican League, President of the Kansas Day Club, and secretary or chairman of central committees.

Mr. Morgan belongs to a number of lodges—the Masonic, K. of P., Sons of Veterans, A. O. U. W., M. W. A., the Elks, and the Phi Gamma Delta college fraternity. In 1893 he was Commander of the Sons of Veterans of the State. He is married, but has no children.



A. E. McKENZIE, State Grain Inspector.

Kansas now has a thorough grain-man at the head of her grain inspection department, for the first time since the department was established. A. E. McKenzie, the State Grain Inspector, has been a grain-buyer for years, and he was selected by Governor Stanley on account of his qualifications. Politics did not enter into the appointment; neither does it cut any figure in the administration of the office. Only competent inspectors are employed. The department is being run in the interests of the wheat-producers instead of politicians.

Mr. McKenzie was born in Ohio, in 1854. He moved with his parents to Illinois when quite young, and lived on a farm until 1884, when he moved to Kansas and took a position as superintendent of a big grain elevator, and grain-buyer. For the past five years he has been superintendent and inspector of grain of the Rex Mills of Kansas City, Kansas, the largest flouring-mill in the West. He has always been a Republican and is a consistent Methodist. He is superintendent of the Washington Avenue M. E. Sunday school of Kansas City, Kansas.



S. O. SPENCER, State Oil Inspector.

One of the most popular appointments made by Governor Stanley when he took charge of State affairs was that of S. O. Spencer, of Fort Scott, for State Oil Inspector. Mr. Spencer is an old railroad man, and his appointment was made in obedience to the request of the railroad men of the State. Over 50,000 men, from general manager down to section-men, signed petitions asking for his appointment.

Mr. Spencer was born at Macomb, Ill., in September, 1863. He came with his parents to Kansas two years later, and has resided in the State ever since. He can be classed almost as a Kansas product. He lived in Linn county until 1891, when he moved to Fort Scott. He began at the bottom of the ladder in the construction department of the Memphis road, and worked himself up to the lucrative position of bridge inspector, which he held for years. He gave up that place to accept the responsible position of State Oil Inspector. In his new position he has ninety-seven men under him, and he is proving an able manager and a faithful public servant. He is a member of the Masonic and the Woodman orders. He is at present a member of the Masonic Grand Lodge. He married Miss Dora Shoemaker, of Miami county, fifteen years ago. They have two sons, Godfrey Earl and Harry O.



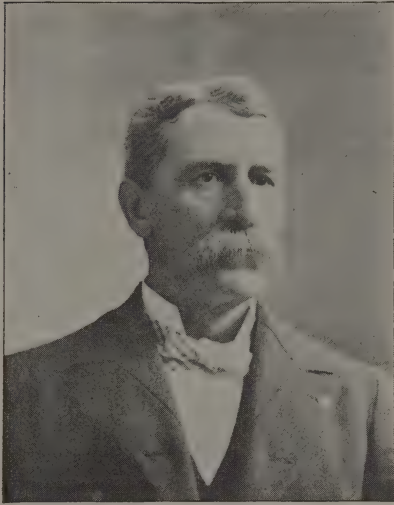
GRANT HORNADAY, Chairman State Board of Charities.

Grant Hornaday, chairman of the present State Board of Charities, is one of the leading young business men of southeastern Kansas. He was born in Canton, Ind., in 1866, came to Fort Scott in 1876, and graduated from the Fort Scott Normal School in 1884. He entered the First National Bank of Fort Scott fifteen years ago as clerk, and since 1894 has been cashier of that institution. He was receiver of the First National Bank of Leoti, First National Bank of Downs, and the Cherryvale National Bank. He has a 1,500-acre stock ranch near Fort Scott, which is one of the finest in Kansas, and has made big money in thoroughbred cattle. His pride is a herd of 100 Herefords, which is known all over the West as one of the best herds in the country.



R. VINCENT, Member State Board of Charities.

R. Vincent, of Washington, one of Governor Stanley's appointees on the Board of Charities, was born in Indiana in 1846, and was raised on a farm, and educated in the common schools. At the age of seventeen he enlisted in the One Hundred Fifty-first Indiana. He was married in 1868, and came to Kansas in 1874, where he settled on an 80-acre homestead. His sole worldly possessions were a good team of horses, which he utilized in putting in his own crops and breaking sod for his neighbors. He was township clerk, justice of the peace, postmaster at Haddam, and then merchant, and eventually engaged in the real-estate and stock business. In 1889 he was elected Treasurer of Washington county, and served four years. He owns 610 acres of good land and about \$10,000 worth of city property, and has made every cent of it in Washington county. Mr. Vincent has been a delegate to the last eight State Republican conventions.



G. W. KANAVEL, Member State Board Charities.

In his appointment of the members of the State Board of Charities, Governor Stanley made very wise selections. Especially is this true in his appointment of G. W. Kanavel, of Sedgwick, Harvey county,—a man of experience and good judgment, an upright citizen, and a man who has been successful in his own business affairs. Mr. Kanavel is especially well qualified to fill, with credit to the State and honor to himself, the position to which he has been appointed.

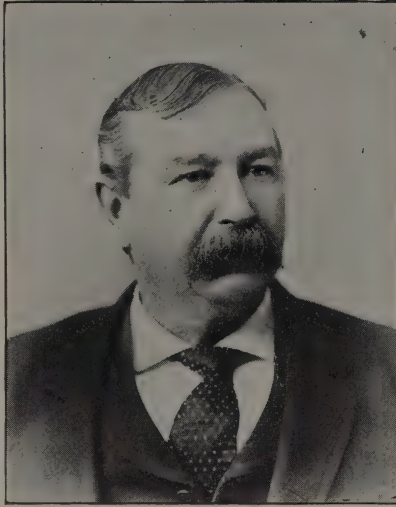
Mr. Kanavel was born in Holmes county, Ohio, but was reared in Coschocton county of that State. He received a good common-school and academic education in Ohio. He moved to Kansas in 1872, locating in Harvey county. He has been engaged in farming, banking and real-estate business since locating in the State, but his principal occupation has been, as now, that of farming.

Although Mr. Kanavel was only seventeen years of age when the war broke out, his patriotic spirit would not permit him to remain at home. He enlisted with Company F, Eightieth Ohio, and served his country faithfully and well for four years. In 1868 Mr. Kanavel married Miss Mary Ann Paugh. They have three sons. One is a practicing physician, and the second son will graduate this year from an Eastern medical college. Mr. Kanavel has been active in politics for over twenty years, and is a steadfast Republican. He has been in every Republican State convention for the past twelve years. This is his first public office, but he has many friends who predict it will not be his last one.



EDWIN SNYDER, Member State Board of Charities.

Edwin Snyder, of Oskaloosa, member of the Board of Charities under the present administration, was born in New York and raised in Ohio. He served through the Rebellion in an Ohio regiment, in the Army of the Shenandoah and Potomac, and participated in the brilliant campaigns of the Shenandoah Valley, Petersburg, Richmond, and was present at the surrender at Appomattox. In the spring of 1866 he married and came to Kansas, and has lived in Jefferson county ever since, engaged in general farming and fruit-growing. In the latter pursuit he is an enthusiast, and has some of the finest orchards in eastern Kansas. A beautiful twenty-acre peach orchard, planted in the spring of 1898, is his especial pride. Mr. Snyder was a member of the Kansas Legislature in 1881. He has always taken a lively interest in public affairs, is an active Republican, and is a zealous worker in the interests of the farmer.



R. M. WRIGHT, State Forestry Commissioner.

R. M. Wright, State Forestry Commissioner, is one of the pioneers of Kansas, and is one of the best known men in the State. He is said to have had the largest list of indorsements of any man who sought appointment under Governor Stanley. Mr. Wright was born at Bradensburg, Md., April 2, 1840. He located in St. Louis county, Mo., in 1857. Thence he moved to Denver, Colo., in 1859. In 1864 he came to Kansas, locating at Dodge City, where he has since resided. When he located at Dodge City, that was the trading-point of the vast cattle interests of the great Southwest, and was practically the outpost of civilization. Mr. Wright has been engaged successively in the business of running a stage-coach, Government contracting, and the cattle business. He has watched Kansas grow from "the wild and woolly West," the home of the buffalo and the Indian, into one of the most prosperous States in the Union. Probably no man in the State understands its needs and resources better than he, and it is safe to say he will make a valuable official as State Forestry Commissioner.

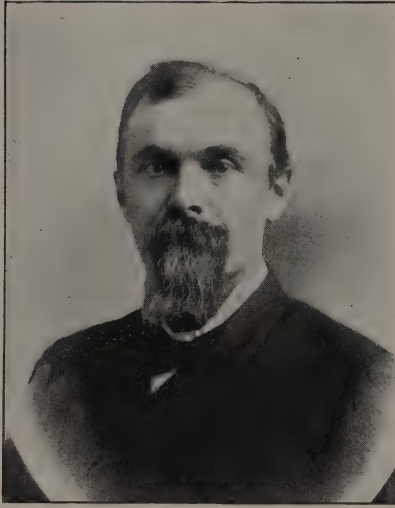


FRANK DOSTER, Chief Justice Supreme Court.

Judge Frank Doster, Chief Justice of the Kansas Supreme Court, was born in Virginia, Jan. 19, 1849. His boyhood was spent in Indiana. He entered the war before he had reached the age of fifteen years, and served two years with the Eleventh Indiana Cavalry. He secured his education at the Indiana State University at Bloomington, Ind., and at the Illinois college at Jacksonville, Ill. He was married in 1870; came to Kansas in 1871, locating at Marion, where he engaged in the practice of his profession.

Judge Doster has five children,—Chase, Wade, Orth, Lenore, and Irma. Chase, his eldest son, was Major of the Twenty-second Kansas regiment, in the Spanish-American War.

When the Twenty-fifth Judicial District was organized, Judge Doster was appointed as its judge. The following year he was elected, and served four additional years on that bench. In 1872 he was elected to the Legislature from Marion county, and served one term. In 1898 he was nominated by the Populists and Democrats for the office of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and was elected by a large majority. In this capacity he has won the respect and confidence of the entire State. He is an able jurist and a just man. His opinions are recognized throughout the country as sound law. He is also an advanced thinker along political and reform lines, and is one of the most engaging public speakers the State has produced. During a lifetime's acquaintance with Judge Doster, each succeeding year has but served to increase the admiration and respect of the writer hereof.



W. A. JOHNSTON, Associate Justice Supreme Court.

Judge W. A. Johnston, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, has been prominently identified with Kansas affairs for many years. He came to Kansas in 1872, locating at Minneapolis, where he engaged in the practice of law. He was engaged in his profession continuously until 1880, when he was nominated by the Republicans for the office of Attorney-General, and elected. In 1876 Judge Johnston was a member of the House of Representatives, and was State Senator from 1877 to 1880, serving also in 1878 and 1879 as Assistant United States District Attorney. He was elected Associate Justice of the Supreme Court in 1884, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge David Brewer, and qualified as soon as the returns were canvassed in November, 1884. Governor Glick appointed G. W. Smith, of Humboldt, to succeed Judge Johnston as Attorney-General.

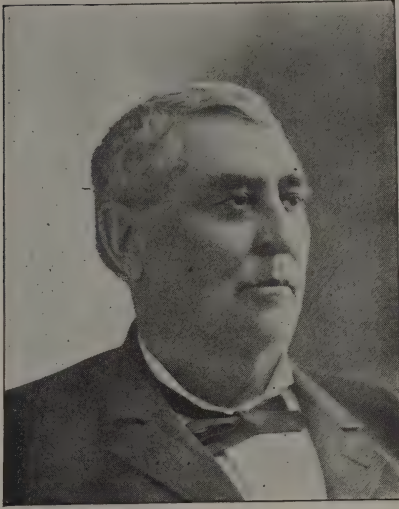
Judge Johnston was born in Greenville county, Ont., July 24, 1849, and moved to Illinois in 1864, where he lived, with the exception of a brief period in Missouri, until he came to Kansas in 1872. He was married in Camden, Ohio, November, 1875, to Miss Lu B. Brown, of Camden. Judge Johnston belongs to the Masonic fraternity, Blue Lodge and Chapter.



W. R. SMITH, Associate Justice Supreme Court.

Judge W. R. Smith, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, is one of the leading members of the Kansas bar.

He is a native of Illinois, but came to Kansas with his parents in 1858, and settled on a farm in Jefferson county. Two years later the family moved to Atchison. Judge Smith graduated from Kenyon College, Ohio, in 1872, and from the Ann Arbor law school in 1874. He then opened a law office at Atchison, and built up a lucrative practice. In 1892 he moved to Kansas City, Kansas, and with two other prominent formerly of Atchison lawyers opened the law office of Mills, Wells & Smith. Mr. Wells later retired, and the firm-name was changed to Mills, Smith & Hobbs. It remained this way until Judge Smith retired to take a position on the Supreme bench. He was nominated by the Republicans at the Hutchinson convention for that position without any opposition to speak of, and was elected by a big majority. He is considered by lawyers of the State as one of the best Supreme judges Kansas ever had.



JUDGE W. A. JOHNSON, Presiding Judge Court of Visitation.

Governor Stanley made a good appointment when he appointed Judge W. A. Johnson, of Garnett, one of the judges of the Court of Visitation, the new railroad court, which was created by the special session of the Legislature. Judge Johnson is one of the early pioneers of Kansas, having had a continuous residence in the State of over 44 years. A sound lawyer, an impartial judge, and an upright citizen, Judge Johnson will be an honor to the tribunal over which he presides.

Judge Johnson was born in Guilford county, N. C., Jan. 19, 1830, but was reared in Jennings county, Ind. He studied law at Madison, Ind., and was admitted to the bar in 1853. He came to Kansas in 1855, and took a prominent part in the early struggles of Kansas. He located at Garnett in 1858. He served on the staff of General James H. Lane. He was captain of Company M, Fifteenth Kansas Cavalry, being promoted to major before the close of the war.

Before the war broke out, Judge Johnson was County Attorney of Anderson county. When he returned from the war, he found he had been reelected, but he declined to serve. In 1872 he was sent to the Legislature to represent the Seventeenth Senatorial District, composed of Anderson and Allen counties. In 1873 he occupied the district bench for a time, during the sickness of the presiding judge. He was appointed Appellate Judge by Governor Morrill, and was elected presiding judge of the Southern Department of that court.

Judge Johnson has taken a prominent part in the affairs of his party. In 1876 he was Presidential Elector, casting his vote for President Hayes. He was a delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1888, which nominated Harrison. He was chairman of the Congressional committee four years; member of the State committee six years; a member of the county central committee of Anderson county for twenty-five years, twenty-one years of which he was chairman.

Judge Johnson has a wife and nine children,—six sons and three daughters. One daughter and three sons are married.

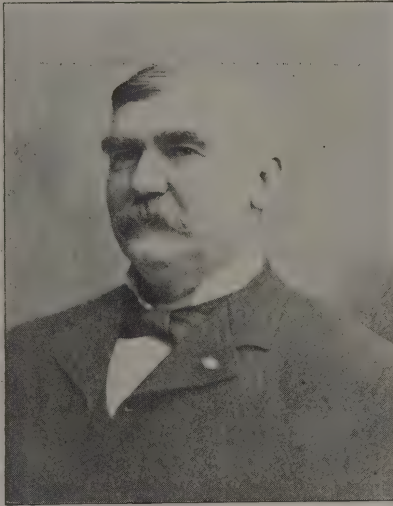


J. C. POSTLETHWAITE, Judge of Court of Visitation.

Judge J. C. Postlethwaite, of Jewell City, was born in Millin county, Pa., August 23, 1848. He received a common-school education, and spent his boyhood days carrying water and keeping time for a floating-gang on a canal. At the age of fifteen years he went into the canal machine-shops at Harrisburg. The day the battle of Gettysburg was fought, the shops closed down and the Judge found employment in a store, in which he was employed until 1869, when he started to Kansas. He landed at Manhattan April 7 of that year, and found a job as bookkeeper for W. P. Higginbotham. He took up a homestead in Jewell county in 1870, and settled on it two years later with his family. He was admitted to the bar in 1873, having acquired a legal education while working in a bank. He continued in the banking business until 1884, when he sold out. Since that time he has devoted his time exclusively to the practice of law.

Judge Postlethwaite's family consists of a wife, four boys, and one girl. His son Robert is a lawyer, and junior member of the firm of J. C. Postlethwaite & Son. The Judge is a Scottish Rite Mason of the 32d degree, a Knight Templar, and has held all the big offices in the Grand Lodge of Kansas. He is now and has been for years chairman of the committee on jurisprudence of all the Masonic bodies, and is chairman of the committee on foreign correspondence of the Grand Lodge.

Judge Postlethwaite was nominated by the Democrats in 1876 for Representative in Jewell county. He became a Republican when St. John ran for Governor first, and has been an active one ever since. He was the Republican nominee for Judge of the Court of Appeals, Central Division, Northern Department, in 1896, but was defeated by the landslide that swept the Republicans all over the State to defeat. Governor Stanley appointed him one of the three judges of the Court of Visitation.



L. S. CRUM, Judge of Court of Visitation.

Hon. L. S. Crum, of Oswego, one of the three judges of the Court of Visitation, is one of the Republican leaders of the State. He is a Kentuckian by birth, having been born in Floyd county, October 20, 1845. He removed to Illinois in 1852, and to Kansas in 1867; settled in Oswego, where he engaged in the real-estate and other lines of business. In 1873 he entered the newspaper field as publisher of the *Oswego Register* for two years. In 1876 he was appointed postmaster, and reappointed in 1880. Judge Crum was a member of Col. Allen Buckner's regiment, the Seventy-ninth Illinois. He enlisted in Co. A, August 21, 1862, and served until June 25, 1865. At Stone River the colonel of his regiment was killed early in the engagement, and Major Buckner (afterwards promoted to colonel) took command. In this engagement the regiment lost 24 killed, 71 wounded, and 124 taken prisoners; among the latter was Judge Crum. He was taken to Libby prison, but was exchanged in time to take part in the fight at Liberty Gap. At Chickamauga, September 19, 1864, he was wounded. He is a member of Oswego Post No. 150.

Judge Crum has always taken an active part in politics, and for several years past has been a member of the State Central Committee. He played an important part in securing Mr. Stanley the nomination for Governor, and was rewarded with one of the best offices within the gift of the Governor.



JUDGE CHAS. F. JOHNSON.

With the appointment by Governor Stanley of Senator Chas. F. Johnson as Judge of the Thirty-sixth Judicial District, created by the last Legislature, the Senate loses one of its most useful members and the Fifth Senatorial District, composed of Jefferson and Douglas counties, loses an efficient and faithful representative.

Judge Johnson came to Kansas from Clayton, Indiana, in 1864. He has always been a Republican. He served as a Senator from 1889 to 1891, and has been delegate to a large number of the conventions of his party. He was Bank Commissioner during Governor Humphrey's administration. He left Kansas for a short time and went to Dakota, where he acted as Register of Deeds and County Clerk of Butte county. On his return to Oskaloosa he became interested in farming and raising Shetland ponies. He is now treasurer and director of the American Shetland Pony Association.

Judge Johnson and family (a wife and one daughter) are Episcopalians. He is forty-two years of age. His postoffice address is Oskaloosa.



CHARLES E. LOBDELL, Chief Clerk of the House.

The most efficient Chief Clerk the House ever had was Mr. Charles E. Lobdell, who held that position during the 1899 session. He was chosen by the Republican majority by acclamation, because of his ability and fitness for the place. During the entire session everything ran as smooth as oil in the House, because Mr. Lobdell knew his business and had business in order. Mr. Lobdell had been in the Legislature for so long that he knew exactly what the duties of a chief clerk were, and he carried them out with exactness and precision. He served four terms in the Legislature from Lane county, and he enjoys the honor of being the only native Kansan who ever held the position of Speaker or Chief Clerk of the House. He was elected Speaker of the House in the session of 1895, and was chairman of the Judiciary Committee during the session of 1893. He was the Republican floor leader of the House in 1897. His birthplace is Osawatomie, Miami county.

Mr. Lobdell is a lawyer in good practice in his own locality, and was County Attorney of Butler county in 1885-6. He is accredited with being the first native Kansan admitted to the bar. He is thirty-five years of age, is married, and has a wife and daughter. He has been very active in politics. Mr. Lobdell is interested in a big cattle ranch in Lane county. He is a prominent figure in Kansas politics. In the approaching United States Senatorial contest between J. R. Burton and Senator Lucien Baker, Mr. Lobdell's name has been mentioned as a probable compromise candidate.

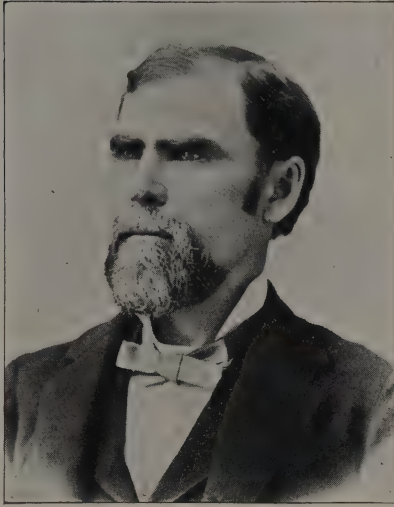


W. A. THOMSON, Sergeant-at-Arms of the House.

W. A. Thomson, of Topeka, was Sergeant-at-Arms of the House in the session of 1899, and proved to be one of the most efficient and obliging officers that has held that position for many years. Not only did he perform his work well during the session, but at its close all the property under his charge, consisting of typewriters, desks, chairs, etc., was accounted for, properly checked up, and turned over to the Secretary of State.

Mr. Thomson was born March 29, 1863, at Marysville, Ohio, the birthplace of the late Senator P. B. Plumb. His parents moved to Rushville, Indiana, when he was a boy. Here he received a common-school education. He came to Kansas in 1882, locating at Larned, Pawnee county. Afterward he moved to Scott county, where he was appointed Sheriff to fill a vacancy, and was afterward reelected. He also served a term as Clerk of the District Court of that county. In 1894 Mr. Thomson was nominated by the Republicans as Representative in the Legislature from that county, but was defeated in the general landslide by J. F. Pancake. In 1895 he was appointed bond clerk in the State Treasurer's office under Otis L. Atherton.

Mr. Thomson is married, and has two children, both girls. He is a Presbyterian.



F. D. COBURN, Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture.

Probably no State Department has been of more benefit to the people of Kansas, or has become more widely known throughout this country and abroad, than the Department of Agriculture, under the efficient management of F. D. Coburn. A man of great ability, untiring in his energy, and devoted to his work, Mr. Coburn might almost be termed the father of agriculture in Kansas. His reports are now used as text-books in many of the universities of this country and abroad, and are generally looked upon as agricultural law.

Mr. Coburn was born in Jefferson county, Wis. He received a common-school education, supplementing it with the more practical education of farm life. Having spent the greater part of his life on the farm, he is especially well fitted for the position he now occupies. At the age of 17 Mr. Coburn ran away from home and enlisted in the Civil War with the One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Illinois volunteers. He reënlisted with the veteran Sixty-second Illinois Infantry, and served three years. After the war he tramped his way to Kansas, locating at Ottawa, where he secured a job at \$12 a month with his former colonel. Later he taught school, did odd jobs, handled cattle, and finally bought a farm. He began life without money or influence, and practically without friends, and has worked his way up by his own untiring and unaided efforts. Mr. Coburn was prominently mentioned in connection with the Republican gubernatorial nomination in 1898. The solid Kansas Congressional delegation, as well as many Senators and Congressmen from sister States, urged his appointment as Secretary of Agriculture in President McKinley's cabinet. Mr. Coburn married Miss Lou Jenkins. They have two daughters and one son.



WYLIE W. COOK, Assistant Auditor of State.

One of the secrets of the great popularity of the State Auditor's office is the fact that Mr. Cole has an able and obliging Assistant State Auditor. Wylie W. Cook has had but few if any equals. He is an expert accountant, thoroughly acquainted with the duties of the Auditor's office, a complete master of all the intricate details of State affairs, and ever ready to furnish any information desired.

Wylie W. Cook was born at Noblesville, Ind., July 1st, 1859. He was reared on a farm, and received a common-school education. In 1879 he married Miss Mary L. Sanders, of Hamilton county, Indiana. They moved to Campbellsville, Kentucky, in 1881, but after a brief residence there moved to Kansas, locating on a farm near Parsons, where they remained until October, 1884, when Mr. Cook was appointed Deputy County Clerk of Labette county. The following year he was elected County Clerk. Defeated two years later under a Farmers' Alliance landslide, he became associated with the Deming Investment Co., of Oswego. Later he was appointed Deputy County Clerk, holding the position four years. He afterwards held the position of Deputy County Treasurer four years. In 1895 State Auditor Cole appointed Mr. Cook Assistant State Auditor, reappointing him in 1899.

Mr. Cook is a Mason, and is a member of the lodge, chapter and commandery at Oswego. He is also a member of the A. O. U. W. and M. W. A. He has four children — one boy and three girls.



THOMAS T. KELLY, Assistant State Treasurer.

One of the most obliging, competent and popular officials in the State House under the present administration is Assistant State Treasurer Thomas T. Kelly. In his selection Treasurer Grimes showed excellent judgment.

Mr. Kelly was born at Peoria, Ill., December 8, 1862. His parents came from Ireland. In 1870 the family moved to Johnson county, Kan., and settled on a farm. The subject of this sketch worked on the farm during the summers and went to school in the winter. In 1884 Mr. Kelly moved to Miami county, where he continued to farm in the summer and teach school in the winter. He has always been a Republican — what is termed an Irish Republican: a brand of Republicans that is noted for intense partisanship and loyalty. In 1889 the Republicans of Miami county nominated him for County Clerk, and he was elected by a handsome majority. He was reelected, serving four years with satisfaction to the people of that county and with credit to himself. In 1894 the Republicans of eastern Kansas pushed his claims for the Republican nomination for State Auditor. There were ten candidates in the race, and he stood second on the list during the entire balloting. George E. Cole captured the nomination. Mr. Kelly then opened a hardware store at Paola, and ran it for three years. In 1898 he was appointed receiver of the National Bank of Paola. Through his able management of the trust the depositors have received their claims in full, and some assets were left to turn back to the stockholders. This is regarded as phenomenal, as it is seldom that depositors get all their money out of a defunct bank. Mr. Kelly was a member of the Republican State Committee during the 1898 campaign, and rendered valuable assistance. After the Republican victory he was tendered the position of Assistant State Treasurer by Treasurer F. E. Grimes, and accepted it.



A. J. MYATT, Solicitor Court of Visitation.

A very important position in the machinery of the State Government is that of Solicitor of the Court of Visitation. This responsible position is now held by Mr. A. J. Myatt, a well-known lawyer of Wichita. Mr. Myatt was born near Greenville, Ill., March 24, 1862. He worked on a farm until he reached the age of eighteen years, attending district school during the winters. Afterwards he attended the Greenville high school, and in 1885 he graduated from the Danville Normal College, at Danville, Ind. He came to Kansas in 1887, locating at Wichita, where he has been engaged in the practice of law ever since. He was City Attorney of Wichita during the years 1893-95. Among the important suits he won while in this position was the litigation over street-paying, involving \$85,000. This case was carried to the Supreme Court. Mr. Myatt was Probate Judge of Sedgwick county during the years 1895-97.

In 1886 Mr. Myatt married Miss Carrie Dixon, of Greenville, Ill. They have two children—Leota, aged ten, and Matguerite, aged seven. They have a pleasant and happy home on North Topeka avenue, in Wichita. Mr. Myatt has been signally successful in his legal practice, and it is safe to predict he will render the State efficient service in his present position.



CHAS. H. RIDGWAY, Assistant Superintendent of Insurance.

Chas. H. Ridgway, Assistant Superintendent of Insurance, was born at Ripley, Ohio, August 17th, 1865, where he went to public school, and in 1882 went to Antioch College, Yellow Springs, Ohio. In 1884 he came to Baldwin City, Kansas, and entered Baker University. During his stay there he was employed in the bookstore owned by A. A. B. Cavaness. He then went to Kansas City, Mo., where he was employed by G. E. Weikert & Co., wholesale stationers, and traveled in Kansas for one year. Mr. Ridgway located at Ottawa in 1889, where he started an insurance agency. He was married in 1890 to Susie E. Schnebly, daughter of Dr. J. G. Schnebly, of Baldwin. They have two interesting children. Mr. Ridgway worked up by his own industry one of the best local insurance agencies in Kansas, and is looked upon by underwriters as a practical insurance man of unusual ability. During his insurance work in Ottawa he has always been busy in the interests of Ottawa and Franklin county. He was a notable success as manager of the Rohrbaugh Theater and Secretary of the Franklin County Fair. He is always ready to help a friend in politics, and untiring in his efforts for the success of the Republican party. He never held a political office of any kind until appointed by Superintendent of Insurance W. V. Church, in February, 1899, to be his assistant, which appointment he accepted, and began the duties of his position on March 20th. He still retains his home in Ottawa.



D. W. LITTLE, Assistant State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Mr. D. W. Little, Assistant State Superintendent of Public Instruction, was born at Ridge Farm, Ill., on the 13th day of January, 1863. He was educated in the common schools of LaSalle county, afterwards attending the Georgetown high school, and the Normal College at Danville, Ill., being a graduate in the normal course of the latter. This institution was afterwards removed to Salina, Kansas, and is now the Salina Normal University.

The subject of this sketch removed to Kansas in 1886, locating in Wallace county in 1888. He at once became prominent in educational circles, and has been principal of the high schools at Wallace and Sharon Springs. In 1894 Mr. Little was elected County Superintendent of Wallace county, and reelected in 1896. He filled the office ably, and raised the schools of the county to a high standard. In 1898 he served as a member of the board of directors of the State Teachers' Reading Circle.

Mr. Little's position of Assistant Superintendent is an important one, and the great ability shown by him has attracted the attention of educators throughout the State and Nation. His family is a model one, consisting of his wife and three children.



HILL P. WILSON, Assistant Secretary of State.

Hill P. Wilson, the efficient and obliging Assistant Secretary of State under the Stanley administration, is of Scotch-Irish ancestry. He was born at Williamsburg, Pa., September 20, 1840. He was educated in the common schools and at Chestnut Lerel Academy, Lancaster county, Pa. He is a self-made man. At the age of twelve years he began work on a farm, and five years later engaged in school-teaching. When the Civil War broke out Mr. Wilson enlisted as a private in the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and served in the Army of the Potomac. He was promoted to first sergeant. His regiment lost 33 per cent. of its total enlisted in killed and wounded. After being mustered out he went to Nashville, and was employed in the quartermaster's department at that place and at Louisville, Ky., until August, 1867, when he came to Kansas and located at Fort Harker. He was given a position there in the quartermaster's department and was the confidential clerk of Major Henry Inman, then Quartermaster of the United States Army at that post. He was sent by Major Inman to the end of the Union Pacific road, then building west from Ellsworth, as the Quartermaster's agent. He arrived at Hays City, October 10, 1867, and in January, 1868, was appointed chief clerk in the quartermaster's department. He was post trader there from 1868 to 1872. This appointment he resigned in 1878. He engaged in merchandising in Hays City in 1875, and in 1879 organized the Bank of Hays City, of which he was president until April, 1890. He was elected County Commissioner of Ellis county in 1872; County Treasurer in 1877, and was appointed postmaster at Hays City in 1878. He was State Senator of the Fortieth District from 1885 to 1889. In 1891 he was appointed receiver of the United States land office at Wakeeney. When Secretary of State George A. Clark took charge of his office he made Mr. Wilson his assistant.



SENATOR ROLLIN T. ANDREWS.

The Second Senatorial District, comprising Atchison and Jackson counties, is ably represented in both the extra and regular sessions of the Legislature by Senator Rollin T. Andrews. A quick thinker and a ready talker, Senator Andrews is ever ready to champion measures with merit in them, or to denounce those of a dangerous character. Mr. Andrews is a staunch Republican, and was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator B. F. Wallack.

He was born in Bureau county, Ill., and is 38 years of age. Mr. Andrews has the advantage of a good education, having attended Drake University at Des Moines, Iowa. He came to Kansas from Missouri in 1891, and has been engaged in farming and stock-raising ever since coming to the State. He is married, a wife and daughter making up the sum total of his family. He is connected with the Christian Church. As a politician he is an active worker in behalf of others, but has never before held office himself. He was chairman of the First District Congressional Convention in 1894, and a delegate to Hutchinson in 1898.

Mr. Andrews is a living example of a self-made man, and of the possibilities of an energetic American boy. Left an orphan at the age of six years, he has provided for himself ever since he was 12 years old, and has accumulated quite an estate, now being counted among the successful farmers of Atchison county. He is a member of the I. O. O. F. order.



SENATOR JAMES C. STONE, Jr.

The Senatorship of Leavenworth county, District No. 3, seems to be the stepping-stone to better things, inasmuch as the last two State Senators, Baker and Harris, are now serving in the United States Senate. In place of Senator Harris this district has selected, and placed in line of promotion, James C. Stone, jr., of Leavenworth,—a farmer and member of the bar, who was born in Winchester, Kentucky, forty-two years ago, and who came to Kansas forty years ago, or when only two years old. Mr. Stone is a Mason; is a graduate of Yale College in the class of 1876; is a widower, and has four daughters. Mr. Stone has not been active in politics, and has held no office previous to his present position. He was nominated by the Populists and indorsed by the Democrats, and fusion of these elements secured his election. In the Legislature of 1899, Senator Stone proved himself to be one of the safe, conservative members of the Senate. His judgment generally proved to be right. Although not a man of pyrotechnic display, he accomplished much good work in the Senate. Many predict a bright future for him politically.

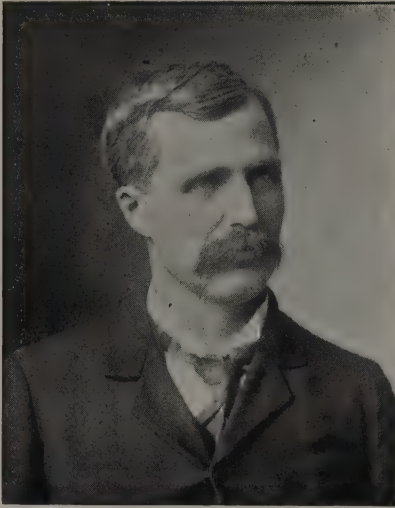


SENATOR HENRY T. ZIMMER.

Senator Henry T. Zimmer, of Wyandotte, is known among his colleagues as the "hustler" of the Senate. His training in politics in Kansas City, Kansas, and in Wyandotte county, taught him that the way to get things is to go after them. His experience in the Council of Kansas City, Kansas, was of valuable assistance to him when he entered the upper body of the highest law-making body in the State. During the past three sessions of the Legislature, whenever there was a fight up on any proposition, he was always found in the thickest of the fray. Being a Democratic member, he was in a position to be absolutely independent. He would line up with the Populists when he thought they were right, and if in his judgment they were wrong he had no hesitancy in joining in with the Republicans. As chairman of the committee on cities of the first class he succeeded in getting through a number of important bills relating to those cities. His pet measure was one establishing a board of police and fire commissioners for Kansas City.

Senator Zimmer was born in St. Joseph, Mo., thirty-seven years ago. He received a common-school education. In 1886 he came to Kansas from Missouri, and is engaged in market-gardening. His family consists of himself and wife, and he belongs to the Lutheran church. For fourteen years he has been active in the Democratic party, but was indorsed by the Populists in his election. For ten years he has been delegate to State and county conventions.

Senator Zimmer was a member of the legislative committee appointed to locate a new State insane asylum.



SENATOR W. B. CROSSAN.

Senator W. B. Crossan, of the Sixth District, comprising Miami and Johnson counties, has won an enviable reputation as a legislator. As chairman of the judiciary committee of the Senate he did more towards framing legislation during the past three sessions of the Legislature than any other one Senator. He was selected for this important position on account of his legal ability and his peculiar fitness. He is a good debater, and is always found standing up for the principles advocated by his party. He has excellent prospects of a brilliant political future.

Senator Crossan is an attorney at Paola. He is one of the Pennsylvania contingent, of which there are so many in Kansas. He was born at Blairsville, Pa., in 1852; is married, and has a wife and two young daughters. Is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and 47 years of age. He came to Kansas from Illinois in 1880. Has been City Attorney and member of the Board of Education of the city of Paola. Senator Crossan was formerly a Republican, but at the election of 1896 was nominated by the People's party and indorsed by the Democratic convention.

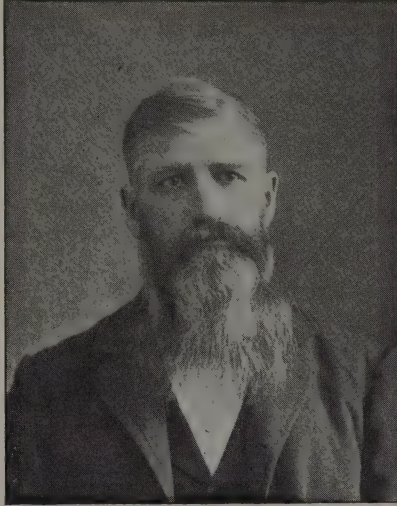


SENATOR J. N. CALDWELL.

An untiring working member of the Senate is Senator J. N. Caldwell, of the Seventh district—Linn and Anderson counties. During the last three sessions of the Legislature, the two regular sessions and the extra session, he was always on hand looking out for the interests of the State in general and his constituents in particular. As chairman of the committee on roads and highways he succeeded in getting through a number of "good roads" laws.

Senator Caldwell was born in Cedarville, Green county, Ohio; is fifty-five years old, has a wife, daughter and three sons, and belongs to the United Presbyterian church. At the time of the breaking out of the Civil War he was living with his parents in Warren county, Illinois, and on the 11th day of August, 1862, enlisted at Monmouth, Illinois, in Company C, Eighty-third Regiment Illinois Volunteer Infantry, and served until the close of the war. In 1869 he "went West," and located in Anderson county, Kansas, where he now resides on a farm of 360 acres, and is engaged in farming, stock-raising and feeding.

He has been a delegate to many of the Populist State and district conventions, of which party he is an active member. Until elected Senator he never held a political office except Township Trustee, though often urged to do so by his friends. He voted for Lincoln for his second term and Grant for two terms for President, since which time he has steadfastly worked with the reform forces, to which cause he has given much time and money.



SENATOR E. T. SHAFFER.

The Eighth Senatorial District consists of the county of Bourbon, and its Senator is Ed. T. Shaffer, of Fulton, a farmer and stock-raiser, who was born in Delaware, Delaware county, Iowa, and is forty-eight years of age. Mr. Shaffer was elected as a Populist, indorsed by the Democrats, but was formerly a Republican. He has locally been quite active in politics, although he never held any office. Has been delegate to State and other conventions. He received a common-school education, and attended college. June 4, 1868, Senator Shaffer came to Kansas from Iowa. He is married, and has seven children.



SENATOR W. H. RYAN.

Senator W. H. Ryan, of the Ninth District,—Crawford county,—is recognized as one of the Populist leaders on the floor of the Senate. His attitude on all political questions makes him a strong fusion gubernatorial possibility in 1900. As chairman of the committee on mines and mining he has been able to do much in the interests of the miners of his section, and his boom for Governor was started by them. He succeeded at the special session in getting a bill through creating a State Society of Mines and Mining, the object of which was to remove the State Mine Inspector from the field of politics and place him where he should belong—under the control of the miners themselves.

Senator Ryan was a member of the "Dunsmore" House of 1893. In 1896 he was elected to the Senate.

He is a very active man, physically as well as politically, and makes himself seen and felt on the side of the People's party. He was nominated for the Legislature by four conventions within two years,—first, by the People's party, and afterward by the Democratic, and each time by acclamation. Mr. Ryan is forty-one years of age. He came to Kansas in 1870 from Omaha, Nebraska, his native place. He has always lived on a farm, and is now engaged in merchandising, and also as a shipper of grain and live stock, in addition to operating a fine farm of over 200 acres, which he has earned in the past eighteen years by hard labor and business tact. Mr. Ryan's family consists of a wife, seven sons and two daughters. His home is at Brazilton.



SENATOR MOSES A. HOUSEHOLDER.

The popularity of Senator Moses A. Householder, of Cherokee county,—the Tenth District,—is attested by his election unanimously at three different sessions as President *pro tem.* of the Senate. This is the highest office within the gift of the Senate, except United States Senator. Senator Householder has demonstrated that the confidence was worthily bestowed, for no fairer presiding officer ever occupied the chair. As chairman of the committee on charitable institutions he was found ever ready to support any measure that would benefit those institutions. He framed a bill placing all such institutions under civil-service rules, and passed it through the Senate twice, but it “got left in the shuffle” in the House each time.

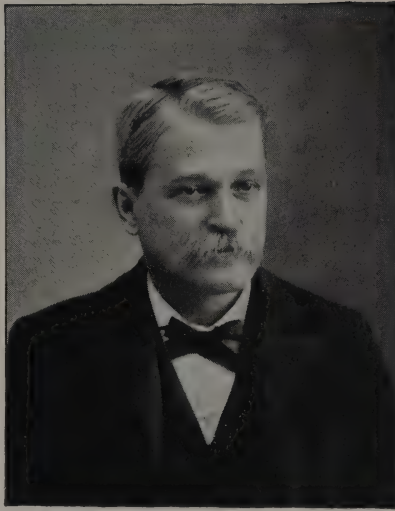
Senator Householder was born on a farm in Darke county, Ohio, June 13, 1852, being now forty-six years of age. He attended the common schools of his county and the Normal School of Lebanon, Ohio, and afterwards the Indiana Central Law School, of Indianapolis, from which he graduated. In May, 1880, he removed from the old Buckeye State to Kansas, where he engaged in farming and stock-raising. Being one of the organizers and active workers of the People's party, although that party was only organized in 1890, he has been five times permanent chairman of their county conventions, three times elected delegate to their State conventions, and permanent chairman of the State convention at Wichita. In 1893 Governor Lewelling appointed him a member of the State Board of Charities, of which he was President. His family consists of wife, three daughters, and one son. He is a Methodist. He was reelected by 1,365 majority.



SENATOR GEORGE CAMPBELL.

Probably the most advanced thinker of the Senate is Senator George Campbell, of Labette county, constituting the Eleventh District. While he has radical ideas as to how the Government should run its affairs, and especially its public utilities, yet he is not in favor of radical action as a means of bringing about this condition. He believes that the questions will be settled peacefully with the ballot in due time.

Senator Campbell was born in Yates county, N. Y., April 29, 1848. Came to Kansas in 1871, settled in Mound Valley, and engaged in stock-raising, farming, and school-teaching. Senator Campbell is now practicing law at Oswego, and his family, consisting of a wife and three daughters, are members of the Presbyterian Church. He is at present not active in politics, but has been sent as delegate to State and National conventions, and has held the office of Probate Judge. He was a Republican until 1872, when he joined the Liberal Republican party and supported Horace Greeley for President. In 1873 he voted a protest, and in 1874 assisted in organizing the Greenback party. In 1884 he organized the Farmers' and Laborers' Union movement, and planted the organization in twenty-six States. In 1889, at the St. Louis meeting, the name was changed to "Farmers' and Laborers' Alliance," and later changed to the "Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union." The early records of the movement, the names and addresses of the 138 organizers, together with copies of *United Labor*, the official organ, are deposited with the State Historical Society, at Topeka. The call for the conference to organize the present Populist party was prepared by Senator Campbell while editor of the *Kansas State Alliance*, a paper published at Parsons, Kan. The call was circulated by W. H. Utley, and the conference of labor was held in Topeka early in 1890. Here the Populist party was organized, and the address of the party, on which the campaign of 1890 was made, was prepared by Senator Campbell. He is a member of the A. F. & A. M., and a Knight Templar of Commandery No. 7, of Oswego.



SENATOR HENRY W. YOUNG.

Henry W. Young, from Senatorial District No. 12, was born in Northville, Suffolk county, New York. He received an academic education, and came to Kansas from Illinois in March, 1881. Senator Young was a Democrat until 1893, when he joined the People's party, and has been a delegate to national Populist and all district and county conventions. He is fifty-one years of age, and his family consists of a wife, son and daughter. Senator Young has been engaged in the newspaper business for the past twenty-four years, and has resided at Independence, Kansas, since October, 1881. He has held the office of Receiver of the United States Land Office. For six years past he has been an advocate of the principles of socialism, and advocates not only the Government ownership of railroads, but also of coal mines, and, as speedily as the people can be prepared for it, of all public utilities and all the means of production and distribution.



SENATOR HUGH P. FARRELLY.

As a political leader as well as a sound lawyer and a deep thinker, Senator Hugh P. Farrelly has won for himself a prominent place among the law-makers of Kansas. Among other important laws which are now upon the statutes of Kansas, he is the author of the celebrated anti-trust law. He represents the Thirteenth Senatorial District, composed of Neosho and Wilson counties. He served upon several important Senate committees, but his best work was accomplished on the floor of the Senate. As a debater and parliamentarian he has few superiors. Senator Farrelly came to Kansas in 1887, from his native State of Illinois, and located in Chanute, his present residence. Was County Attorney of Neosho county from 1891 to 1894. He is forty years of age, is a Democrat, was nominated by the People's party and indorsed by the Democratic convention. For the past eight years has been active in promoting fusion between the Democrats and Populists, to "down" the common political enemy. He was City Attorney of Chanute before being elected as County Attorney. Was nominated for Congress by the Democracy of the Third Congressional District in 1896, but withdrew that the election of E. R. Ridgeley might be assured.



SENATOR G. H. LAMB.

The Republican party has an able champion in Senator G. H. Lamb, of Woodson county. He is one of the ablest rough-and-tumble debaters that has stood upon the floor of the Senate for many years. Although a member of the minority of the Senate, Senator Lamb has exercised a potent influence upon the legislation of that body. He was chairman of the Senate temperance committee. Senator Lamb was born and grew to manhood in western Indiana, from whence he came to Kansas in 1883. He was raised on a farm, and his father fought in the War of the Rebellion, having been killed at Stone river. He has made his own way in life since he was ten years of age, by working as a day laborer until sixteen years old, and then he began teaching school. He taught from 1876 to 1889, and since then has been practicing law at Yates Center. Senator Lamb is forty years of age, a member of the Christian Church, and has a family consisting of a wife and five children. Mr. Lamb is a Mason and Odd Fellow, and a prominent member of the A. O. U. W. He is a Republican, and was a delegate to the Congressional convention of 1890, and State convention in 1894. He held the office of County Attorney of Woodson county from 1892 to 1896. He was one of the recognized leaders on the Republican side of the Senate in 1897 and in 1899, and was a prominent candidate for the Republican nomination for Congressman from the Fourth District in 1898.



SENATOR HERBERT F. SHELDON.

The Fifteenth Senatorial District, composed of Franklin and Colley counties, has always been represented by able men, and the present Senator, Herbert F. Sheldon, of Ottawa, is no exception to the rule. In the sessions of 1897 and 1899 Senator Sheldon proved himself to be a man of advanced ideas and a sound reasoner on the effect of proposed legislation. He was a member of several important Senate committees, being chairman of the committee on cities of the second and third class.

Senator Sheldon was born at Westfield, Chautauqua county, New York, sixty-seven years ago. His family consists of a wife, three sons, and three daughters, who belong to the Congregational church. Senator Sheldon was a Republican in the early days; was appointed County Clerk of Franklin county in 1862. That fall he was elected to fill the office of County Clerk and Register of Deeds, and was reelected four terms, holding both offices ten years. He has also been Mayor of Ottawa five terms. From the earliest days of Franklin county Senator Sheldon has been a large holder of real estate in the city of Ottawa, and has devoted most of his time to handling real estate, and has also engaged in farming. Senator Sheldon has been a reformer for a number of years, and is now an ardent member of the People's party, by which party he was first nominated for the Senate, and was indorsed by the Democratic convention.



SENATOR H. G. JUMPER.

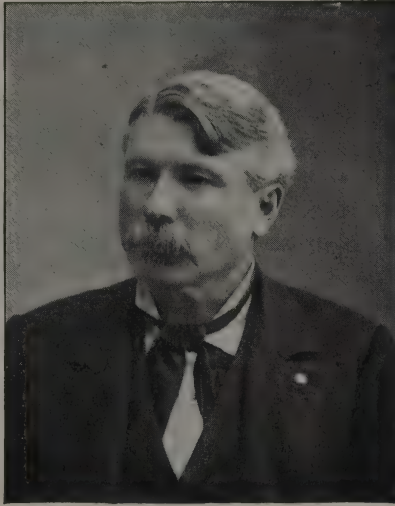
H. G. Jumper, of Melvern, is the Senator from Osage county, which constitutes the Sixteenth Senatorial District. Mr. Jumper was born in Dearborn county, Indiana, forty-six years ago. He obtained a common-school education, and in 1869 came to Kansas and engaged in farming and feeding, which business he still follows. He has been active in politics since 1876, first as a Greenbacker, then as a member of the Union Labor party. When the People's party was organized he immediately affiliated with it, and in 1892 was a delegate to the Congressional convention of his party, also to the State convention in 1896. This is Senator Jumper's second term in the Senate. He is married, and has seven children.



SENATOR THOMAS J. ANDERSON.

Shawnee county is ably represented in the Senate by Major T. J. Anderson. He succeeded in getting more bills through the last Legislature than any other Senator, and nearly all of them were in the interests of his Topeka constituents. As a member of the ways and means committee he rendered valuable services in getting liberal appropriations for the various educational and charitable institutions.

Major Anderson was born in Atwater township, Portage county, Ohio, and is fifty-nine years of age. He received an academic education, and while still a youth emigrated to Kansas, arriving here in 1857, four years before the admission of the State into the Union. On the breaking out of the War of the Rebellion he enlisted in Company A, Fifth Kansas Cavalry. In the army he had a varied and honorable experience, having served on Gen. James H. Lane's staff as Lieutenant, was afterward Captain and A. A. G., Major, Lieut.-Colonel, and when mustered out was Colonel by brevet. From 1865 to 1867 he was Adjutant-General of the State; Mayor of Topeka in 1875-6; and Postmaster from 1881 to 1885. He has always been a Republican, and ever active in politics, having attended all kinds of conventions of his party, among them three National conventions, and he was one of the sturdy "306" who voted from first to last for Gen. Grant in the Chicago Convention of 1880. Twice he has been a member of the House. Mr. Anderson has also been prominent in various societies and secret orders. He is married, and has three children. He is now Secretary of the Topeka Commercial Club.



SENATOR ALBERT L. COLEMAN.

One of the strong members of the Republican minority in the State Senate is Senator Albert Loring Coleman, of the Eighteenth District, composed of Nemaha and Pottawatomie counties. He has the faculty of getting on the right side of every important question and making it warm for those who oppose him.

Senator Coleman is an attorney, and resides at Centralia, Kan. He was born in Junius, Seneca county, N. Y., 48 years ago.

He came West in 1869, first locating at Kansas City, Mo., and from there went to Nemaha county in 1875. He has a wife, and one son, Rolla W., who is a graduate of Baker University. Senator Coleman was educated at the Newark Academy, Newark, N. Y., and at the Genesee Wesleyan Seminary and College, at Lima, N. Y. Was principal of the Lathrop Grammar School, Kansas City, Mo., four years, and taught school several years in Nemaha county, one year principal of Centralia High School, and two years as principal of the Sabetha high school. Has been an active Republican, and served Nemaha county as its Representative in the lower house during the session of 1887. Received the indorsement of every Republican Senator and Representative in the Legislature of 1897, for a consular position under President McKinley. Was chairman of the special committee to investigate charitable institutions, and a member of the judiciary committee. Has attended most of the National and State conventions, and was Vice-President of the Republican State League two years. Mr. Coleman is a Royal Arch Mason, and member of Seneca Commandery, K. T.



SENATOR FRED. A. STOCKS.

Marshall county, the Nineteenth District, is ably represented in the Senate by a member of the minority party in that body, in the person of Fred. A. Stocks, who is a Republican. Was born in Lena, Stephenson county, Illinois, and is thirty-five years of age. Senator Stocks obtained a collegiate education at the Kansas State University. Came to Kansas from Missouri in 1872, and is engaged in banking and farming. He has a wife and two children, and lives at Blue Rapids. Senator Stocks was a member of the House of 1889, and served in the Senate in 1897. Was Chief Clerk in the U. S. Treasury Department at Washington under the Hon. Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury, and was appointed by President Harrison representative of the U. S. Treasury Department on the Government Board at the World's Columbian Exposition. Senator Stocks has taken an active part in Kansas politics for many years. A man of good judgment, conservative and reliable, he has frequently been mentioned in connection with the Republican nomination for Governor of Kansas.



SENATOR J. C. MORROW.

Senator J. C. Morrow, of Washington county, comprising the Twentieth District, is regarded as one of the most level-headed members of that body. He is a man that never gets "rattled," and his counsel is always sought for and accepted by the Republican managers. By his straightforward way of meeting issues he has won the respect of his political antagonists. Senator Morrow was born near Washington, Guernsey county, Ohio, in 1846, and obtained a common-school education. In 1874 he came to Kansas from Iowa, and settled in Washington county, where he still resides. Always active in politics as a Republican, he has often attended the county and State conventions of his party. He has, however, never held office, except as a Representative of Washington county in the House of Representatives during the session of 1895, where he made a good record as an attentive and cool-headed legislator. Mr. Morrow is married, and has three children.



SENATOR JOHN E. HESSIN.

The ablest member on the Republican side, so recognized by all, is Senator J. E. Hessin, of Riley county. He represents the Twenty-first District — Riley, Geary and Wabaunsee counties. No man on the floor can hold a candle to him on repartee. He is always ready to take care of himself or defend any position he has taken.

Senator Hessin was born in New Lisbon, Columbiana county, Ohio, fifty-one years ago. He attended Jefferson College at Canonsburg, Pa. In 1870 he moved to Kansas, and has since engaged in the practice of law. He served in Company B, Fifty-first Ohio. Senator Hessin is a Republican, although never active in politics; has held the office of City Attorney, also that of County Attorney, and Regent State Agricultural College. He is married, and has three children.



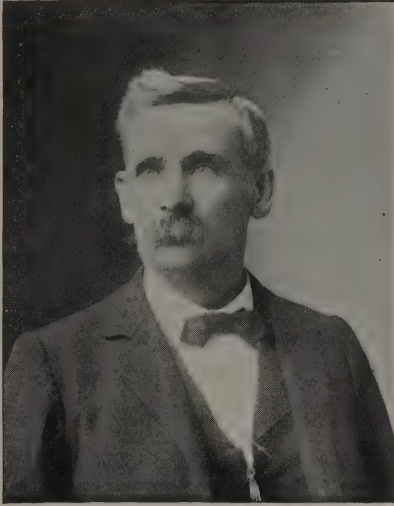
SENATOR GEORGE W. HANNA.

The Twenty-second Senatorial District, which is constituted of Clay and Dickinson counties, is ably represented by George W. Hanna, of Clay Center. Thirty-eight years ago he was born in Coulterville, Randolph county, Illinois, where he received a common-school education. In October, 1870, he moved from Illinois to Kansas. Until he was 24 years of age he engaged in farming, but since then in the creamery business. Mr. Hanna has always been quite active in politics; was chairman of the County Central Committee in 1894, and delegate to the Congressional convention in the Fifth District. Was formerly a Republican, casting his first vote for James G. Blaine. When Jno. F. Willits was candidate for Governor on the People's party ticket he voted for him, and has since voted with that party, which party nominated him for Senator, he being indorsed by the Democratic party. Mr. Hanna is married, has a family of three daughters, and belongs to the Presbyterian church. He was chairman of the Senate committee on engrossed bills, and took a prominent part in the deliberations of the Senate.



SENATOR RICHMOND T. BATTEY.

The Twenty-third Senatorial District—Marion, Morris, and Chase counties—sent an uncompromising Republican to the Senate in the person of R. T. Battey, of Florence. He is a quiet, unassuming man, but generally gets what he goes after. Senator Battey has always been a Republican; was born in Providence, R. I., and is forty-nine years of age. Came to Kansas from his native State in 1858. His early boyhood days were spent in Topeka. The old inhabitants remember him as one of the brightest and most active among his associates. He was one of the earliest settlers in Florence, and has been engaged in the banking business many years. Senator Battey has a wife and one son.



SENATOR JAMES T. BRADDOCK.

Senator James T. Braddock, of the Twenty-fourth District—Lyon and Greenwood counties—is from the stock of General Braddock, of Revolutionary fame. Raphael Braddock, a cousin of General Braddock, came to America in 1755, and located in Baltimore county, Maryland. Served in the Revolution, and after the close of the war, or in 1789, he moved to Washington county, Pennsylvania. Raphael Braddock had four sons. David, the fourth child and oldest son of Joshua and Susanna Sellars Braddock, was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, Nov. 8th, 1813, and Catharine Washington was born in Baltimore county, Maryland, March 6, 1817, and they were married on March 24, 1836. They were the parents of twelve children, of whom Senator J. T. Braddock was the youngest child. He was born at the old homestead in Knox county, Ohio, Nov. 16, 1850, and after receiving a common-school education, at the age of nineteen engaged in school-teaching in Knox county, Ohio, teaching two terms. Upon attaining his majority he emigrated to Bates county, Missouri, and engaged in teaching. He taught three terms there in the same school district. At the age of twenty-three he married Miss Lois Cook, of Bates county, Missouri, soon after emigrating to Coles county, Illinois. After eight years of Illinois farm life he returned to Bates county, Missouri, and rented a farm, taught school in winter and farmed in the summer. He also bought and shipped stock in summer. He remained in Bates county two years. Being anxious to own a farm, and land being too high in Bates county for his means, he emigrated to Greenwood county, Kansas, in 1884, and bought a farm of 240 acres, on which he has resided ever since, following the business of farming and feeding. His family consists of two girls and one boy. The oldest girl is a graduate of the State Normal School, and is a teacher. Senator Braddock is not an active politician, but he does not object to being called a partisan, believing that it is a person's duty to believe the principles advocated by his party or abandon it. He has never asked for an office, but has received three nominations unsolicited—twice for County Commissioner of Greenwood county and once for State Senator. He was elected each time by a heavy majority.



SENATOR WILLIAM F. BENSON.

Butler county, which comprises the Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, is represented by William F. Benson, a banker of El Dorado. He has always taken a lively interest in politics. Mr. Benson was County Treasurer; was delegate to the State convention in 1898, at Abilene; chairman of executive committee of the "Populist, Democrat, and Free-Silver Republican" committee for the year 1896; candidate for office three times in Butler county; elected twice, defeated once, receiving more votes than any other of his party on the ticket each time. He was nominated by the People's party, and indorsed by the Democrats. Mr. Benson was born in North Dorset, Bennington county, Vermont. Is 39 years of age. Has a common-school education. From Vermont he removed to New York, and in 1878 came to Kansas, where he engaged in farming. At present is assistant cashier of the Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank at El Dorado. He is married, and has a family consisting of two sons and two daughters. Is a member of the El Dorado Commandery, No. 19, Knights Templar; also of the Modern Woodmen.



SENATOR JASON HELMICK.

The Twenty-sixth Senatorial District, comprising Elk and Chautauqua counties, is again represented by Jason Helmick, the candidate of the People's party, indorsed by the Democrats. In the Legislature of 1891 Mr. Helmick represented Chautauqua county in the House. He is a farmer, a native of Pendleton county, West Virginia, and is sixty years of age. He came to Kansas in March, 1871, from Iowa, settled on a claim in Howard (now Chautauqua) county, where he has since resided. Served three years in Company C, Seventh Regiment, Iowa Infantry. Mr. Helmick has not been especially active in politics until the past few years, but has been Township Trustee five years, and for five years justice of the peace; has attended local, State and Congressional conventions as a delegate. Was a Republican until 1868, when on account of the money question, he left that party, and has not been with them since. Senator Helmick believes that time has justified the action he took at that time. He is married, and has three children.

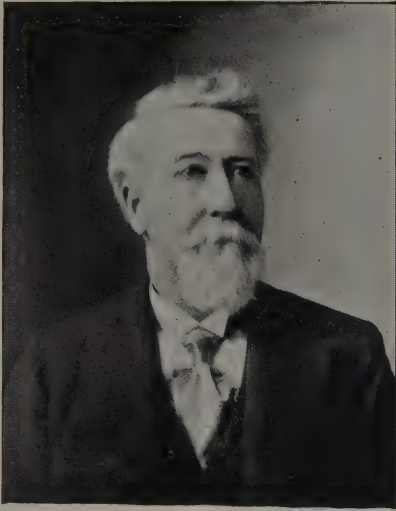


SENATOR L. P. KING.

One of the most influential members of the Senate is Senator L. P. King, of Cowley county—the Seventh District. He is a gubernatorial possibility among the Populists for 1900. During the past three sessions of the Legislature he was chairman of the Senate railroad committee, and as such did more than any other Senator in forming the new Court of Visitation law, which has taken the place of the State Board of Railroad Commissioners. For four years he was President *pro tem.* of the Senate, and in the joint convention of 1895 he received the full vote of the People's party for United States Senator. Was again a candidate for United States Senator in 1897, and received nearly enough votes in the first session of his party's caucus to nominate him. Was permanent chairman of the Populist State convention in 1898, and chairman of the railroad committee of the Senate in the special session of 1898. At the Abilene State convention he was a candidate for Governor, and received 120 votes on the first ballot. Senator King may almost be reckoned a native of Kansas, having been brought to the State by his parents at the early age of four years.

He was born in Washington county, Illinois, in 1850, and had his home in Doniphan county, this State, for sixteen years from 1855, receiving his education in the common schools. He was too young at the time of the war to be received as a soldier, but was connected with the Eleventh Ohio Volunteer Cavalry as a clerk in the quartermaster's department from 1863 to 1865. He has resided in Cowley county over twenty-five years; has been active in local politics, and frequently a delegate to conventions. Senator King was elected to the Senate as a Republican in 1888, and as a Populist in 1897. Was also a member of the House during the sessions of 1885, 1886, and 1887. This long term of legislative service clearly entitles Senator King to the distinction of being the "ranking member of the Legislature."

He is a farmer, and has also been engaged in teaching. Is married, and has one daughter and three sons. Is a member of the Christian church. Senator King was Vice-President of the Board of World's Fair Commissioners in 1893.



SENATOR A. G. FORNEY.

Probably the most striking figure on the floor of the Senate during the last legislative session was Senator A. G. Forney, of Sumner, the Twenty-eighth District. As chairman of the ways and means committee he was the central figure of that body. To him the various institutions—educational, charitable, and penal—looked for friendship and support. They were not disappointed. Senator Forney showed himself equal to the occasion. On account of his personal standing, he had no trouble in getting liberal appropriations through for all of the institutions. Senator Forney is serving his second term as Senator.

He was born near Guernsey, Ohio, and is fifty-one years of age. He received a common-school education, and in addition attended the Cambridge high school two terms. During the war he served in Company G, Forty-seventh Regiment battalion, Ohio National Guard. In May, 1871, he came to Kansas and engaged in farming and the raising and handling of stock. Though not active in politics, he was Township Clerk two terms, and clerk of school district for twenty-one years. He was also once elected justice of the peace, but did not qualify. He has been delegate to three national Presidential conventions, also two Congressional, three State, and one Silver convention. Mr. Forney is married, and has nine children. While in Ohio he taught school during the winters of 1867, '68, '69, and '70. When Senator Forney first came to Kansas, in 1871, he took a claim on what was known as the Osage Diminished Reserve, bought a half-section adjoining, and now resides on this land. Being a pharmacist, he has spent three years in the drug business. Several years he has devoted to the cattle range in western Kansas and the Indian Territory, and has fed from 150 to 500 head of cattle each winter for the past fifteen years.



SENATOR LORENZO D. LEWELLING.

In the legislative sessions of 1897 and 1899, ex-Governor L. D. Lewelling probably exercised as great an influence over legislation as any other man in the State. Having been Governor of Kansas, he knew what laws the State needed. His advice was always sought, and generally adopted. He was chairman of the ways and means committee in 1897, but relinquished that work in the session of 1899, so that he might have more time to look after things on the floor of the Senate. Senator Lewelling represents Sedgwick county.

He was born at Salem, Henry county, Iowa, in which State he filled the position of Superintendent of the Industrial School for Girls, previous to coming to Kansas. He landed in Kansas April 1, 1886. He is fifty-one years of age, and has a wife and four daughters. He is now engaged in farming and in the creamery business. Before coming to Kansas he was a Republican. He was several times delegate to the National Congress of Charities, appointed by the Governor; was a member of the Board of Directors of State Normal School, and was President of the Board when he came to Kansas. He was elected Governor by the People's party in 1892, and served two years. He was delegate-at-large to the People's party convention at St. Louis that nominated Bryan for President. For the past two years he has been a member of the State Railroad Commission. He was prominent in Masonic circles before coming to Kansas. He held the position of Worshipful Master in two lodges at different times and for some years each. He was at one time Deputy Grand Master of the State of Iowa; was Grand Orator both for the Grand Lodge and Grand Commandery. He is also a member of the Mystic Shrine. Since coming to Kansas he has joined several benevolent societies.



SENATOR ROYAL MATTHEWS.

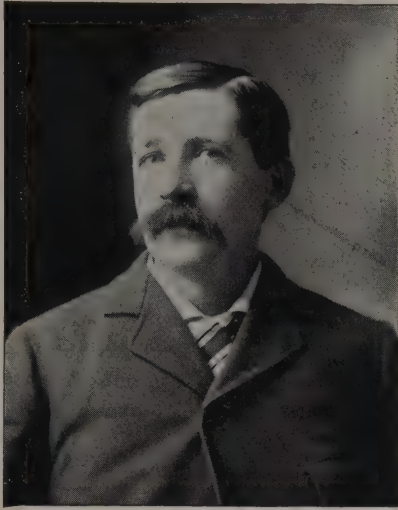
Senator Royal Matthews, of District No. 30,—McPherson and Harvey counties,—is one of the most active members of the upper body of the Legislature. While a strong partisan, he is always fair with the opposition, and for this reason has much influence. He generally gets whatever he goes after.

Senator Matthews was born at Davenport, Scott county, Iowa, and is thirty-nine years of age. He attended the Davenport high school and graduated from the Iowa State University, and in September, 1876, came to Kansas. Before coming to Kansas he practiced law for six years at Davenport, Iowa, but for the last twelve years has engaged in the banking business. He has always been a Republican, and was elected by that party. Mr. Matthews is married, and has two sons. Is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.



SENATOR JAMES A. RESER.

James A. Reser, of the Thirty-first Senatorial District, which consists of Saline and Ottawa counties, was born in Green county, Tennessee, fifty-three years ago, where he received an academic education, having attended Clear Spring Academy. He came to Kansas in September, 1869, where he engaged in farming. He served in Company G, Fourth East Tennessee Infantry. Never has been active in politics, although was a delegate to the conventions at Wichita and Hutchinson. He was nominated by the People's party and endorsed by the Democrats. Prior to 1889 affiliated with the Republican party. Mr. Reser is married, and has a family of two sons and four daughters. He is a member of Lodge No. 60, A. F. & A. M., at Salina.



SENATOR R. B. WARD.

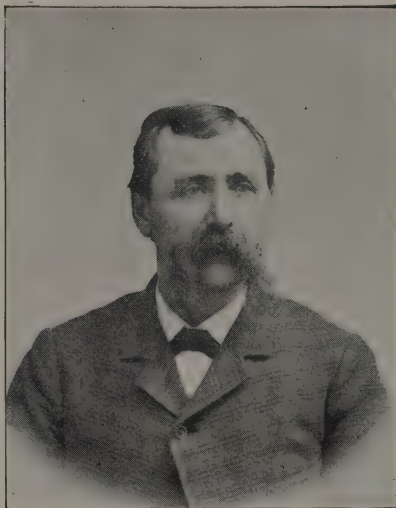
Cloud and Republic counties form the Thirty-second Senatorial District, and have elected R. B. Ward, a prosperous hardware merchant of Belleville, to fill the vacancy in the Senate caused by the death of Senator Mosher. The two counties comprising his district gave a Populist majority of 360 two years ago, and this adverse majority he changed to 700 in favor of himself,—a change of over one thousand votes in the district. Mr. Ward was born in Leicestershire, England, is 46 years of age, and came to Kansas from Iowa in April, 1871, without team, or money enough to take up a homestead. He worked in Nebraska for a time, but returned to Kansas, married in Belleville, and has resided there ever since. He has a family of five sons and one daughter, his eldest son being now a student in the State University. He held the office of Sheriff of Republic county for four years. He is a decided Republican, and has not asked nor received the indorsement of any other party. Mr. Ward is a Mason.



SENATOR ANSON S. COOKE.

The Thirty-third Senatorial District, composed of Jewell and Mitchell counties, is represented by Senator Anson S. Cooke, a conscientious, hard-working and honest man. No man in the Legislature has any more friends than he. He is always at his post, battling for what he believes to be right.

Senator Cooke, of Beloit, was born August 13, 1849, in Lake county, Illinois, but removed with his parents to Sauk county, Wisconsin, when two years old: again moving, while Cooke was yet a boy, to Clinton county, Iowa. He received a common-school education, and at nineteen was granted a certificate to teach in Iowa. He shortly afterwards moved to Holt county, Missouri, where he taught four years, and in 1872 came to Kansas, settled in Mitchell county, and engaged in farming and stock-raising. He was a Republican until the organization of the People's party, when he joined it, and in 1892 was nominated by his party for the Senate, and was elected to the last Legislature for a second term. Mr. Cooke is married, and has five sons. In religion he is a consistent Methodist. Is not a politician, though he has been delegated to represent his party in important conventions.



SENATOR WESLEY B. HELM.

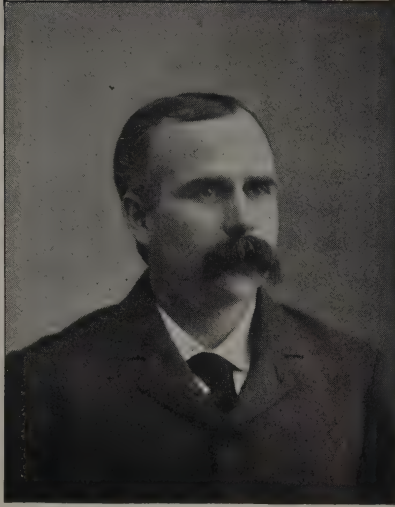
The Thirty-fourth Senatorial District is made up of Osborne, Lincoln, Russell and Ellsworth counties, and is represented for the second successive term by W. B. Helm, of Ellsworth. Born in Sullivan county, New York, in 1844, he came to Kansas from New York in June, 1878, and settled five miles northwest of Ellsworth, where he has since resided. His occupation is farming, and he has also taught school during eight winter terms. He is a man of varied attainments, having also been occupied several years of his life in civil engineering and the lumber business. Senator Helm is a married man, with two sons and three daughters, and is a member of the Methodist church. He was a Republican until 1890, when he actively affiliated with the People's party. Was a delegate to the State convention of that party held in Wichita in 1892; also the first People's party Congressional convention at Hill City in 1890, the first conference in Cincinnati, and the State convention at Abilene. Was nominated for Senator by the People's party, and afterwards indorsed by the Democrats, and elected.



SENATOR JOHN ARMSTRONG.

One of the most conservative and at the same time strongest fusion members of the Senate is Senator John Armstrong, of the Thirty-fifth District, composed of Barton, Rice and Stafford counties. Senator Armstrong is always found working in the interests of his constituents, but he never tries to tear down one interest to upbuild another. He aims to be absolutely fair in all legislation that comes up for action. He is chairman of the penal institutions committee.

Senator Armstrong is an engineer, machinist, and farmer, whose postoffice is Great Bend. This was his second term in the Senate. Mr. Armstrong was born in Westmoreland county, Pa., fifty-three years ago, and served the Union as a soldier in Company K, Eighteenth, and Company B, Ninth Michigan Infantry, during the great Rebellion. He had always been a Republican until the organization of the People's party, when he joined it, and has been fairly active in doing his share of the party work. Has been interested in penology, and expects to see his theory put in practice in the penal institutions of Kansas. Mr. Armstrong is married, and has two sons and two daughters. His family are Methodists.



SENATOR FRANK C. FIELD.

One of the most useful and successful members of the Senate is Senator Frank C. Field, who represents the Thirty-sixth Senatorial District, composed of Reno, Kingman and Pratt counties. He seldom fails to answer to roll-call, and is ever alert to the best interests of the State and especially of his constituents. He has succeeded in placing several important laws upon the statute-books of the State. Senator Field lives at Pretty Prairie, Reno county, and has always been quite active in State and local politics. In 1894 he was a delegate to the Populist State convention held in Topeka, to the Populist National convention at St. Louis in 1896, and to the Populist State convention in 1898,—by which party he was nominated, and indorsed by the Democrats. He was a Republican until 1890. Mr. Field was born in Van Buren county, Michigan, thirty-eight years ago, where he received a common-school education. In 1876 he moved from Michigan to Kansas, and engaged in farming until 1890; since then he has been a shipper of grain and stock. He has a wife and six children. Is Venerable Consul in the order of Modern Woodmen of America, and Vice Grand of the order of I. O. O. F.



SENATOR ANDREW JACKSON TITUS.

One of the most successful legislators in the present Senate, as well as one of the most valuable and efficient members of that body, is Senator A. J. Titus, of Harper county. He represents the Thirty-seventh Senatorial District, composed of Harper, Barber, Clark, Meade, Kiowa, Comanche, Ford and Gray counties. He is the author of much good legislation that was enacted by the sessions of 1897 and 1899, and by the special session of 1898. He was chairman of the Senate committee on education and educational institutions, and it was largely due to his efforts that the State text-book law and many other valuable educational and other laws were passed. He is an able debater and a skilled parliamentarian.

Senator Titus was born in New Jersey, thirty-three years ago. He came to Kansas in October, 1878. He received his education in the common schools and at the Kansas Normal College, at Fort Scott. He was formerly a Republican, but of recent years has been a member of the People's party. He has been prominently mentioned in connection with the nomination for Congress in the Seventh Congressional District; also for the office of State Superintendent of Public Instruction. He was clerk of the District Court in 1892. Senator Titus is married, and has two children.



SENATOR ARTHUR H. LUPFER.

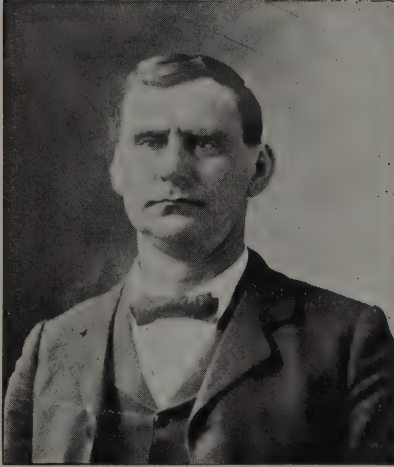
The Thirty-eighth Senatorial District has an able representative in the person of Senator A. H. Lupfer, of Larned. A forceful debater, a thorough knowledge of the needs of the State, and possessed of a good stock of sound common-sense, Senator Lupfer early took a prominent place among the members of the upper branch of the State Legislature. He is the author of many bills that have become laws. He was a member of several important committees, being chairman of the committee on district apportionment. During the Legislative sessions of 1891, 1893 and 1895, Pawnee county was represented in the House by Mr. Lupfer. He performed his work so well that he was nominated and elected Senator of the Thirty-eighth District, the largest in the State in point of territory, comprising Pawnee and seventeen other counties in the southwest corner of the State.

Senator Lupfer was born in New Germantown, Perry county, Pa., and is forty-one years old. He was, previous to 1890, an active Republican; had four years' continuous service as Superintendent of Public Instruction, having been twice elected on the Republican ticket by majorities considerably leading the rest of the ticket. Mr. Lupfer has never suffered defeat in any convention or election following. Since 1890 he has affiliated with the People's party. He is a teacher and farmer, and has a wife and three sons—all Methodists. He possesses an academic education, and was trained for teaching at the Pennsylvania State Normal School, removing from that State to Kansas, March 1, 1878.



SENATOR LEVI PRITCHARD.

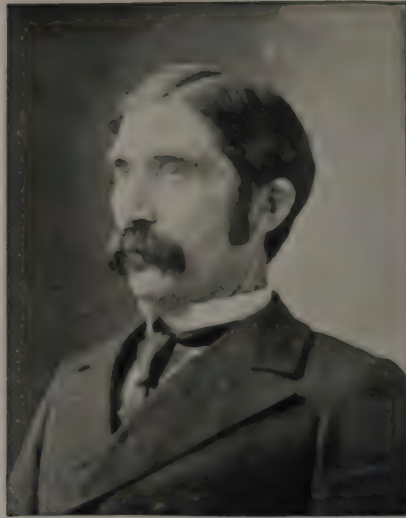
The Thirty-ninth Senatorial District is composed of thirteen counties in the northwestern part of the State, and is this year represented by Levi Pritchard, of Hill City, Graham county, who was nominated by the People's party, and elected with the help of the Democratic and Free-Silver Republican parties. He represented Graham county in the Legislature of 1893. Col. Pritchard was born in Coshocton county, Ohio, in 1831; has been miner, mechanic, soldier and merchant, but is now engaged in farming. Has a wife and five children, and believes in the greatest liberty possible in politics and religion. Was postmaster at Millbrook from 1887 to 1889. In 1852 he went to California, and engaged in mining and the manufacture of mining tools at Cold Springs. Returned to Ohio in the fall of 1855, and the following year moved to Dekalb county, Missouri, from which place he came to Kansas in 1879, and resides now on the homestead taken at that time. In the Civil War he was Major of the Twelfth Missouri Volunteer Cavalry, served as Captain in three other regiments, and Lieutenant Colonel of another.



SENATOR DAN. HART.

One of the most substantial members of the Senate is Senator Dan. Hart, of Norton county. He has represented his Senatorial district—the Fortieth, composed of Norton, Smith and Phillips counties—for eight years, rendering efficient services to his constituents and to the State. He was chairman of the Senate committee on county seats and county lines.

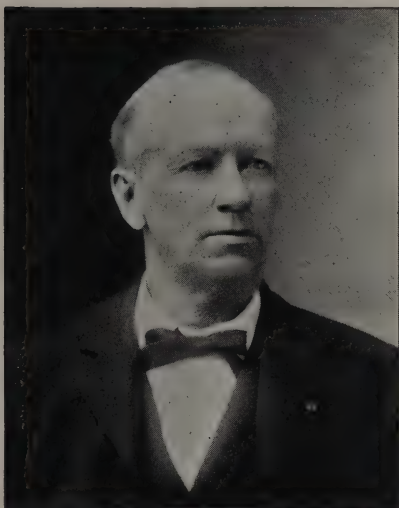
Senator Hart was born in Morrow county, Ohio, and is engaged in farming and stock-raising. He attended normal school at Worthington, Ohio, and Valparaiso, Ind., and in 1885 came to Kansas from Missouri. Formerly a Republican, he joined the People's party upon its organization, and has been quite active in politics. He was serving his second term as Clerk of the District Court of his county when elected to the last Legislature as a Populist. Senator Hart is forty-three years of age, is married, and has had five children.



Representative ED. HEENEY.

Doniphan county — the First District — has as its Representative Ed. Heeney, a leading business man of Severance. Mr. Heeney took to legislative work like a duck to water. He was quick to "catch on" to a proposition, and if it was a good one he supported it; if a bad one, he fought it. And the other members can all testify what a hard fighter he is when he gets started.

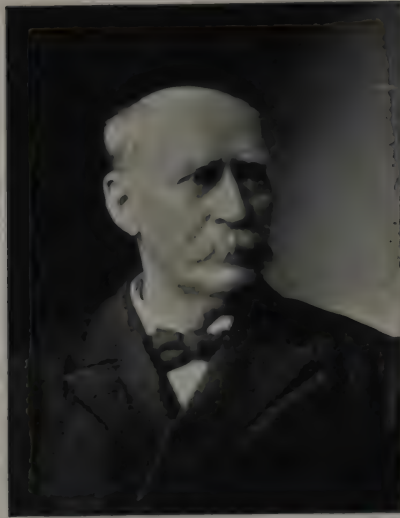
Mr. Heeney was born near the city of Dublin, Ireland. He is forty-six years of age; was educated in the common schools, and later graduated from St. Joseph Commercial College. He left Ireland while yet a young man, finally landing in Kansas about 1870. In religion he is a Catholic. He is unmarried. He has taken quite an interest in the discussion of political questions, especially the tariff, and on account of his views on this question he left the Democratic party in 1893 and has been identified with the Republican party ever since. He has served as County Superintendent of Public Instruction of Doniphan county, and has attended various State conventions of his party. He is now engaged in the hardware, implement and furniture business in Severance.



Representative JOHN SEATON.

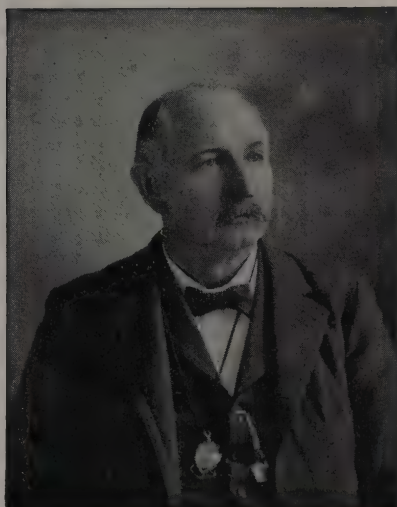
District No. 2, Atchison county, comprising the city of Atchison, was represented in the House of 1899 by Captain John Seaton, known as the "Father of the House." The Republican voters of Atchison evidently have unbounded confidence in the integrity and ability of John Seaton, for they have sent him to represent them in the House for the *eighth* term. No other member can boast of so long a term of service as a legislator, and probably no member cares for the interests of his constituency better. Captain Seaton is clearly entitled to the honorable distinction of "Father of the House." In the last House Captain Seaton was chairman of the committee on railroads. One of the most important measures of the session was introduced by Captain Seaton. It was the bill to establish a binding-twine plant at the State penitentiary.

Captain Seaton was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, sixty-four years ago, but grew to manhood in Kentucky, from which State he removed to Illinois in 1856. For fifteen years he resided in Illinois; then removed to Atchison in 1872, and for the past twenty-seven years has been engaged in iron manufacturing there. Mr. Seaton entered the service in Company B, Twenty-second Illinois Volunteer Infantry, in the spring of 1861, and was advanced to the rank of Captain. He is very devoted to his business, but finds time to serve the people of Atchison as their Representative. His friends throughout the State made a valiant fight to nominate him for Governor in 1898, but were outdone in numbers by the friends of the man from the "Peerless Princess of the Plains." His family consists of a wife, two sons and three daughters, who are proud of a kind and indulgent husband and father. He belongs to the Knights of Pythias, the A. O. U. W., and the U. C. T., the Kansas Commandery of the Loyal Legion, and John A. Martin Post of the G. A. R. He has often represented his constituency in conventions—county, Congressional and State, and no man is probably better known in political circles.



Representative I. B. WILCOX.

One of the most substantial men in the Legislature of 1899 was I. B. Wilcox, who represented the Third Legislative District, Atchison county. Although a member of the Populist minority, he did not allow partisan politics to stand in the way of securing beneficial legislation for his constituents and State. He became recognized by the members generally, without regard to party affiliations, as a conservative man and a wise, conscientious legislator. Mr. Wilcox was nominated by the People's party and indorsed by the Democrats. He lives at Muscotah, but was born at Harpersfield, Delaware county, N. Y., and is nearly 65 years of age. He graduated in the State Normal School of New York away back in 1855, and has added numerous items from the "school of experience" since that time. He came to Kansas from Missouri as early as the year 1863, and has been identified with the interests of the State ever since. His occupation is civil engineering and surveying. He is married, and has one son. He enjoys the respect and confidence of his community, who have elected him as County Commissioner for four consecutive terms. He attended the State Convention of his party held at Leavenworth. He was formerly a Republican. Is a member of Muscotah Lodge, No. 116, A. F. & A. M., and Delaware Lodge, No. 369, I. O. O. F.



Representative W. A. COY.

W. A. Coy, a merchant of Oskaloosa, was sent to the Legislature of 1899 to represent the Fourth District, comprising a portion of Jefferson county. He is a Republican.

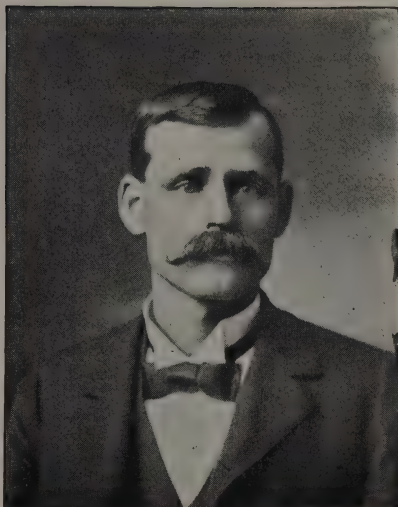
Mr. Coy was born in Portage county, Ohio, in 1835, and removed with his father to Iowa in 1853, where they established the town of Coyville, there beginning his mercantile experience forty-six years ago. Three years later he came to Kansas, locating a claim in Jefferson county. Then for a few years he was employed as a traveling salesman, but in 1861 was married and settled on his claim. He has been in the business of manufacturing and jobbing in clothing in Kansas City, Mo., and in the mercantile business in Leavenworth and Kansas City, Kas., and has conducted branch stores in Clay Center, Valley Falls, Holton, Effingham, and other towns. Since 1893 he has lived in Oskaloosa, near where he took up his claim forty-two years ago. He was educated in the common schools; is married, his family consisting of wife and one daughter. He attends the Presbyterian Church. Has been somewhat active in politics, having at various times been a delegate to State and other conventions. Besides holding the offices of Register of Deeds and Treasurer of Jefferson county, he has served as Mayor both of Oskaloosa and of Kansas City, Kansas. Mr. Coy has always been a Republican. He is a Royal Arch Mason.



Representative MILLARD F. MARKS.

In the legislative sessions of 1897 and 1899 there were probably none who took a more prominent part in the deliberations of the House than did Dr. M. F. Marks, Representative of Legislative District No. 5, Jefferson county. In the session of 1899 he was one of the acknowledged floor leaders of the Populist minority. He is an able debater, a shrewd parliamentarian, and an all-around successful legislator.

Dr. Marks was born in Mexico, Mo.; is now forty years of age, and is married. He resides in Valley Falls, of which city he has been Councilman, and is now City Physician, as well as chief of the Fire Department. For six years he taught school, and then was in the Kansas City Hospital from 1885 to 1889, when he graduated. He has also filled the several positions of druggist, student, head nurse, assistant house surgeon, and physician in the City Hospital at Kansas City, Mo., and druggist in the Topeka Insane Asylum. He was New York post-graduate in 1892. An active politician and a favorite of his party, he succeeded in polling the full fusion strength of Populists and Democrats, and owes his election to their loyal support. He came to Kansas from Missouri in 1873, and to Valley Falls in 1889. Dr. Marks is a member of the Christian Church. During the session of 1897 he was chairman of the committee on health and hygiene. He saved the text-book bill at a critical moment.



Representative SHERMAN MEDILL.

Leavenworth county had three able Representatives in the House of 1899, and one of them was Sherman Medill, Representative of the Sixth Legislative District. He was a member of several important House committees, and also rendered his constituents valuable services on the floor of the House.

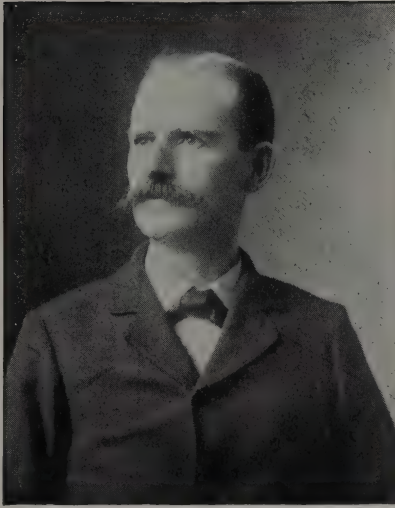
Mr. Medill is a native Kansan, having been born thirty-three years ago in the district which he now represents, on his father's farm near Springdale, Leavenworth county. Mr. Medill was educated in the common schools of Leavenworth county, and completed his education in the Lawrence Business College, graduating with the class of 1886. The next two years were spent in the West looking over the field with a view to locating, and at the end of that time Mr. Medill decided to return to his birthplace and take charge of his father's farm, on which he now resides. Mr. Medill was married in 1890, and has a family of a wife and four sons. He himself is the only son of James Medill, deceased, who served twice in the early Legislatures of the State. He is an ardent Republican and faithful party worker. Is a member of Ruble Camp No. 3144, Modern Woodmen of America.



Representative F. B. DAWES.

In the person of F. B. Dawes, ex-Attorney General of Kansas, the Republicans of the House had a powerful debater, an able lawyer, a shrewd parliamentarian, and a wise leader. Not once, but often, did he steer his political associates away from the breakers. Mr. Dawes served his State and constituents wisely and well. He was chairman of the committee on cities of the first class. In the interest of the miners of Kansas, he secured the passage of a law taking convict coal out of the open market. He represents the Seventh District, which comprises the First, Third, Fourth and Sixth wards of the city of Leavenworth. Nominated in a strong Democratic district, he succeeded in tying his opponent with the home vote of his district, and the soldier vote when counted gave him a safe majority.

Mr. Dawes was born in Allen county, Indiana, upon the farm, and enjoyed an academic education, followed by a complete law course. He came to this State from Indiana in 1878. His family is composed of a wife and three daughters, he having laid his only son upon his country's altar in the late war with Spain. He died in a hospital in Honolulu while en route to Manila with his regiment, the Twentieth Kansas. Mr. Dawes has always been a Republican, and as a campaigner has few equals. He was elected Attorney General while residing in Clay Center, where he and his family have many friends.



Representative MATT. W. EDMONDS.

The Eighth Representative District, composed of the Second ward of the city of Leavenworth and adjacent townships, was ably represented in the House by Matt. W. Edmonds. He was elected by the Populists with the coöperation of the Democrats, and was an influential member of the minority in the House. Mr. Edmonds is a farmer. He resides near Fairmount.

He claims New York as his native State, having been born in the city of Brooklyn thirty-four years ago. He is unmarried. Is not connected with any religious denomination. He can almost claim to be a native Kansan, having come to the State in 1869, when less than four years of age. Besides a course in the common schools, Mr. Edmonds spent three years in college, and taught school previous to his present occupation as a farmer. He has taken an interest in politics from boyhood. He was a member of the Farmers' Alliance while it lasted, acting as secretary most of the time; was a delegate to the State convention that nominated Thomas Moonlight for Governor; was a deputy Coal Oil Inspector under the Lewelling administration, and was chairman of the People's party county committee for two years, and chairman of the Third Judicial District committee. Has attended many State and district conventions.



Representative J. S. EDWARDS.

The laboring-men of Kansas had a tried and true friend in Representative J. S. Edwards, Republican, of the Ninth District, in Wyandotte. Mr. Edwards was elected by laboring votes, his district—the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards—taking in the packing-house and industrial district of Kansas City, Kansas. He achieved much fame in his determined fight to prevent the passage of anti-oleomargarine legislation. He contended that such legislation was against the interests of the laboring classes.

Representative Edwards is the senior member of the firm of Edwards & Reed, real estate, loan and insurance agents of Kansas City, Kan., south side.

He was born in Bridgeport, Madison county, N. Y., forty-nine years ago, and educated in the common schools of that State, with a complete course in the Cazenovia Seminary. He came to Kansas City in 1883, and for a time was employed by the firm of Clark & Downing, but was previous to his coming to Kansas a school teacher and a prominent educator of the East. A wife and one child bless his home. He finds the Methodist Church most congenial to his religious belief. Although an earnest party worker, he has never held office, but has been content to serve in the ranks and for others. Mr. Edwards is the first Republican elected from the Ninth District for many years.



Representative DAVID D. HOAG.

Wyandotte county has three able representatives in the Legislature, but none more so than Judge David D. Hoag. He was one of the leading members of the House in the session of 1899. He is an able lawyer and a conservative and reliable man. He was chairman of the committee on manufacturing. He represents District No. 10, which is a part of Kansas City.

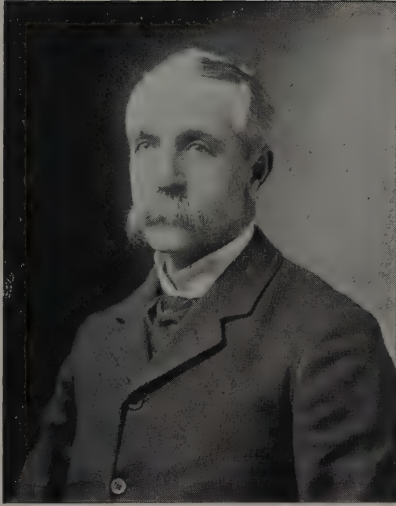
Judge Hoag was born in Sherman, Fairfield county, Conn.; is fifty years old; and enjoys the advantages of a good college education, having graduated from Yale College in the class of 1873. He was for years a practicing lawyer in Minneapolis, Ottawa county, in which county he also held the office of Probate Judge for three terms, and was postmaster at Minneapolis for six years during the Hayes administration. Since his removal to Kansas City, Kansas, he has been the chief promoter of the elevated railway system, and is at present secretary and treasurer of the Wyandotte Realty Company. Through his extensive acquaintance among the capitalists of the East, he has done much toward upbuilding eastern Kansas. He is an eloquent and forceful speaker, is well posted in parliamentary usages, and has had a wide business experience. His family consists of a wife, three girls, and one boy. In his religious preferences he is a Presbyterian. Always a Republican, he has not sought nor received favors from any other party, and has often been a delegate to State conventions.



Representative H. A. BAILEY.

Representative H. A. Bailey, Republican, of the Eleventh District, composed of all the territory in Wyandotte county outside of Kansas City, Kas., made a record in the Legislature of 1899 that entitles him to a reelection. The most important measure of the many which he got through was the bill to establish a State Industrial School for the negroes, at Quindaro. He should receive the everlasting gratitude of the negroes of the State for this one thing. As chairman of the committee on cities of the second class he pushed through many bills of vast importance to towns of that class.

Mr. Bailey is a lawyer, and lives at Argentine. He is 40 years of age, and was born in Berkshire, Franklin county, Vt., and enjoys the advantages of a complete collegiate course in school under private instruction. He came to this State from Illinois in 1882, and was prior to 1889 engaged in railroad work. As a lawyer he has been eminently successful, holding the office of City Attorney of Argentine for four years, and has been a member of the Board of Education of the same city for three years. His services as a party worker have been in demand, and he often is a delegate to county and Congressional conventions. He is married, but has no family. Is connected with Christian Science Church. His election was a splendid testimonial to his popularity, inasmuch as he had in his district an adverse majority of 200 to overcome, and this he did, landing safely with a plurality of 530 and a majority over all of 272.



Representative THOMAS L. HOGUE.

Johnson, one of the eastern "border tier" counties, which is the Twelfth Representative District, has an able Representative in the person of Thomas L. Hogue, a real-estate and insurance man, who was born on a farm in Belmont county, Ohio, fifty years ago. He left the Buckeye State in 1870 and cast in his lot with the people of Kansas, and has been a factor in her history ever since. He is a Methodist, and is married, his wife being formerly Miss Nannie L. Anderson, ex-County Superintendent of Johnson county. They have a son and daughter. Mr. Hogue's war record is made up of service in Co. B, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and a six-months service in the One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Illinois Volunteer Infantry. He was a member of the Kansas Legislature during the sessions of 1885 and 1886. As a Republican he has been an active worker ever since boyhood for the success of the principles of the party, and is proud of its record. During the years 1896 and 1897 he held the responsible position of chairman of his county committee, and although the hottest political battles were waged, each year every man on the county ticket was elected. Mr. Hogue is a member of the A. O. U. W.



Representative A. HENLEY.

The hardest worked member of the Legislature of 1899 was Representative A. Henley, of the Thirteenth District, in Douglas county. On account of his splendid business ability and his high standing, he was appointed chairman of the ways and means committee by Speaker Osborn. This position required him to work almost incessantly while the Legislature was in session. It is recognized by all, that he rendered the State valuable services. He weeded out all of the usual "steals" that come before the Legislature, and killed them off in short order. While allowing liberal appropriations for the various institutions, he never permitted any extravagance. Representative Henley was in the 1897 session of the Legislature, and his experience in that body assisted him materially in the work he was called upon to perform in the session of 1899.

Mr. Henley was born in Henry county, Ind., fifty-two years ago, remaining there until 1877, when he moved to Kansas. He was engaged in the manufacture of barbed wire at Lawrence, and built up a very extensive industry which was recently taken in by the trust. Mr. Henley received an academic education, and is a thorough and energetic business man. He is married, and has a wife and two sons. Has been moderately interested in politics, and is an unswerving Republican, and as such was elected Mayor of Lawrence. He was spoken of for Speaker during the recent session, but declined to enter the race.



Representative WILLIAM F. OSBORN.

Dr. William F. Osborn, residing in Baldwin, Douglas county, represents that part of the county which constitutes the Fourteenth District. He was born in Fairchance, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, and came to Kansas from that State in 1870. His earlier education was attained in the common school and academy, but later he graduated from Rush Medical College, in Chicago. His family consists of a wife and three sons, one of whom is in the Twentieth Kansas Regiment, now at Manila. He also proved his own loyalty in the War of the Rebellion by serving as surgeon in the Eleventh Pennsylvania Infantry and the Thirteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry. He is a member of the G. A. R. He has always been identified with the Republican party, and has held the offices of Commissioner and Coroner of Coffey county, in this State, where he formerly resided, and has been elected Mayor of the city of Baldwin. He is now 67 years of age.



Representative W. S. FINLEY.

The Fifteenth District, comprising the western half of Franklin county, has a substantial and able Representative in the Legislature in the person of W. S. Finley. Mr. Finley is a banker at Williamsburg. His education was obtained in the common schools, completing the course in Duff's Commercial College, at Pittsburg, Pa. He came to the State of Kansas from Wisconsin, November 20, 1877, and has been engaged in merchandising, lumbering, stock-farming, and since the year 1882, in banking almost exclusively. His family consists of a wife and one son, J. R. Finley, now married. He was Draft Commissioner with rank of Major in Wisconsin, in which State he also served in the House of Representatives in 1860-61. He has been active in politics, both here and in Wisconsin, and has attended State conventions in both States. He is a staunch Republican and has never affiliated with any other party. About the year 1878 he was the Republican candidate for the mayoralty of Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, but was defeated by Geo. W. Lusk, Democrat. In the late campaign he had a majority of about 200 votes to overcome, and this he did, winning with a safe majority. Mr. Finley was born at Conneaut Lake, Crawford county, Pa., and is sixty-seven years old.



Representative JOHN T. BAKER.

There were many early pioneers of Kansas in the House of 1899, but only one of them could boast of forty-four years' residence within her borders. John T. Baker, who represents the eastern part of Franklin county, District No. 16, came to the State in 1855, coming from Putnam county, Indiana, with his father's family when only 12 years old. Mr. Baker is a farmer, and has enjoyed the advantages of a common-school education; also the education that a life on the frontier has given to so many. He belongs to the Methodist Church. He has a family consisting of a wife, two daughters, and one son. He entered the service in Kansas, and served three years in Company D, Twelfth Regiment Kansas Infantry. He was a member of the Kansas Legislature of 1895, and has been County Commissioner of his county and Trustee of his township. He also attended three State conventions. Mr. Baker is a Republican of the kind that never wavers, even though his party be overwhelmed by the opposition. He was an active and successful member of the House in the session of 1899.



Representative J. B. REMINGTON.

Miami county—District No. 17—sent to the House of 1899 Major J. B. Remington, a farmer and business man. Major Remington is something of a veteran in the House, having served in the Legislatures of 1889, '93, '95, and '99. In the last House he served faithfully on the committees on ways and means, State affairs, State library, and claims and accounts, being chairman of the last-named committee. Major Remington made an enviable record in the Civil War. He enlisted as a private soldier in the Eighty-ninth New York in 1861, and was mustered out as a Major five years later. He was wounded twice in action.

Major Remington was born in Rochester, N. Y., sixty years ago. He located in Kansas in 1867. His family consists of a wife and four daughters. He always has been a firm Republican. He is a prominent figure at all Republican State conventions, and is an earnest worker in politics at home. He was temporary Clerk of the House of 1893, and temporary Speaker of the House of 1895 and 1899.



Representative R. G. MENDENHALL.

One of the solid men of the Legislature of 1899 was Dr. R. G. Mendenhall, Republican, of Linn county,—the Eighteenth District. Recognizing his ability and strong force of character and integrity, Speaker Osborn named him as chairman of the important committee on charitable institutions. In this capacity Dr. Mendenhall rendered valuable services to the State and its wards. He was also a member of the railroad, insurance and Congressional apportionment committees. Whatever he wanted in the Legislature in the way of legislation he got. The people of Linn county will no doubt return him in 1901 to look after their interests either in the House or Senate.

Dr. Mendenhall resides at LaCygne. He was born in Hamilton county, Indiana, fifty-seven years ago. He came to Kansas from Missouri, about 1873; hence has resided in Kansas for a quarter of a century, taking an active part in forming the State's history during that time. His early education was obtained in the common schools, and later completed in the Bloomingdale Academy, together with a thorough physician's course, having graduated from the medical department of the University of Michigan in 1867, and the Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1872. A wife and daughter share his home. He belongs to the Quaker church. He has always been a Republican, and although not active in politics, yet he was always counted an honor to his party, who in his advanced years have thus rewarded him by electing him to the Legislature. He belongs to the Masonic Lodge,—Chapter, Commandery and Temple, and is at present local surgeon for the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis Ry. Is a member of the International Association of Railway Surgeons.



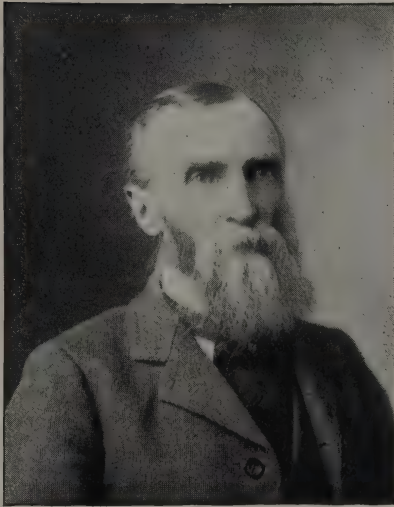
Representative J. G. REES.

One of the most respected members of the Legislature of 1899 was Captain J. G. Rees, of Anderson county, the Nineteenth District. He was the oldest member of the House, being seventy-three years of age, although he was as active as many men not half as old. Captain Rees was given marked attention whenever he arose to address the House on a proposition. He was an ardent advocate of a constitutional convention, and made a strong speech in favor of the adoption of the resolution to submit the matter to the people.

He was born in Lexington, Preble county, Ohio, and received his education largely in the common schools of that State, coming to Kansas in 1857.

He is at present retired from active business, but started out as a printer, then for a time was an editor, and in later years engaged in farming. His wife and adopted daughter are with him in the home, while a married son resides in Franklin county. He is a Universalist in his religious belief. He served in the Mexican War, also in the War of the Rebellion as Captain of Company F, Eleventh Kansas Cavalry. A brother, C. P. Rees, was with Dewey as executive officer on the flagship *Olympia* at the late naval battle at Manila. The Legislature tendered C. P. Rees a grand reception on the occasion of his visit here with Captain Rees during the session.

Captain Rees has been very active in Republican politics, attending many noted conventions, among which were the Leavenworth Constitutional Convention, and the Philadelphia convention where the Republican party was organized, and at which Frémont was nominated. He was a member of the State Senate in 1862, and was in the House in 1866. With his company of cavalry he assisted in protecting from invasion our eastern border, and was in the thickest of the fight during the time of the border warfare preceding the War of the Rebellion. He has been a Mason for fifty years, having held various offices in the Masters' Lodge, and has represented the craft in the Grand Lodges of Ohio and Kansas.



Representative JOHN FRANCIS.

The Legislature of 1899 had a substantial member in the person of John Francis, Representative of the Twentieth District, composed of Allen county. He was chairman of the committee on State affairs, and rendered valuable service to the State in that capacity.

Mr. Francis was born in England, 61 years ago, and received his education in the schools of that country. He came to America and to Kansas in 1858, and has helped to make the history of Kansas from its first settlement. He resides upon his farm, in the northern part of Allen county, with his wife, three daughters, and one son. He is a member of the Episcopal Church. In the War of the Rebellion he served as a member of Company D, Fifth Kansas Cavalry. He has been an active political worker; has held the offices of County Clerk and County Treasurer, and has had an unequalled record in the office of State Treasurer, having been appointed to fill the vacancies caused by two defaulting Treasurers, and afterwards held the office three terms by election. Throughout his long career in this responsible office, Treasurer Francis proved an able officer of the highest integrity. He is a decided Republican, and is positive that he never affiliated with any other party, asserting that he is "not one of that kind."

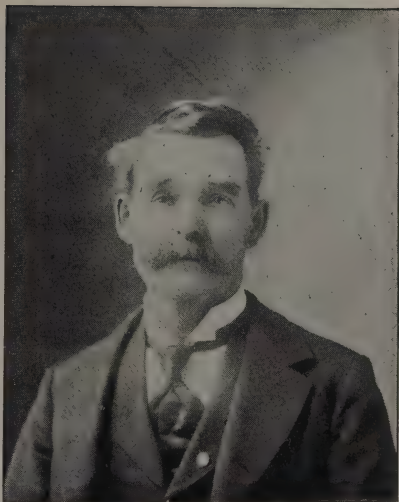


Representative D. F. CAMPBELL.

Representative D. F. Campbell, Republican, of Fort Scott, which with three townships constitutes the Twenty-first District, did more for his district during the last session of the Legislature than any Representative ever did in one session. Although a good lawyer, he did not do much talking on the floor. He is a good "rustler" and "mixer," and got in his licks with the committees and on the outside. He introduced 17 bills; passed 14 through the House and 7 through the Senate. Among the important measures which he got enacted into law were: Bourbon county high-school bill; Fort Scott city-court bill; Bourbon county "good-roads" bill; "piping-gas" bill, and an insurance bill. He was chairman of the committee on rules, and held places on the judiciary, enrolled bills and first-class cities committees. His influence had much to do in the landing of so many Bourbon county Republicans in office under Governor Stanley's administration.

Representative Campbell is a great lodge man, being a member of the K. of P., M. W. A., W. O. W., O. S. F., Maccabees, Turners, K. & L. of S., and is second lieutenant in the Fort Scott company of K. N. G.

He was born in Michigan, near Ann Arbor. He attended the Ann Arbor high school, and then entered the law school at Ann Arbor College, graduating in 1887. He came to Fort Scott in 1897, and is a practicing attorney there. His family consists of a wife and two children—a boy of six years and a girl of four months. He is 34 years old, and is one of the staunchest Republicans in Kansas.



Representative JOHN M. GOODNO.

For the past three sessions of the Legislature the country district of Bourbon county—No. 22—has been represented in an able manner by John M. Goodno, Populist. Mr. Goodno is found working early and late during a legislative session in the interests of the people in general, and his constituents in particular. He is the author of many good, wholesome laws which are now in the statute-books. Mr. Goodno is a prosperous farmer, and resides at Bronson.

He was born in Marion county, Missouri, fifty-eight years ago, removing first to Illinois, from which State he emigrated to Kansas in 1870 and located in Bourbon county. He formerly was a mechanical engineer. His family consists of five sons and two daughters. He has been an active Populist ever since the organization of the party, having frequently been a delegate to conventions.



Representative E. LOOMIS.

The people of the Twenty-third Legislative District, Crawford county, appreciated the valuable services of Representative E. Loomis in the Legislature of 1897 to the extent that they returned him to the Legislature of 1899. Mr. Loomis is a Populist, and was a prominent member of the House minority in 1899. His efforts in the Legislature were largely directed in the interests of the miners of Crawford and other counties, and he was very successful in his work. Mr. Loomis is now 64 years old, and has been a resident of Kansas ever since 1869, when he came to the State from Fowler, Ohio, where he was born. He has been a successful farmer and stock-dealer, and a prosperous business man. He is married, his family consisting of a wife and three sons. He belongs to the Methodist Church. His army service was in Co. D, One Hundred and Seventy-seventh O. V. I. He served in the Legislatures of 1889 and 1897, taking an active part during both sessions. His political history is interesting, inasmuch as he was a Democrat until 1864, when he became a Republican, and for thirty years, or until 1894, worked with that party, when he became a Populist, and favors the various measures advocated by that party. He is a member of the G. A. R., the I. O. O. F., and A. O. U. W. organizations.



Representative F. B. WHEELER.

The city of Pittsburg and the adjoining townships of Crawford county constitute the Twenty-fourth District, and F. B. Wheeler was chosen to represent it in the Legislature. He was born at Arnoldsville, Buchanan county, Missouri, August 20, 1869. He enjoyed the benefits of the district schools until the spring of 1881, when he removed with his parents to Marshall county, Kansas, where he soon after completed the course in the Axtell high school. In the fall of 1885 he entered the State University. After reaching his majority, Mr. Wheeler taught school two years in Pawnee county, Nebraska. Teaching was not to his taste, however, and for years he had been spending his spare time in an effort to prepare himself for admission to the bar. In the fall of 1893 Mr. Wheeler again entered the Kansas University, this time as a student at law, where he graduated with his class with high honors in June of 1895. After graduating, Mr. Wheeler left the county of his adoption and located in Pittsburg, Crawford county, and although competition was close and he was a stranger in Pittsburg, he rapidly rose in his profession and made many friends. In 1898 he was elected as a director in the Pittsburg, Frontenac & Suburban Electric Street Railway, which is one of the largest corporations of its kind in the State. He was afterwards elected director of the Pittsburg, Weir & Columbus Street Car Railway. Here he rose rapidly from director to vice-president, afterwards to president, and then to the responsible position of attorney. He is now president and attorney of both corporations.

Mr. Wheeler was married in the latter part of 1896 to Miss Mabel Ranney, a young lady whom he had previously met while they were University students.

Mr. Wheeler was recognized by his fellow-legislators of all parties as a fair, conservative man, and one not led away by party prejudices. He led the fight in favor of liberal appropriations for educational and charitable institutions, and was recognized as one of the able men of the fusion side.

He is Junior Warden of Pittsburg Lodge No. 187, A. F. & A. M., Past Patron of Rob Morris Chapter No. 74, O. E. S., and a prominent member of the A. O. U. W.



Representative J. C. FOGLE.

Representative J. C. Fogle was born in the Shenandoah Valley, Virginia, October 19, 1861. Is of German extraction, but can trace his American ancestors back to the time of the American Revolution, his great-grandfather having been a soldier in the Continental army, his grandfather a soldier in the American army during the war with England in 1812, and his father a soldier in the Confederate army from 1861 to 1865. His education was received in the common schools and academy. He came to Kansas in 1894, where he at once took a leading part in mining affairs, always fighting the battles of the craft to which he belonged.

In 1898 he was nominated by Populists and Democrats for Representative from the Twenty-fifth District, being the north end of Cherokee county. Mr. Fogle was a delegate to the Populist State Convention of 1898, where he was placed on the resolutions committee from the Third Congressional District. His efforts in the Legislature have been principally in the interest of measures that would inure to the benefit of the laboring-men of Kansas. The bill creating the State Association of Miners, passed at the extra session, was reintroduced by him early in the session, but after a prolonged and hard fight on the part of the introducer, it was killed. Senate bill No. 322, known as the "anti-spotter bill," a measure providing that when an employe should be discharged upon the evidence of a spotter, the name of such spotter should not be withheld from the accused, at the request of Mr. Fogle was referred to the committee on labor, of which he was a member, and after a hard struggle the bill was recommended for passage, but died on the calendar. A bill making it unlawful to sell convict-made goods without stamping them as such was also championed by Mr. Fogle, but this bill was also killed. Mr. F. worked hard for the passage of a bill making the Mine Inspector inspector of weights and measures at coal mines, but this too was killed. He was also a strong supporter of the anti-oleo bill. During the deadlock between the House and Senate on the appropriation bills, Mr. Fogle at all times urged coolness and deliberation, and did all possible to prevent an adjournment without making the necessary appropriations.



Representative GEORGE W. WHEATLEY.

The southern part of Cherokee county comprises the Twenty-sixth District, and the people of that district are represented by G. W. Wheatley, who was born in Henderson county, Ill., thirty-two years ago. He came to the State of Kansas in 1868, when but two years old. His education was obtained in a normal school and in law schools, thus fitting himself for the law profession, in which he is now engaged. His family consists of a wife only. He is a member of the Methodist Church. He is a Republican, and has taken an interest in politics, having been a delegate to three State conventions of his party. In the Legislature, as chairman of the committee on mines and mining, he got through a number of measures beneficial to the interests of the miners of Kansas. He comes from a district which has been strongly opposition, and he made a close but winning race. Mr. Wheatley is a member of the I. O. O. F., and of the K. of P.



Representative GEORGE W. GABRIEL.

Dr. George W. Gabriel, Representative of the Twenty-seventh District, made up of the northern half of Labette county, including the city of Parsons, made an enviable record in the Legislature of 1899. He is a level-headed, conservative man, whose advice is always accepted by those who know him.

Mr. Gabriel was born at Athens, Ohio, fifty-five years ago, and received an academic education, together with a complete medical course. He came to Kansas from his native State in 1864; hence claims thirty-four years' continuous residence in the State. He is married, a wife, son and daughter completing the home circle. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church. His army service is accredited to two States, he having served with Co. D, Seventeenth Kansas Regiment, and with the Seventy-fifth Ohio. Twice before he has been a member of the Legislatures of Kansas, having been in the Houses of 1877 and 1887. He was also Mayor of Parsons for ten years. He was nominated for his present office by the Democrats, indorsed by the Populists, and safely elected. He belongs to the A. F. & A. M., K. P., and A. O. U. W. orders.



Representative THOMAS J. FLANNELLY.

The Legislature of 1899 was a Legislature of new men, politically. Many of them belong to what is known as the "young crowd." Among all of them, however, none made a more brilliant record than did Representative Thomas J. Flannelly, of the Twenty-eighth District. Although not a demonstrative man, he makes a clear-cut and forcible speech, and long before the session ended Tom Flannelly's judgment on legal and legislative propositions was above par. He was chairman of the committee on penal institutions.

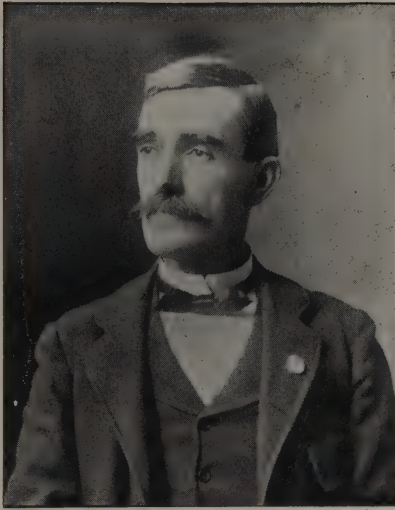
Mr. Flannelly is a lawyer by profession, having graduated from the law department of the State University in 1890, and practiced in the courts of Kansas City, Mo., and in Topeka. He is a young man of only thirty years of age, is unmarried, and claims the Catholic Church as his religious denomination. While at the State University he was a member of the Gamma Delta fraternity. Although active in politics, his present position is his first appearance in public life, he having held no other office. He has attended the last two State Republican conventions; also the last Congressional Convention in his district. While in Kansas City he was a member of the firm of Beardsley, Gregory & Flannelly, but is now in his old home, Chetopa, where he has established a law practice. He came to Kansas from Ohio in 1880, residing first in Labette county, which he claims as his Kansas home. His earlier education was obtained in the common schools, and in the University of St. Louis, Mo.



Representative F. M. BENEFIEL.

As a parliamentarian and as a debater, Representative F. M. Benefiel, of Coffeyville, has, it is admitted, but few equals and no superiors in Kansas. On account of his skill and executive ability he was elected Speaker *pro tem.* by the House of 1899, and he often steered the majority side away from the breakers which were ahead. Mr. Benefiel is the author of many important laws which are now on the statute-books; among them being the celebrated anti-bucket-shop law. He has the advantage of ripe legislative experience, having been in two previous Legislatures, those of 1893 and 1895, in which sessions he was an influential member of the House.

He is 36 years old, and was born at North Salem, Ind. He completed his education in the Central Indiana Normal School, where he made a good record. A wife and five children bless his home. His age bars him from an army record, but he was a member of the National Guard during his residence in Nebraska, from which State he came to Kansas in 1889. Always ready to sacrifice personal interests for his party, he has been many times selected to attend State conventions, and the success of the Republican party is his delight. Mr. Benefiel was raised a Methodist. It is generally predicted that he has a bright political future. He has been prominently mentioned for Congress in the Third Congressional District.



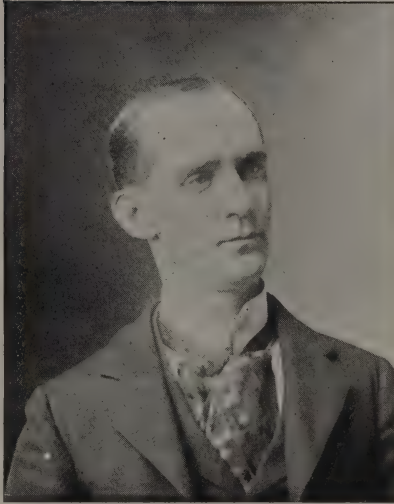
Representative H. W. CONRAD.

The city of Independence and the contiguous townships of Montgomery county form the Thirtieth District, and in this territory the Republicans were successful in electing H. W. Conrad to represent the district. Mr. Conrad is 52 years of age; was born in Harrison county, Ind., and has had a collegiate education. He was reared in the United Brethren Church. Is married, and has a family of a wife and three daughters. He came to this State from Indiana in 1868, and engaged in farming until 1883, when he was elected County Clerk of Montgomery county for two terms. He is at present an abstractor of titles, his four years' service as County Clerk and six years' service since as Assistant County Clerk thoroughly fitting him for this business. He was a soldier in the War of the Rebellion, serving in Company E, One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Indiana Infantry. He was for a time a member of the firm of Foster, Conrad & Co., live-stock commission merchants of Kansas City, Kansas, and was appointed State Cattle Inspector in 1891. He is a member of the legislative commission to locate a new insane asylum.



Representative L. B. KEIFER.

L. B. Keifer, of Chanute, who represents District No. 31, Neosho county, is 44 years old. Mr. Keifer was born in Belmont county, Ohio, and came to Kansas in 1859, when about five years of age. During his life in Kansas he has seen the State grow to its present proportions, and is therefore fully acquainted with its needs. He has enjoyed the advantages of a common-school education and a course in Baker University. He has been a merchant all of his business life. A wife and two daughters share with him his home. He is connected with the Methodist Church. As a promoter of the principles of the Republican party he has been ever active, but has never been an office-seeker, which fact is attested by his never having held office before.



Representative N. P. WILLITS.

Of all the able young men in the House of 1899, none made a more brilliant record or made more friends among the members than did Representative N. P. Willits, of Wilson county. Comparatively an unknown man at the beginning of the session, he made his mark long before the session ended, and no man ever returned to his constituents with the consciousness of a duty more faithfully performed. Mr. Willits gained especial prominence in connection with his bill providing for a Kansas exhibit at the Paris Exposition. He was chairman of the committee on private corporations. In this, as well as on the floor of the House, his work as legislator was successful beyond the expectations of his friends.

Mr. Willits was born at Fredonia, in the county he now represents. He is twenty-seven years of age, and was educated in the schools of Wilson county, rounding out his education by a course in Baker University at Baldwin, Kansas, and a course in law, fitting him for his present vocation, that of a lawyer. Matrimonially he is a free man, but religiously he is attached in his beliefs to the Congregational Church, where he finds his church home. His previous political service consists of a term as City Attorney of Fredonia, and an attendance upon various county and other conventions, among which was the State Republican Convention at Hutchinson in 1898. He is an uncompromising Republican, neither asking nor receiving the indorsement of any other party.



Representative H. A. NICHOLS.

Woodson county has been designated as District No. 33, and was represented in the House of 1899 by H. A. Nichols, a native Kansan, who was born near Valley Falls, Jefferson county, and is thirty-eight years of age. A product of Kansas and of her excellent common-school system, he is well fitted to represent the interests of his constituency. He is a farmer and stock-raiser, and comes from a part of Kansas where the cattle industry flourishes. He has a wife and four children to cheer him in his home. He belongs to the Christian Church. For six years he has served his county as one of the Commissioners. He is a Republican.



Representative JOHN B. SWEET.

The cattlemen and laboring-people of Kansas had a strong friend in Representative John B. Sweet, of Coffey county,—the Thirty-fourth District. He endeared himself to them on account of his fearless fight against the passage of anti-oleo legislation. As chairman of the agriculture committee he stood like a wall of adamant against the clamor of the creamery-men for class legislation that would advance their interests to the detriment of the laboring-people, the cattlemen, and the packing interests. He promptly turned down every anti-oleo bill that was introduced in the House and sent to his committee. When some of the “creamery” legislators endeavored to get a bill on the calendar over the protest of the committee, he stood up and fought like a badger. He won out every time. Mr. Sweet took the ground that a law driving oleo-margarine factories out of existence would lower the price of cattle, would deprive the laboring-people of a cheap and wholesome butter, and give creameries a monopoly.

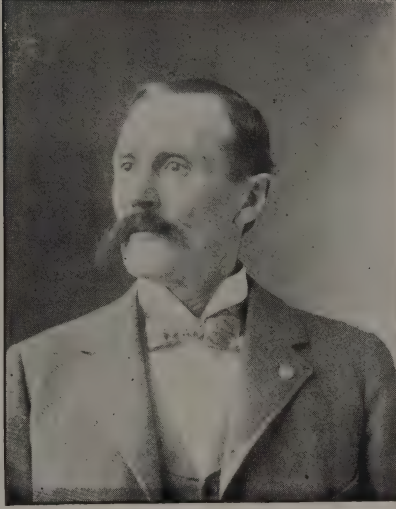
Representative Sweet was born in New York city, fifty-one years ago. He received his early education in the common schools of New York, coming from that State to Kansas in 1871, and has resided here every since. He has been engaged since coming to Kansas as a cattle-trader, farmer, and cattle-feeder, having been very actively engaged in business along these lines, and with good success. Three sons and two daughters constitute his family. He has always been a Republican, and active in party work. He was a delegate to the State Republican Convention in Hutchinson in 1898. He is a member of the A. O. U. W.



Representative P. E. GREGORY.

The people of the Thirty-fifth District, Osage county, made no mistake when they elected P. E. Gregory to represent them in the Legislature. In the Legislature of 1899 no man in the House took a more prominent part in the deliberations of that body, and no member, probably, wielded a more potent influence for good legislation than he. A good lawyer and a powerful debater, he soon became one of the acknowledged leaders of the Republican majority. His friends predict he will land in Congress at no distant future. He was chairman of the judiciary local committee. He is a practicing lawyer at Lyndon.

He is a native of Indiana, having been born in Muncie forty-five years ago, coming from that State to Kansas about the year 1870. He has fitted himself for his profession by a thorough common-school course, and by spending two years in the Kansas State University. A wife and two children constitute his family. In his religious beliefs he inclines toward the Methodist church. As an active member of the Republican party he has often attended conventions, and helped to shape its platforms and select its leaders. He has served as County Attorney of Osage county. His boyhood was spent upon the farm, but upon reaching manhood he selected the law as his profession, and has been in active practice since 1881. Is a member of the Masonic order.



Representative S. L. HEBERLING.

A quiet but effective worker in the Legislature of 1899 was Representative S. L. Heberling, Republican, of the Thirty-sixth District—the northern half of Osage county. He is a farmer and stock-raiser at Overbrook.

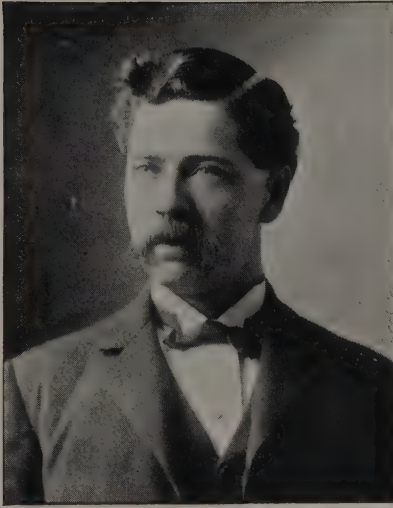
Ohio is his native State, he having been born at Athens, fifty-four years ago. His residence in Kansas dates from 1856, while Kansas was yet a Territory. His father, H. H. Heberling, served as a member of the first State Legislature, and was an influential member of that historic body. Mr. Heberling, the present member of the House, is a staunch Republican of the abolition sort, having had its principles instilled into him during the border troubles in Kansas, when John Brown and Jim Lane were adding daily to the pages of Kansas history. He served in the war with Co. I, Second Kansas Cavalry, from 1862 to 1865, and cast his first vote for "Old Abe" while in the service,—stretching the calendar in order to help the good cause. He is married, he and his wife constituting the family. Is not connected with any church organization. He has always been active in politics, serving his township as Trustee and Treasurer, and held the responsible office of County Commissioner for six years.



Representative A. L. BROOKE.

Representative A. L. Brooke, who represents the farming district of Shawnee county, was one of the most influential members of the last session of the Legislature. On account of his wide experience and his strong Republicanism he was unanimously chosen as chairman of the Republican caucus of the House. This position made him the party manager on the floor of the House. He proved worthy of the trust reposed in him. His straightforward conduct and determined stand taken on all important questions won him the respect of all members of both sides. He had no trouble in getting through several bills of importance to the State, as well as many in the direct interests of his constituency. He was chairman of the Congressional apportionment committee, and second in rank on the ways and means committee. Mr. Brooke represents the Thirty-seventh District, composed of all the county of Shawnee except Oakland precinct, Tecumseh township, and the city of Topeka. He is a successful nurseryman and farmer, residing near North Topeka.

He was born on a farm near Lancaster, Fairfield county, Ohio, and completed his education in Wittenberg College, Springfield, Ohio. He came to Kansas in 1886, having spent fifteen years in teaching in Ohio and Indiana, ten of which years he was principal of the public schools of Groveport, Ohio. A wife and two daughters complete his home circle, and are with himself members of the Lutheran church. He is a Mason, having joined the order at Groveport, Ohio, and for two years was Worshipful Master of the lodge there. Besides, he has held many subordinate places in the lodge. He is an ardent Republican and is sure he was never *indorsed* by any other party, and is equally sure that he never *affiliated* with other than the Republican party. He took an interest in politics in Ohio, besides attending many conventions since he came to Kansas.



Representative W. C. STEPHENSON.

Shawnee county always has a strong, able delegation in the Legislature, and the legislative session of 1899 was no exception to the rule. Prominent among the Shawnee county delegation was W. C. Stephenson, Representative of District No. 38. He was chairman of the House committee on mileage, but his best work was performed on the floor of the House, in preparing and directing the passage of legislation calculated to advance the interests of his constituents and the State generally.

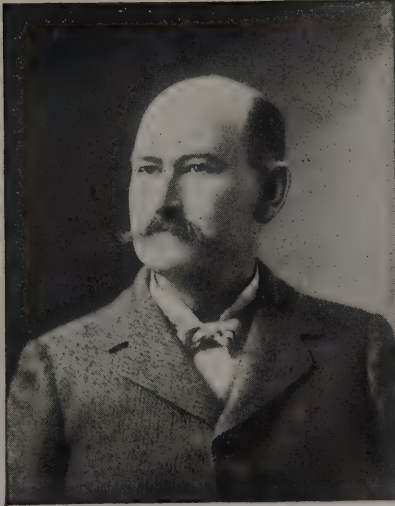
Mr. Stephenson is a Shawnee county product, having been born in the district which he now represents, near Tecumseh, thirty-six years ago. He was educated in the common schools, completing the course in a business college, but remained on the home farm until 22 years of age, when he entered the grocery business in Topeka, and for five years had a good patronage. Then he engaged in real estate and loaning, and has conducted it successfully for nine years. His family consists of a wife, two daughters, and one son. He is a Methodist in his religious belief. As a Republican he is popular with his party, and has been elected twice to the Topeka City Council. Has attended many State and other conventions.



Representative EDWIN D. McKEEVER.

A native Kansan who has come to the front as a legislator is Representative Edwin D. McKeever, of Shawnee county. He showed in the session of 1897 that he was made of the right kind of timber, and the people of Topeka, the Thirty-ninth District, were so well pleased with his conduct that he was returned to the 1899 session by an almost unanimous vote of the district. He was the leading opponent of Judge Osborn for Speaker, but the night before the organization of the House he withdrew, enabling Judge Osborn to be chosen by acclamation by the Republican majority. As an appreciation of this favor, Judge Osborn made him chairman of the judiciary committee, which position he filled to the satisfaction of the public and with great credit to himself. He succeeded in getting several important measures through both branches.

Representative McKeever was born near Hoyt, Jackson county, Kansas. He resides in the Third ward of the city of Topeka, which is part of the Thirty-ninth District. That district comprises the Third, Fourth and Fifth wards. His education is the result of an attendance at the common schools and a complete course in Washburn College, from which he was graduated. He is 32 years of age, is married, and has a wife and one son to brighten his home. While a thorough and ardent Republican, he has avoided serving any factions of his party, hence all united to secure his election. As a lawyer he has shown ability equal to those who are his peers as to age, and is a self-made man.



Representative A. R. OURSLER.

Jackson county, the Fortieth District, is represented by Mr. A. R. Oursler, one of the most level-headed business men of the State. During the 1899 legislative session he handled legislative affairs in a manner that won him the confidence of his colleagues, regardless of political affiliation. As a member of the committees on municipal corporations, public lands, and legislative apportionment, he rendered valuable assistance in securing the passage of several useful laws. The people of Jackson county will no doubt return him to the Legislature.

Representative Oursler is a grain-dealer and stock-feeder residing at Circleville, and who claims Indiana as his native State, having been born forty-five years ago, at Plainfield, Hendricks county. He came at an early age (in 1857) into the borders of Kansas. He was educated in the common schools, and for some time attended the State Agricultural College at Manhattan. He is married, having a family of four children. Moderately active in politics, he has never held office previous to his present position, but has advanced the interests of his party by attending one State, three Congressional and one Appellate Court convention. He is an uncompromising Republican, not seeking the support of any other party. Is a member of the Masonic order, and is W. M. of Circleville Lodge No. 80.



Representative HENRY A. SMITH.

In Henry A. Smith, the people of Brown county have an energetic, wise and conscientious Representative. He was a member of the House of 1897, and his valuable services were appreciated by his constituents to that extent that they returned him to the Legislature of 1899. Among the members of the House he was generally recognized as being one of the substantial men of that body. In 1899 he was chairman of the House committee on immigration.

Mr. Smith was born in Peoria county, Ill., fifty-three years ago, emigrating to Kansas in May, 1861. He is a farmer, living upon his fine farm with a family of four sons and four daughters, and is connected with the United Brethren church. He served his country in time of war in Company H, Thirteenth Kansas Volunteer Infantry, and has proved his patriotism in time of peace by serving twenty-five years as clerk of his school district, and has also held other minor township offices. He has always been a faithful worker for his party, and the Republicans of Brown county have honored him for efficient service by electing him to represent them. He has often been a delegate to State and Congressional conventions. He is a member of the Masonic order.



Representative GEORGE P. HAYDEN.

Representative George P. Hayden, of the Forty-second Legislative District,—Nemaha county,—has the distinction of being the youngest member of the Legislature, being but 21 years of age. Although the “boy” of the House, he took a prominent part in the deliberations of that body. A lawyer by profession, he knew when he saw a bill whether it would make a good law or not. He served on several important committees, and proved to be a valuable member.

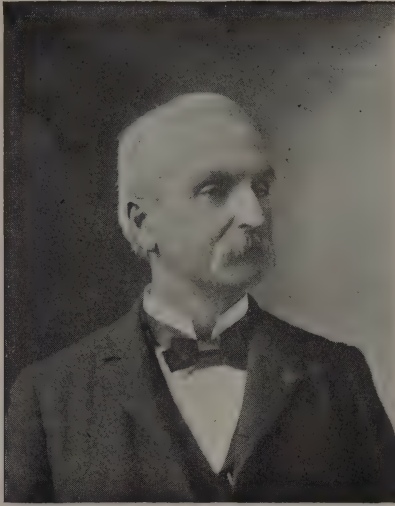
Mr. Hayden was born on a farm near Wetmore. He has always lived in the county he now represents. Mr. Hayden is of Irish extraction, and is a member of a successful family. He is a graduate of the law department of the State University. In connection with his brother, R. F. Hayden, he will in future practice law in the city of Topeka, having opened an office under the firm-name of Hayden Brothers.



Representative M. M. HASKIN.

M. M. Haskin, of Frankfort, who represents the Forty-third Legislative District, Marshall county, was born in New Castle, Pa., in 1854, and, with his parents, located in Kansas in 1860. His father sacrificed his life for his country in 1862, and young Haskin, together with his mother and one brother, was left in limited circumstances to cope with the hardships of pioneer life in western Kansas. It was therefore under some difficulty that he obtained a good common-school education. His occupation has been chiefly farming and stock-raising and dealing in stock.

Mr. Haskin has always been a Democrat. He was elected to the Legislature on the fusion ticket. He not only comes from the strongest Republican Representative District in the Fifth Congressional District, but is the only fusionist elected from the Fifth District to the Legislature of 1899. He was elected by a majority of 92 in a district that gave Stanley (Rep.) for Governor 556 majority. Mr. Haskin is a man of great personal popularity in his home county, having been elected Sheriff of that county in 1885 on the Democratic ticket, overcoming a Republican majority of 700 and carrying the county by a majority of 300. In 1887 he was reelected by over 1,000 majority. Mr. Haskin concedes his political success to local indorsements. The confidence reposed in him by his constituents has not been misplaced. In the Legislature of 1899 he zealously watched and protected the interests of his constituents, and he became recognized by his associates as one of the conservative and substantial members of the House. Mr. Haskin is married, and has a family of four sons and one daughter.



Representative RICHARD B. MOORE.

A Representative in whom every member had the utmost confidence, and whose honored career as a legislator will go down in history, is the Hon. Richard B. Moore, of the Forty-fourth District, a part of Marshall county. He represented the whole county in the House of 1897. The Populist House of 1897 changed the boundaries of his district so as to give him an adverse majority to overcome, and this he did, winning with a full 150 majority in the last election. Mr. Moore was born in Avondale, Pa., fifty-nine years ago, and came to Kansas from Pennsylvania in 1878. He is engaged in real estate and farming; is married, and has two grown sons as his family. He belongs to the Quaker Church. As a politician he has been ever active in the interests of his party, but has held no public office, except that of County Commissioner, until he was elected to the Legislature. He served in the War of the Rebellion, having been a member of Company C, Ninety-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. He was wounded three times at the battle of Green Plains, Va., from which he has ever since been a sufferer.

He is a member of Lyon Post No. 9, G. A. R.; Past Master of Oketo Lodge No. 25, A. F. & A. M.; member of Marysville Chapter No. 29, R. A. M.; and a member of Corinthian Commandery No. 40, K. T.

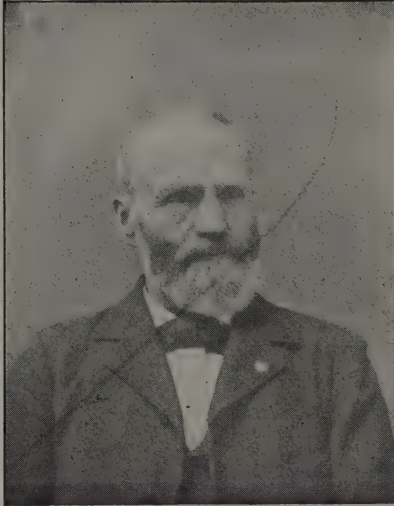
Representative Moore is a member of the legislative commission to select a site for a new State insane asylum.



Representative T. J. RICHARDSON.

Representative T. J. Richardson, of Pottawatomie county, the Forty-fifth District, was one of the most respected members of the 1899 Legislature. He was a hard worker in committee, and did effective service on the floor. The House promptly passed whatever local measure he wanted in the interests of his constituents, without division. He was also an important factor in shaping general legislation.

Representative Richardson resides at Havensville, Kan. He is 42 years of age, and was born in Smyth county, Va. Educated only in the common schools, he has steadily advanced and prospered in his business ventures, and at present he holds the position of cashier and director of the Citizens' State Bank of Havensville. His family consists of a wife and three boys, and his religious preference is the Christian Church. For the past four years he has taken an interest in politics, and has held various township offices at the hands of the Republican party. He came to Kansas from Virginia in 1878, and has resided in the State continuously ever since. Is a member of the Modern Woodmen, the Knights of Pythias and the Odd Fellows lodges, and has represented the latter two at different sessions of the State Grand Lodges.



Representative GEORGE T. POLSON.

George T. Polson, of Winkler, Kas., again represents Riley county, District No. 46, in the House. He was elected by the Republicans of his district.

Mr. Polson was born in Washington county, Ind., and is 62 years of age. He received a very limited education in a subscription school, coming West from Indiana in 1867, thus having a residence in Kansas of over thirty years. He is a farmer and stock-breeder at present, but was a clerk and merchant before coming to Kansas. He is a widower, and has two sons and four daughters, all grown, and members of the Methodist church. He can boast of an enviable army record, having served his country in Company G, Sixty-seventh Indiana Infantry, in which company he was private, Second Lieutenant, and then Captain. He served in the Legislature of 1897.



Representative C. W. SPURLOCK.

The old adage, "Still water runs deep," is exemplified in the official record of Representative C. W. Spurlock, Republican, of Geary county, the Forty-seventh District. Mr. Spurlock did not make much noise on the floor during the recent session, but he got around among the committees quietly and got through the measures in which he was interested. As a member of the livestock committee he helped to keep down all legislation against the interests of the cattlemen, and assisted in pushing through the measures beneficial to them.

Representative C. W. Spurlock, son of James Harvey and Martha Spurlock, was born October 2, 1854, in Platte county, Mo. In 1856 his father moved to Kansas, and settled at Leocompton; afterwards moved to Jefferson county, where Mr. Spurlock was engaged in farming until 1884, when he moved to Davis, now known as Geary county. In 1889 he made a trip to Olympia, Washington, where he was married to Miss Jessie Morris. Mr. Spurlock is a farmer. His farm is located on Clark's creek, five miles east of Junction City. Mr. Spurlock has three children—Roxie, aged nine; Martha Esther, aged seven; and Charles Wesley, Jr., aged four.



Representative W. M. RINEHART.

Hon. W. M. Rinehart, who represents the Forty-eighth District, is one of Wabaunsee county's most popular farmers. He is an uncompromising Republican, has a splendid soldier record, and has been a valuable member of the Legislature. Mr. Rinehart is one of the pioneers of Wabaunsee county, having been a respected resident of that county for thirty years. He is a reading and thinking man, and has kept pace with the wants and needs of the people of his county. During the Civil War he served in the One Hundred and Twenty-first Ohio Infantry, and was also in the Mississippi squadron, serving two years as a marine on the United States steamer "Baltic." The spirit of patriotism still runs in the family, for Mr. Rinehart had a son with the "Rough Riders" in the late Spanish War. Mr. Rinehart was educated in the common schools, and is a farmer of practical experience. His home is near Eskridge; has a wife and four children. Mr. Rinehart is a scrupulously honest and fair man, and had the esteem and friendship of all his colleagues in the Legislature. He never shirked his duty, and returns to his constituents with a clean record.



Representative L. R. WRIGHT.

One of the brightest young men in the Legislature of 1899 was L. R. Wright, of Emporia, who represented the Forty-ninth Legislative District, composed of the western half of Lyon county and a part of the city of Emporia. Mr. Wright was handicapped somewhat on account of political conditions, being a member of the minority. This, however, did not prevent his ability from being recognized, or materially affect the results of his work in the House. Conservative, yet firm, in his political opinions, sound in his judgment on the merits and probable effects of proposed legislation, he became recognized by the members generally, without regard to party affiliations, as one of the substantial members of the House. As a parliamentarian and as a presiding officer, Representative Wright took a front rank among the members of the House. Speaker Osborn recognized his ability in this direction by frequently calling upon him to preside over the deliberations of that body. In Mr. Wright his constituents had a faithful and energetic representative and the State a wise legislator.

Representative Wright is a native of Indiana, having been born in Monrovia, Morgan county. He has enjoyed the advantages of a good education. He studied law and was admitted to the bar, but never practiced to any great extent, having found the cattle business more congenial and profitable. He is 41 years of age, and is unmarried. Prior to 1892 he affiliated with the Republican party, but in that year he joined the fusion forces. He was nominated by the Democrats to his present position and was indorsed by the Populists. He was a delegate to the State convention in 1898, and has always been an active party worker. He is an advanced thinker on economic questions. His friends predict for him a bright political future.



Representative CHARLES HARRIS.

Charles Harris, of Emporia, representing the Fiftieth District in the Legislature of 1899 and the Forty-seventh in the special session of 1898, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, fifty-three years ago. He has a good common-school education, supplemented by that valuable training which can be obtained only in the printing-office. He came to America when but three years old, and to Kansas from Iowa in 1881. He has a wife, but no children. In religious faith is a Congregationalist. His army service is accredited to Iowa, where he served in Co. A of the Forty-sixth Iowa, and Co. F of the Twenty-first. After being mustered out of the service in 1865, when only 19 years of age, he learned the printing business, and since that time has done typesetting or reportorial work in most of the States of the Union. In 1869 and 1870 he was foreman of the *Kansas City (Mo.) Journal*, and telegraph editor of several large papers later. Then for several years he was editor and business manager of the *Emporia News*. He is at present secretary of the Emporia Commercial Club, and is a member of the G. A. R., Odd Fellows, and Masons. In the G. A. R. he has held every office in the post; has been assistant Quartermaster for Kansas, and has been several years a member of the Department Council of Administration. He has been active in every campaign, but has never before held public office.

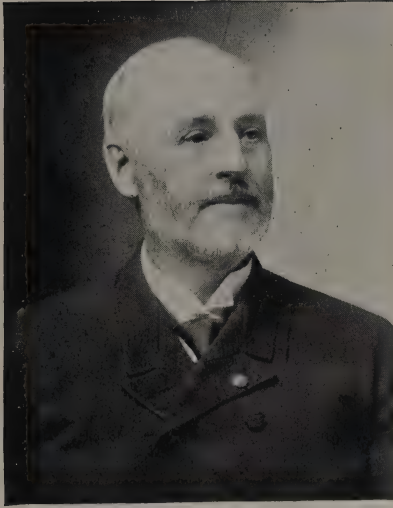
Although having had only two weeks' legislative experience in the special session, Mr. Harris was one of the leading members in the session of 1899, serving actively as a member of the ways and means, cities of second class, private corporations, and militia committees, and chairman of the printing committee. He was also a force on the floor of the House, being an able and aggressive debater. Besides this, he energetically followed up such measures as he was directly interested in, from day to day, through their entire course, and with such success that every bill introduced by him (except one, in which he or his county were not deeply interested) was passed two weeks before adjournment.



Representative ROBERT B. ANDERSON.

Greenwood county has an able and conscientious representative in the Legislature in the person of Robert B. Anderson. In the legislative session of 1899 he was always in his seat, looking after the interests of his constituents and of the State generally.

Mr. Anderson is a hardware merchant at Hamilton. He was born in Lockport, Ill., coming from that State to Kansas in 1885. He is forty-five years of age, married, his wife and himself constituting the family. In his present business he has been eminently successful, and enjoys the confidence and esteem of those who know him. He is connected with the Baptist Church, and is a good citizen. Politically he is a Republican. He was indorsed by no other party, and has never affiliated with any other. Is a Knight Templar and a thirty-second degree Mason; belongs to the M. W. A., and has held the office of Consul for two years.



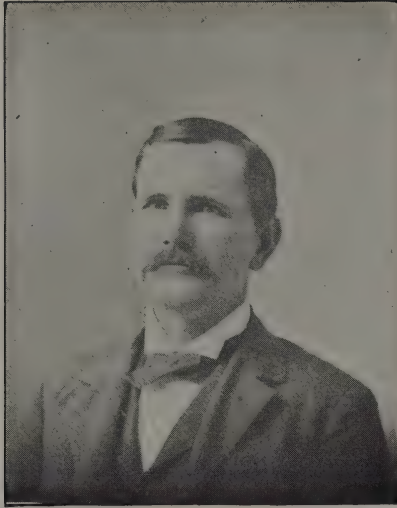
Representative L. SCOTT.

Elk county, the Fifty-second District, is represented by a practicing attorney in the person of L. Scott, who claims Kentucky as his native State, having been born in Owens county, fifty-six years ago. He entered the army from Illinois, serving in Co. H, Fortieth Illinois Volunteers. His service extended over a period of four years, he having been in some of the fiercest engagements of the war. After being discharged from the service he came to Kansas from Illinois in 1866, and can therefore boast of a thirty-three years' residence in the State. His family consists of a wife and two daughters, who are members of the Methodist Church, he himself claiming the relationship of a brother-in-law to that church. Previous to his present position he has held the office of County Attorney of Elk county. Always a Republican, he has in his long residence of thirty-three years in Kansas fought many of its battles, and now the party has rewarded him with his present honors.



Representative JAMES KNOX TULLOSS.

James Knox Tulloss, who represents Chautauqua county, District No. 53, in the House, is a merchant and banker of Sedan, who can perhaps boast of a longer continuous residence in Kansas than any man elected. Although only 52 years of age, he has spent forty-three years in the State, coming from his native State, Ohio, in 1856. Thoroughly acquainted with the needs of the State, he was well qualified to legislate in her interests. He resided until 1869 upon a farm in Franklin county; then removed to Labette county, where he took a claim, which he traded in 1876 for a stock of hardware in Sedan, where he has resided ever since. He was educated in the common schools, and spent one year in Baker University. His family consists of a wife only. In 1864 he aided with the Tenth Kansas Militia in resisting the invasion of Kansas by the Rebel General Price, and was at that time brigaded with a Colorado battery under the command of General C. W. Blair, and rendered efficient service in the battle of Westport. Mr. Tulloss has always been an ardent Republican. He was an energetic member of the House. He served his constituents wisely and well.



Representative ALBERT H. ABRAMS.

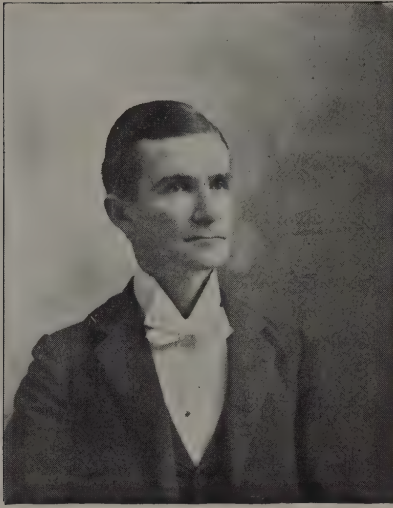
The southern part of Cowley county constitutes the Fifty-fourth Representative District, and it is ably represented in the Legislature this year by Albert H. Abrams, a farmer and stock-raiser, who was born at Winterset, Iowa, thirty-six years ago. His education was obtained in the common schools, and academy, completing the course in M. E. Business College at Winfield. He came from his native State to Kansas in 1877, and has resided in the State ever since. He has held the offices of Township Trustee and Justice of the Peace, and has been fairly active in politics, attending both county and Congressional conventions of the Republican party. His family consists of a wife and two children, who reside with him upon his farm near Arkansas City. He is a Republican, and has never affiliated with nor been indorsed by any other party. Mr. Abrams served on several important House committees, and was an influential member of the House.



Representative EDWARD JAUQUINS.

The people of Legislative District No. 55, Cowley county, have a substantial and valuable Representative in the person of Edward Jaquins. He represented the district in the session of 1897, and was reelected. He is the author of many important laws now on the statute-books, prominent among which is the celebrated stockyards law, which the Kansas City Stockyards Company resisted so vigorously but unsuccessfully in the Federal courts.

Mr. Jaquins was born in Clymer, Chautauqua county, N. Y., in 1842, whence he removed to Kansas in 1872. He was married in 1876, and has a family of eleven children. Mr. Jaquins was at one time a member of the Board of Supervisors in New York, and has been somewhat active in politics all his life. As to business, he is a dealer in live stock and produce. Was the Representative from Howard county in the Kansas Legislature of 1875, and introduced the bill dividing Howard county, and creating Elk and Chautauqua counties out of its territory; also locating their two county seats, Howard City and Sedan. This bill became a law on June 1, 1875. He was nominated by both the Populist and Democratic parties in the recent campaign, and received their hearty support. Mr. Jaquins was a delegate to the Democratic convention which met in Topeka in 1892.



Representative JOHN B. ADAMS.

The people of the Fifty-sixth Representative District, composed of the city of El Dorado and the northern half of Butler county, have reasons to be proud of the record of their Representative, John B. Adams, in the Legislature. He was a combination worker—floor and committee. As a member of the banking committee he did good service in helping to weed out the bad bills from the good. He was chairman of the committee on enrolled bills; he worked like a Trojan, and to his credit it may be said that his committee made a record for accuracy never before equaled.

As a speaker on the floor he had but few equals. He made the address on "Kansas" at the last Kansas Day banquet. He expects to run for the Senate from Butler county in 1900, and may tackle the Congressional field later.

Mr. Adams is now only twenty-five years of age. He was educated in the common schools, completing his course in the Salina University. He is engaged in the banking business at present; is unmarried, and has no church connections. Politically he is a Republican, and takes quite an interest in political affairs in his county, and was a delegate to the Hutchinson convention in 1898. Previous to his engaging in the banking business he was an editor, first of the *Leon Press* for one year, then of the *Augusta Press* for a year and a half. As a public speaker his services have been in demand for the past three years in his county.



Representative F. P. GILLISPIE.

The Legislature of 1897 divided the somewhat extensive county of Butler into two districts, numbered 56 and 57, and the southwest part of the county, known as District 57, returned to the Legislature Mr. F. P. Gillispie, who represented the whole county in 1897. Mr. Gillispie was born in Allegheny county, Pa., and received an academic education, and removed from Pennsylvania at an early age to Illinois, where, until 1881, he was engaged in farming. In the year 1881 he removed to Kansas, and engaged in banking until 1892, when he retired from active business life. Mr. Gillispie is now 56 years of age; has a family of a wife, one son, and four daughters. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Gillispie is a Populist in belief, although elected each time by a fusion of that party with the Democrats and Silver Republicans.



Representative H. C. SNYDER.

The laboring-people of Kansas in general and the people of Chase county in particular had a vigilant friend in the Legislature of 1899, in the person of Representative H. C. Snyder. He was chairman of the House committee on labor, and his energies were chiefly directed in securing the passage of legislation intended to protect and encourage the interests of the laboring classes and farmers of the State.

Representative Snyder resides near Clements, Chase county. He was born at Fisher's Ferry, Northumberland county, Pa., about fifty-four years ago. Mr. Snyder is unmarried. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge, Chapter, and Commandery. He received his education in the common schools of Pennsylvania, later removing to Wisconsin, where for eight years, from 1881 to 1889, he was in the lumber and stock business. In 1889 he came to Kansas, and engaged in farming and stock-raising. His army experience was with the Sixth Pennsylvania Cavalry, Co. C, and nine months with a Pennsylvania Infantry regiment. He is active in politics, and has held nearly all township offices; has attended many conventions, among them the last Republican State Convention, at Hutchinson.



Representative E. R. BURKHOLDER.

For the past three sessions of the Legislature, Marion county, the Fifty-ninth District, has been ably represented in the House by Mr. E. R. Burkholder, of Hillsboro. Mr. Burkholder is regarded universally as one of the most conscientious, upright and honorable members that ever sat in the Legislature. His advice is eagerly sought and always heeded either in business affairs or in political matters. As chairman of the fees and salaries committee he formed the present fee-and-salary law, which is considered by the public as the most equitable measure of that character that the State ever had. He also rendered valuable services on the bank and banking committee. He is the author of several important laws.

Mr. Burkholder was born in the Province of Ontario, Canada, forty-two years ago, and completed his educational course in the Toronto University. He came from Canada to Kansas in 1873, and is now engaged as lumberman and banker in Hillsboro. His family is composed of a wife, three sons, and two daughters. He is a member of the Methodist Church. Mr. Burkholder ranks as one of the solid business men of Marion county, and has been very successful in his financial ventures. His commercial interests comprise two lumber yards, two banks, farms, and live stock. He was early thrown upon his own resources, and is in the fullest sense of the word a self-made man. Mr. Burkholder has attended very many State and district conventions of his party.



Representative W. R. BIGHAM.

Representative W. R. Bigham was one of the conservative and reliable men of the House of 1899. Although not a man of much display, he attended strictly to his duties, and succeeded in accomplishing much for his constituents and State. He was chairman of the State library committee. He represents Morris county.

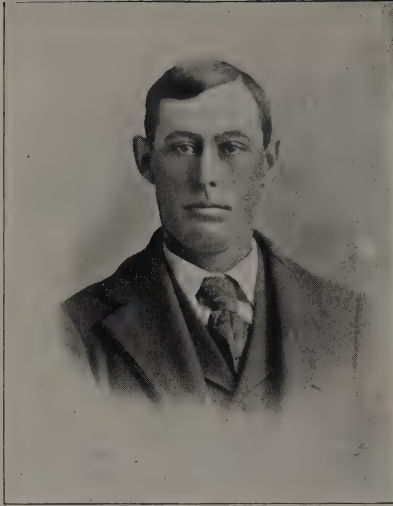
Mr. Bigham was born in Hamilton, Butler county, Ohio, fifty-seven years ago. Although a Buckeye by birth, he came to Kansas from El Paso, Ill., where he sojourned for a time before coming West in 1875. He enjoys the education which the common schools afford and that which travel gives, being probably more extensively traveled than any other member of the House. His travels cover the very extensive territory of South America, England, France, Scotland, Spain, and Portugal, with which countries he is entirely familiar. Was raised a Presbyterian. Is married, his family consisting of one daughter, now married. He is a Mason, being a member of the Chapter and Commandery at Council Grove, and of Isis Temple at Salina; also belongs to the A. O. U. W. order. He is at present engaged in merchandising. He proved his loyalty to the Government by serving for three years and two months in the Fourth Illinois Volunteer Cavalry, and made a good war record. Mr. Bigham has always been an active Republican, and as such was elected Mayor of El Paso, Ill., for three terms, and since coming to Kansas has been chosen five times as a delegate to Congressional conventions in his district, and has attended State conventions.



Representative EMIL GROSSER.

Dickinson county—the Sixty-first District—is represented in the Legislature by Emil Grosser, a clear-headed and upright young man, who is certain to make a mark in Kansas politics if his desires run in that direction. He is a hard worker, a forcible speaker, and a man in whom all have the utmost confidence. No member of the 1899 session was given more marked attention when discussing a proposition than he. He was chairman of the committee on assessment and taxation, one of the most important in the House, and as such got through many beneficial bills on those subjects.

Representative Grosser is 32 years of age; was born in Chicago, Ill., and educated mainly in the public schools. He came to Kansas from Illinois in 1878, residing continuously in the State ever since. His political history is interesting, showing as it does his firmness, and his unwillingness to compromise his beliefs. Until two years ago he was a straight Democrat, and in 1894 he led the bolt against indorsing the Populist nominees of his county. Again in 1895 and spring of 1896 he fought against the adoption of the free-silver theory, and finding it useless longer to resist the free-silver sentiment in his party, he came out boldly for McKinley in the fall of 1896, and stamped the State for the Republican State and National tickets.



Representative WILLIAM S. BRADBURY.

Clay county, which constitutes the Sixty-second District, is represented by William S. Bradbury, who was born near Quincy, Adams county, Ill., and is thirty-two years of age. He was educated in the common schools, coming to Kansas by way of Missouri in 1869. He is now engaged in farming and stock-raising, in which he has been successful. He is still a bachelor. During the last few years he has been active in politics, and has been a member of the county central committee for five years; is now a member of the Congressional Committee in the Fifth District, representing Clay county. He has always been a Republican, but has never held other than a school-district office until his election as Representative.

He won considerable fame as a member of the conference committee on the miscellaneous appropriation bill during the last days of the Legislature. He stood as a stone wall, and stopped everything that had the semblance of a steal in it.



Representative SYLVANUS S. LONGLEY.

Representative Sylvanus S. Longley was one of the oldest and most experienced men in the Legislature of 1899, and his counsel was largely sought by his associates. He is the Representative of the Sixty-third District, Washington county. He was chairman of the committee on roads and highways.

Mr. Longley was born at Foxcroft, Piscataquis county, Me., sixty-four years ago. In the spring of 1852 he went to sea in the whaleship *Canton*, of New Bedford, and was shipwrecked in March, 1854, by running on a coral island in the middle of the Pacific ocean, the crew with himself being forty-nine days in open boats with only a half-pint of water and half a biscuit of hard-tack per day, finally arriving at Madalena Rock, one of the Ladrone Islands, and thence made their way to Guam, of the same group. After spending five years in mining in California, he joined the army, and served in Company K, Second Regiment of California Volunteer Cavalry, and was severely wounded in the battle of Bear river. Returning home from the war, he again became a miner, this time in Montana, from which Territory he came to Kansas in 1869. He is now engaged in farming, stock-raising, and feeding cattle, living upon his fine farm with his wife, two sons and four daughters, which constitute his family. He has been Township Trustee, Treasurer, Census Enumerator, County Commissioner, chairman of County Committee, and delegate to district and State conventions; also, a member of the House during the session of 1897. He has been an active party worker, casting his first vote for Fremont, and voting the same way ever since. He is a charter member of Greenleaf Post G. A. R., and is Treasurer of the Greenleaf Lodge A. F. & A. M. Few have had as varied an experience as Mr. Longley as sailor, miner, soldier, farmer, and political worker.



Representative F. N. WOODWARD.

F. N. Woodward, Republican, of Belleville, Republic county, District No. 64, was born in Orion, Henry county, Ill., forty years ago. Mr. Woodward came to Kansas from Iowa in 1880, and began his fortunes in farming and teaching school. In 1886 he engaged in mercantile business, but in 1891 went back to farming on account of ill-health. In 1893 he was elected County Clerk of Republic county, and was reelected in 1895. In the spring of 1898 he vacated the County Clerk's office and returned to farming, at which occupation he is now engaged, near Belleville. Religiously he is a Methodist, and is a leading member in that church. Has a family of a wife and two children. He is quite active in local politics, but has attended only one State convention—the Republican convention at Hutchinson, in 1898. He is an Odd Fellow.



Representative WILLIAM T. SHORT.

Cloud county, constituting the Sixty-fifth District, was ably represented in the House of 1899 by William T. Short. He is a resident of Concordia for the past twenty-six years, he probably having built half of the buildings in that city. He is fifty-two years of age, and was born in the "backwoods" of Stark county, Indiana, coming to Kansas in 1872 from Chicago, Ill., where he worked for some time. He is an architect and builder. Has a family consisting of a wife and three children. He served his country in the War of the Rebellion in Co. E, One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Indiana Volunteers. Although he has been active in politics, he never before made a race for an office, except for Councilman of his city. He served as member of the Board of Education. He thinks the Republican party the "only one on earth," and is positive he was never indorsed by any other party. He claims to be a full-blooded American, pure and simple,—voted for Abraham Lincoln in 1864, and has continued in line ever since.

Representative Short was chairman of the committee on municipal indebtedness, and rendered the State valuable service both in that capacity and in the capacity of Representative.



Representative R. R. REES.

Ottawa county sent an able man to represent it in the House of 1899 in the person of R. R. Rees. The Rees family, from which Representative Rees springs, is an illustrious one in Kansas affairs. Supplementing his hereditary ability by a thorough general and legal education, Representative Rees was well qualified to perform the work of legislator successfully and well. He not only rendered his constituents valuable services, but was a valuable man to the State. Although a young man, being but 33 years of age, he was one of the ablest men on the floor of the House. He was a member of the ways and means and several other important House committees.

Representative Rees was born in Camden, Preble county, Ohio. He came to Kansas as early as 1867, when but two years of age, and may be considered, despite his age, one of the early pioneers. Mr. Rees is a lawyer, and was educated in the common schools, later graduating from the State Agricultural College, completing his education by a thorough law course. Coming of Republican stock, he has always adhered to the party of his fathers. He was elected County Attorney of Ottawa county previous to his election to the Legislature, both of which elections were probably due to the activity of his friends, of which he has very many in Ottawa county. Mr. Rees is married, his family consisting of a wife only. He is a nephew of Capt. J. G. Rees, the veteran member from the Nineteenth District.



Speaker S. J. OSBORN.

What man ever connected with a Kansas Legislature made more friends than did Speaker Osborn during the legislative session of 1899? Probably the unanimous answer will be, None. Certain it is that Mr. Osborn made a model Speaker. A man of good judgment, an able lawyer, a skilled parliamentarian, and possessed of a firm desire to render the best possible service to his State, Speaker Osborn inspired the confidence and respect of every member of the House, without regard to political affiliations. And be it said to his credit, that, although a partisan, he never allowed politics to influence the justness of his decisions or his treatment of the opposition members of the House. He was fair to all. He treated the boys right. In his appointment of committees he made happy selections. The members were selected by him because of their especial fitness, and as a result, the committees were able to render the best possible service to the State. Speaker Osborn frequently took the floor to favor or oppose good or bad bills, and he seldom failed to carry his point.

Speaker Osborn is a lawyer by profession. His home is at Salina. He was born in Eaton, Preble county, Ohio, fifty-two years ago. He was educated in the common schools and college, completing his education by a thorough law course. He came to Kansas by way of Missouri in 1879, locating first at Ness City, and later at Wakeeney, serving as County Attorney of Trego county in the years 1881 and 1882, and in 1884 was elected to the Legislature from that county, serving in the sessions of 1885 and 1886. He served as Judge of the Twenty-third Judicial District for nine years, having been appointed first by Gov. John A. Martin, and was twice elected afterwards. Later he moved to Salina and associated himself with T. L. Bond in the law practice. He served in the army in Company A, Forty-fifth Iowa Regiment, and is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He is married, and has a wife and three children. Mr. Osborn is a Mason, and a member of the Mystic Shrine. He attended the State Republican Convention at Hutchinson as a delegate in 1898.



Representative G. F. GRATTAN.

Of all the able men in the Legislature of 1899, none won a more prominent place than did Representative G. F. Grattan, of McPherson. An unknown man politically at the beginning of the session, Mr. Grattan at once attracted the attention of the entire State. In debate he had but few equals and no superiors on the floor of the House. As a lawyer, none disputed the soundness of his opinions. He was a power for good, both to the State and to his constituents. He was chairman of the House educational committee, and in such capacity also he rendered valuable service to the educational interests of the State.

Mr. Grattan is forty-four years of age, and was born in Jackson, Jackson county, Ohio. He was educated in the common schools, and rounded out his education by a complete law course. Although born in Ohio, he came to Kansas in 1878 from Illinois, in which State he resided for a time. During his residence in McPherson he has held the office of County Attorney. Has always been a Republican, and has attended State, judicial and Senatorial conventions of his party. He is unmarried. He is a member of the M. E. Church, and is also a Mason, having held the highest offices in that order.



Representative J. A. WELCH.

The people of Harvey county, the Sixty-ninth District, elected a member to the 1899 legislative session noted for his conservatism and good judgment, — Representative J. A. Welch. His advice on all matters of importance considered by the Legislature was heeded by his colleagues. They recognized in him a man whose vast experience as a business man thoroughly equipped him to pass judgment upon important problems, and they were always willing to stand as he stood.

Representative Welch is a strong Republican. He was born in Paris, Edgar county, Ill., sixty-four years ago. In an early day he emigrated from that State to Iowa, whence he came to Kansas, in 1882. His earlier years were spent upon the farm, but upon going into business on his own account he engaged in merchandising for twenty years; for the past twelve years he has been in the banking business. He was educated in the common schools. His military service is accredited to Iowa, where he enlisted in Co. G, Fifteenth Iowa Volunteer Infantry. His family consists of a wife, three sons, and one daughter. Although active in politics, he has during his long life of service held only the office of Sheriff. He never asked for any office except that of Representative in the present House. He belongs to the order of A. F. & A. M., and has filled the chairs in the lodge, from Worshipful Master down. His address is Burrton, Kan.



Representative WILLIAM J. BABB.

The northeastern part of Sedgwick county and a part of the city of Wichita constitute the Seventieth District, and the fusion candidate elected in this district is Mr. Wm. J. Babb, who was born in Laurens county, S. C., fifty-two years ago, whence he came with his parents to Missouri when a boy. His educational career consists of a complete course through the public schools, finishing with graduation in the regular course in the State University of Missouri. Later he graduated in a normal school, and afterwards took a thorough law course in the University law school, thus fitting himself for his present calling, that of a lawyer. He has a wife and five children, having married in 1879, Miss Minerva E. Clough, a graduate of one of Missouri's leading educational institutions.

In politics he has shown great activity, having been a delegate to several Democratic State conventions while a resident of Missouri, and of the Populist State conventions of 1892, 1896 and 1898 in this State. Prior to 1887, when he came to Kansas, he was a Democrat, but in 1890 he joined the People's party, and was its nominee for District Judge in the Eighteenth Judicial District the following year.

In legislative work he urged measures attainable rather than those too far-fetched for the present status of economical education. Though not a member during the Legislature of 1897, he wrote and urged to final enactment the law known as the Public Utility Act, under which so many Kansas cities are acquiring their water-works, heating, lighting, and power plants. As a member of the Legislature of 1899, among other things he wrote and introduced in the House, concurrent resolutions to amend the constitution providing for a State printing plant, and direct legislation. The Republican band-wagon ran over both. He considers direct legislation, otherwise called the Initiative and Referendum, the cure for the evils of "Representative Government." In his own party Mr. Babb is one of the advance-guard in thought and purpose.



Representative JOHN W. ADAMS.

Representative John W. Adams, of the Seventy-first District, comprising the First, Second, Third and Fourth wards of Wichita, succeeded in getting through the Legislature, at the last regular session, many important bills. He had the knack of getting his bills reported by the committees and then had the ability to take the floor and shove them through to final passage. The hotel-keepers of Kansas owe him a debt of gratitude for securing the passage of the bill against hotel "dead-beats." Other important measures which he championed to final passage were: Regarding the selection of jurors; the Wichita City Court bill; and several others. He was chairman of the committee on buildings and grounds, and an active member of the judiciary and first-class cities committees.

Representative Adams was born at Ashland, Ohio, in 1859, but he removed to Iowa in his early youth. He came to Kansas from Iowa in the year 1886, and has been a practicing attorney at Wichita ever since. His education consists of a thorough course in the common schools, later graduating from the Moulton high school. Always a Republican, he has ever been on the alert to advance his party's interests, and has attended very many conventions. His family consists of a wife only.



Representative WILLIAM J. ANDERSON.

The Fifth ward of the city of Wichita and that part of Sedgwick county lying west of the Arkansas river form the Seventy-second Representative District, which district is represented by Wm. J. Anderson, who resides at Cheney, and is engaged in farming and money-lending. He is a native of New York, having been born at Chatham, Columbus county, thirty-six years ago; came to Kansas from Michigan in 1878. He is a member of the Odd Fellows and Elks orders. He enjoys the advantages of a good education, and is a successful business man. He attended the Abilene convention in 1896, and has always done good party service. The Populists nominated him for his present office, and he was indorsed by the Democrats of his district. As a member of the minority of the House in the legislative session of 1889, Mr. Anderson made his influence felt, and succeeded in some very successful work. He is unmarried.



Representative JAMES LAWRENCE.

Among the many able men in the Legislature of 1899, Representative James Lawrence, of Sumner county, took a prominent place. A lawyer by profession and a good debater, his voice and counsel played an influential part in the deliberations of the House. He was chairman of the House elections committee.

Mr. Lawrence's birthplace is Cox's Corner, Monmouth county, N. J., where fifty-four years ago he entered upon life. He attended the common schools at Bordentown, N. J., taught by Miss Clara Barton, now president of the Red Cross Association, and afterwards in the public schools of Trenton, N. J. He came to Kansas from Pennsylvania, and has been engaged in the practice of law ever since his arrival in the State. He served in the War of the Rebellion in Co. G, Eleventh New Jersey Volunteers. A wife and three daughters gladden his home. He belongs to the Episcopal Church.

As a Republican he is ever watchful of the interests of his party, allowing no selfish interests of his own to stand in the way of party success. He was a delegate to the State conventions of 1884 and 1896, and has often been a delegate to county conventions. Mr. Lawrence is a member of all Masonic orders. His postoffice address is Wellington. His name has been mentioned in connection with the Congressional nomination.



Representative C. D. NEWMAN.

C. D. Newman, the fusion candidate for Representative, won in the Seventy-fourth district (Sumner county) in the 1898 election. He received the nomination at the hands of the Populists, and was indorsed by the Democrats, and by a complete fusion of these forces was safely elected. Previous to his present political associations he affiliated with the Republican party. Mr. Newman was born in Van Buren county, Iowa, and is 49 years of age; was educated in the common school, and came to Kansas by way of Missouri, where he resided some time. He is a farmer; has a wife and ten children, and belongs to the Methodist Church. He lives at Corbin, Sumner county.



Representative W. F. COULSON.

District 75, Harper county, sent to the Legislature of 1899 a Republican member in the person of W. F. Coulson, who was born in Mason, Ohio, forty-four years ago. In the year 1887 he left his native State and came west to Kansas, where, well pleased with the possibilities of the West, he engaged in farming and stock-raising. He enjoys the advantages of a good education, having taken a high-school course in addition to a common-school education. He is a Methodist. Is married, having a wife and three sons with him in the home. He has been moderately interested in politics, and has attended as a delegate many county and Congressional conventions. He is an uncompromising Republican, and is a member of Harper Lodge, No. 81, A. O. U. W.



Representative C. W. FAIRCHILD.

The acknowledged floor leader of the House minority in the Legislature of 1899 was C. W. Fairchild, of Kingman, and probably no man in the legislative history of Kansas ever led a handful of men over such obstacles and to greater triumphs. An able debater, a skilled parliamentarian, and a sound lawyer, he possesses the qualities of a natural leader. When the Legislature of 1897 convened, Mr. Fairchild was unknown to State politics, but in the sessions of 1897 and 1899,—especially the latter,—he made such a record for himself as to become one of the most talked-of men in the State. He has been prominently mentioned for the fusion nomination for both Governor and Congressman from the Seventh District.

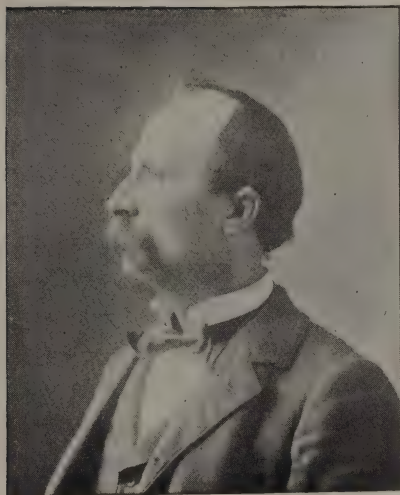
Mr. Fairchild was born in Brantford, Brant county, Canada. Is thirty-five years of age. In 1884 he graduated from the law department of the Iowa State University, and in 1885 moved to Kansas, where he engaged in the profession of attorney at law. He has a wife and two sons. Mr. Fairchild has been fairly active in politics, but never allows political parties to control his individual opinions. He was County Attorney of Kingman county in 1892 and 1894. He was nominated and elected by a fusion of the Democratic and Populist parties. Has affiliated with the Greenback party. He is a coming man in Kansas politics.



Representative W. C. MILLAR.

When the Legislature of 1899 adjourned, probably no member of the House had more friends than did W. C. Millar, the genial Representative of Barber county. He took a prominent part in the deliberations of the House, and was chairman of one of the most important committees, — the live-stock committee, — in which he accomplished valuable work for the live-stock interests of Kansas.

Mr. Millar's home is at Lake City, Barber county. He was born at Spencer, Will county, Illinois, and is 31 years of age. His early education was obtained in the common schools of Illinois, from which State he removed to Kansas in 1878. He has dealt largely in cattle, and has been a successful feeder and shipper. His family consists of one son. He is an Episcopalian in his religious belief, and is connected with that church. He has taken an active hand in Republican politics in his county, attending as a delegate the convention at Hutchinson in 1898, but has never before been elected to office. He was first elected to the Legislature in 1897, to fill a vacancy. Is a member of the Masons, Odd Fellows, and Modern Woodmen.



Representative S. R. KUTZ.

No Representative returned to his home at the close of the 1899 session of the Legislature with a better record to his credit, or more friends, than S. R. Kutz, Republican, of Pratt county, District No. 78. He was a great favorite among the members of both sides. While a radical Republican, he never permitted partisanship to lead him to treat the members of the minority but with the utmost courtesy. He did not only perform good work on the floor, but also in committees. He was chairman of the committee on federal relations and a member of the committees on education, hygiene and health, and engrossed bills.

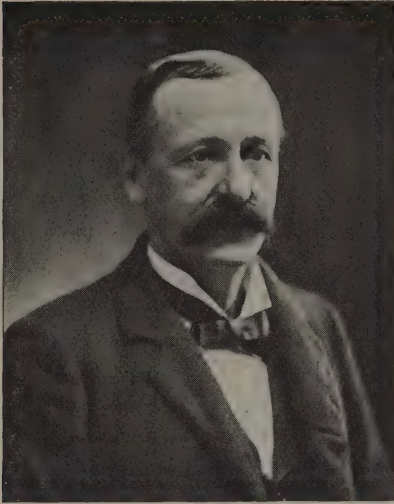
Mr. Kutz is comparatively a young man, being only 38 years old, and was born in Kirklin, Clinton county, Ind. Twenty years ago, when but 18 years of age, he left his native State and came to Kansas. He lived for a time in Shawnee county, where he taught school. Has also taught in Pratt county since removing there. Mr. Kutz is a man who has full faith in western Kansas and has made a success of farming there, until now he finds himself upon a fine farm, well stocked, and is surrounded with the comforts of life. While some have grumbled, Mr. Kutz has farmed. A wife and two children complete the home circle. He is connected with the Methodist Church. Mr. Kutz is a Republican. He belongs to Camp 1275, M. W. A., at Pratt.



Representative JAMES A. DeBARD.

James A. DeBard, representing the Seventy-ninth District, Reno county, was born near Petersburg, Tipton county, Indiana, October 14, 1860, of American-born parents. His father was of French and his mother of English descent. He received his education in the common schools, the Tipton high school, and then took a teachers' course in the Northern Indiana Normal College, at Valparaiso, Ind. Began teaching in 1879, near Russiaville, Ind. Taught five terms in Indiana and four in Clemons, Iowa, going to that State in 1885. In 1887 he was married to Miss Minnie Keopple, of Clemons, Iowa, and moved to Reno county, Kansas, in the spring of 1887. He bought a farm and lived on it two years, and had very good success. He taught four terms of school in Reno county, and finished one term for a teacher who had resigned on account of the rough scholars, who refused to obey him. He was principal of the Turon schools. In 1890 he became interested in merchandising in Turon, and has devoted his entire attention to that business for several years, and has been very successful; he is now senior partner of the firm of DeBard & Keopple. This firm enjoys a splendid trade, and has a modern store of general merchandise. The firm also buys and ships grain and live-stock. His family consists of a wife, four boys and two girls.

Mr. DeBard is well satisfied with his success in the House. He made his hardest fight for a chattel-mortgage law, which was first killed in committee. He got it revived, and then had a two-hours fight in committee of the whole; but the bill was killed on final passage. He got a reconsideration, moved a call of the House, got it passed, and now it is a law. He is also proud of his bill changing the time of the commencement of the term of office of county superintendents. He secured the passage of several local bills, and helped lead the fight for an appropriation for a new cell block at the Hutchinson Industrial Reformatory, winning out over the recommendation of the ways and means committee that such appropriation be not allowed. He was one of the most forcible debaters on the floor of the House, and when he arose to address the House he was always given marked attention.



Representative Z. L. WISE.

Representative Z. L. Wise, Republican, of the Eightieth District, composed of the northeastern part of Reno county, including the cities of Hutchinson and Nickerson, made a record in the 1899 session that insures his return in 1901 if he desires to do so. He is a lawyer of recognized ability; a clear-headed man, and a man of honor and integrity. He was one of the ablest debaters in the House. His arguments were clear-cut, concise, and always to the point; and they always carried conviction. As a member of the judiciary committee he ably assisted Chairman McKeever in solving the many knotty problems always arising. He was chairman of the committee on the political rights of women, and kept down all female suffrage agitation in the Legislature. Many important laws, including several modifying and amending the code of civil procedure, were drawn up by him, and shoved through.

Representative Wise resides at Hutchinson. He was born in Youngstown, Ohio, fifty years ago, educated in Ohio's schools, and came to Kansas in 1887 from Arkansas, where he resided for a short time. A daughter and wife constitute his family. In his religious beliefs he inclines to the Episcopal Church. He has held the responsible office of Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, also Prosecuting Attorney of the Eleventh Circuit, Arkansas, and of Reno county, Kansas. His face is familiar at State conventions.



Representative T. SAMUEL ELDER.

The people of District No. 81 elected T. Samuel Elder, a merchant of St. John, as Representative at the 1899 session. He was born at Attica, Ind., and is 39 years of age. Mr. Elder has the advantage of having received a collegiate education in his native State. He came to Kansas from Indiana in 1890, and has been engaged in the dry goods trade ever since. He is married, and has a family of three sons and one daughter. He belongs to the M. E. Church. He was elected by the Populists by a small majority. He was formerly a Republican, but lately has affiliated with the Populists.



Representative ISOM WRIGHT.

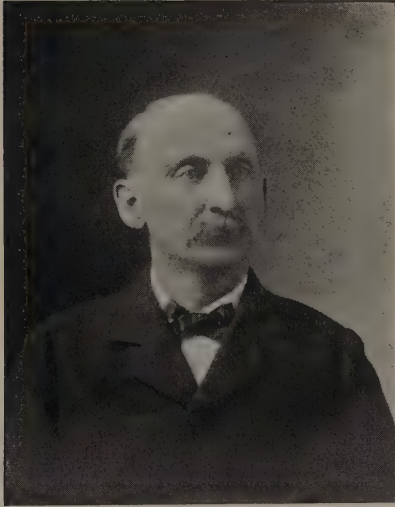
Isom Wright, who represented Barton county, which constitutes the Eighty-second District, in the last Legislature, was returned by his constituency to represent them again. He is 39 years of age, and was born at Greencastle, Ind., from which place he came to Kansas in 1890. Previous to 1890 he was a Democrat, but upon coming to Kansas he affiliated with the Populists, serving one year as county lecturer for the Alliance. He is at present engaged in farming and stock-raising; is married, and a wife and son share his home; is a member of the Christian church. He has been very active in politics since 1890, attending the State Convention of his party in 1896 and the Congressional Convention of the Seventh District in 1898. His education was obtained in the common school, completing his course in a normal college and a commercial college, from both of which he graduated. He has been actively engaged in educational work, having taught school ten years or more. He claims to be "a farmer who farms his farm."



Representative A. J. GODSHALK.

Probably no man in the Legislature of 1899 looked after the interests of his constituents with more zeal than did Representative A. J. Godshalk, Representative of Rice county, which constitutes the Eighty-third District.

Mr. Godshalk is a hardware merchant of Alden. He was born in Northampton county, Pa., thirty-nine years ago. He removed to St. Joseph county, Mich., in 1866. He has resided in Kansas ever since 1880, and is thoroughly convinced that Kansas affords as good opportunities as any other State. He was educated in the common schools of Michigan, but upon reaching manhood that State failed to have charms enough to hold him, so he came to Kansas. His family consists of a wife and two sons. As a staunch Republican he has never voted anything but the Republican ticket, and with a degree of frankness which is commendable declares "that he never expects to vote any other." He was a delegate to the convention at Hutchinson in 1898, and has been active in political affairs in his county and township. He belongs to the Masonic order, and is a member of the M. W. A.



Representative L. H. SEAVER.

The Republican majority in the House of 1899 had several able leaders, but none whose judgment on legislative or legal propositions proved more sound or had more weight than did those of Representative L. H. Seaver, of Ellsworth county. Mr. Seaver had the advantage of a ripe legislative experience, having represented his county in the Legislature of 1897. Supplementing this by a thorough general and legal education, he was a power on the floor of the House. He was chairman of the judicial apportionment committee; also of the committee on revision of the journal.

Mr. Seaver was born at Montreal, Canada, fifty-one years ago. He moved to Michigan in 1865. In 1870 he was employed on the M. K. & T. Railroad, running from Sedalia south into the Indian Nation. He was educated in the Lawrence University, at Appleton, Wis., afterwards taking a complete law course in the University of Michigan Law School, graduating in 1876. After his graduation he moved to Kansas, locating at Ellsworth, where he opened a general law office. He has resided at Ellsworth ever since. He has been County Attorney of Ellsworth county for two terms, and Mayor and Treasurer of Ellsworth City for a number of years. He has always been a staunch Republican, and although not active, has frequently been put forward by his friends for office. His family consists of two sons and one daughter. He is a Congregationalist, and is also a Mason.



Representative THEODORE ACKERMAN.

Theodore Ackerman, a prosperous hardware merchant of Russell, represents Russell county, the Eighty-fifth District, in the House, and was a useful member of that body in the Legislature of 1899.

Mr. Ackerman was born in Rosendale, Fond du Lac county, Wis., forty-nine years ago, residing there until 22 years of age, when he came to Kansas in the year 1871. He is one of the pioneer business men of Russell, having engaged in the general merchandise business in 1874, and in 1877 established the first bank in Russell county, and was its president for thirteen years, building up a large and prosperous business, making the bank one of the solid institutions of the State, which it is now; afterwards resigned as president on account of pressure of outside business, but still remains as a stockholder and director. He served as Mayor of the city one term, and has perhaps the most extensive acquaintance in Russell county of anyone residing there. Always a Republican, he has been often selected to attend county, Congressional, and other conventions. A wife and two daughters gladden his home circle. He belongs to the Congregational Church.



Representative ARTHUR J. STANLEY.

The first bill that was passed by the Legislature of 1899 and signed by the Governor was one introduced by Representative Arthur J. Stanley, Republican, of Lincoln county, the Eighty-sixth District. It was passed under emergency rules—something that is not often done. Only influential members can get this done, and they must be very influential to get an emergency declared in the early part of the session. This action of the House and Senate speaks louder than words of the esteem in which Mr. Stanley was held by his colleagues on both sides. As chairman of the committee on educational institutions he succeeded in getting a number of important measures affecting those interests passed. He was also second in rank on the educational committee.

Representative Stanley is only twenty-four years old. By profession he is a teacher, but supplements his salary by farming. He is unhampered either by marital or church relations, and has had no "previous condition of servitude" in the Kansas Legislature or in public office. He has been an active Republican and is highly esteemed by the people of his district, who triumphantly elected him to his present position.



Representative T. C. RODGERS.

T. C. Rodgers represented Mitchell county—District No. 87—in the House of 1899. Mr. Rodgers lives at Beloit. He was nominated by the Populists and indorsed by the Democrats, and was elected by a complete fusion of these parties, and was one of the strong members of the House minority.

Mr. Rodgers was born at Brighton, Washington county, Iowa, and is 44 years old. He enjoys the advantages of an academic education. He is married, his family consisting of a wife only. At present he is engaged in buying grain, and is quite successful in his business. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church; also belong to the I. O. O. F. and K. P. orders. He served four years in the City Council of Beloit.



Representative A. W. HEFLEY.

The Republicans of Legislative District No. 88, Osborne county, made no mistake when they nominated and elected A. W. Hefley to represent that district in the Legislature. He was an energetic and able member of the House of 1899, and rendered valuable services to his constituents. He was chairman of the committee on legislative apportionment.

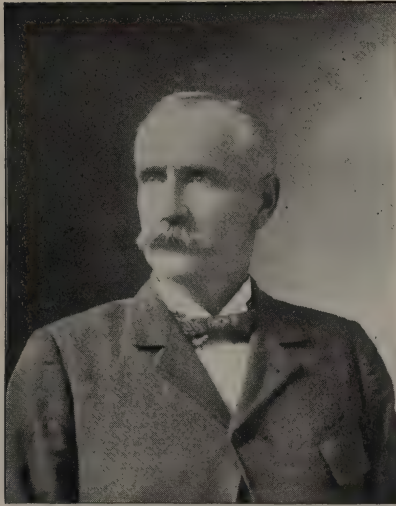
Mr. Hefley is a progressive young farmer, residing near Downs. He was born in Hillsboro, Montgomery county, Ill., forty years ago, and was educated in the common schools of that State and of Kansas. Although he is yet a young man, he can claim a continuous residence in Kansas of over twenty-six years, as he came here in the year 1873. Residing with him upon the farm are his wife, three boys and one girl. He is not connected with any religious organization. In local politics he always takes an interest, and has held various township offices. The nomination for Representative came to him unsolicited, as he never in his life asked for office, but has been content to further the interests of the Republican party, believing that its principles are the only ones consistent with true political economy. Mr. Hefley is a member of the Odd Fellows order and of the M. W. A.



Representative JAMES W. BOGENRIEF.

Kansas has one Representative in the Legislature whose postoffice address is in Nebraska. He is James W. Bogenrief, Republican, of Jewell county, and he gets his mail at Red Cloud, Neb.

Mr. Bogenrief claims Union county, Pa., as the place of his nativity. He is 43 years old, and was educated in the common schools, coming to Kansas from the State of Illinois in 1872. He is married, a wife and daughter constituting the family. Is a member of the Methodist Church. His army service was with the Ninety-fifth Illinois Regiment, in Co. A. He has held the office of Township Assessor for four years, and has often been a delegate to county conventions. Has always been a true-blue Republican, and has rejoiced in its success. He is a member of the Masonic order.



Representative D. P. McCLAREN.

In the House of 1899 there was no man among the Populist minority whose judgment had greater weight than that of Representative D. P. McClaren. While a partisan, he never sacrificed the interests of the State for political advantage. He became recognized as one of the fairest, and at the same time most forcible, men in the Legislature.

Mr. McClaren is a prosperous farmer, residing near Lebanon. He represents the Ninetieth District, Smith county, in the House. He was born at Leroy, Ind., forty-two years age, and was educated in the schools of his native State, living there until he had attained the age of 22 years, when he came to seek his fortune in the State of Kansas. He has been a farmer all his life, and is in love with his occupation, never experimenting with other callings as many farmers have done to their own loss. His home circle is complete with a wife and four children. Mr. McClaren was elected by the People's party to his present office, but previous to the year 1890 he was a Republican. He always attends conventions, and never fails to cast his vote for what he believes to be right on election-day.

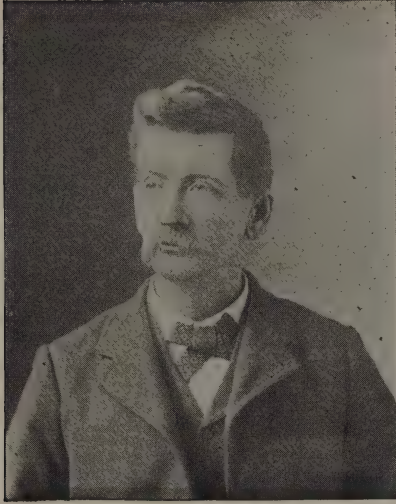


Representative GILMAN CARLE.

There were several professional teachers in the House of 1899. Prominent among them was Gilman Carle, Representative of Phillips county. His professional training and education were advantageous to him in his work in the Legislature.

He was born at Janesville, Wis., June 21, 1862, and moved to Iowa with his parents in 1868. He graduated from the Tifford academy, at Vinton, Iowa, in 1882, and went to Cornell College, where he pursued a partial course. He was principal of the Urbana and Shellsburg (Ia.) schools before coming to Kansas. In 1887 Mr. Carle moved to Kansas, locating in Phillips county. He affiliated with the Populists until 1895, when he joined the Republican party, and is now an ardent believer in the faith. He was elected to his present position from a Populist district by a majority of 229, receiving many votes from the Democrats and middle-of-the-road Populists. Although not a politician, he was sent to the State and Congressional conventions in Iowa at the age of 21.

Mr. Carle has a wife and three children. He is a member of the M. W. A., Royal Neighbors, and Masonic orders.



Representative E. E. SMITH.

An energetic worker and a member of much influence on the minority side during the 1899 session was Representative E. E. Smith, of Rooks county, the Ninety-second District. Mr. Smith is a whole-souled man who is ever ready to help a friend. He lives at Stockton, and was elected as a straight Populist, not being indorsed by any other party; nor has he at any time affiliated with any other.

He was born at Clarenceville, Canada, forty-six years ago, emigrating from there to Wisconsin, where he resided until 1878, when he came to Kansas, and here he has spent twenty years of his life. He is a Methodist; is married, and has a wife and five children. He belongs to the I. O. O. F. and M. W. A. orders, and is also Recorder in the A. O. U. W. order, and Financier in the Degree of Honor Lodge. His business has always been farming, with the exception of the time he served his county as Clerk of the District Court. Although not active in politics, he has attended, as a delegate, both county and Congressional conventions.



Representative M. M. FULLER.

M. M. Fuller, who represents Ellis county, the Ninety-third District, claims New York as his native State, he having been born in Pitcher, Chenango county, fifty-five years ago. He was educated in the common schools of that State, taking also a law course, and is now a farmer and an attorney at law. He left his native State in 1873 to seek his fortune in the then far West. That he is highly esteemed by the people of his community is attested by his having held the office of County Commissioner for nine years and Postmaster at Ellis for five years, besides other minor township offices. He is a Republican and a worker for his party, and has attended several State conventions, taking an active part. He served his country in Co. B, Seventy-sixth N. Y. Vols. His family consists of a wife and five children. In religious preference the Protestant Church holds a place.



Representative M. C. HALLETT.

Among the stockmen representing the great cattle industry of Kansas is M. C. Hallett, of Rush Center, to whom the citizens of Rush county, District No. 94, have intrusted their interests. The nomination came to him unsolicited, and his election was assured from the beginning. Mr. Hallett was born in Marion county, Ohio, and is 53 years of age. Was educated in the common schools, is married, and has a wife and eight children. He is a dealer in live stock, and is successful in his business ventures. He entered the army from Iowa, enlisting in Co. H, Second Iowa Cavalry. At the close of the war he returned to Iowa, where he remained until 1876, when he removed to Kansas. He has prospered so that he is now one of the largest taxpayers in Rush county, and has a model home in Rush Center, of which thriving little city he was the first Mayor. He has always been an active Republican, attending county and State conventions, but has held only the office of County Commissioner previous to his election to his present office.



Representative AMBROSE A. THORP.

Ambrose A. Thorp, of Larned, represented the Ninety-fifth District, Pawnee county, in the House of 1899. Mr. Thorp is well advanced in age, having been born sixty years ago, in Whitesville, Allegany county, N. Y. He has been a resident of Kansas for the past twenty-five years, coming from Knox county, Ill., where he resided for some time, and from which State he entered the army. His army record consists of five years' service in Co. K, Forty-fifth Illinois Infantry, and Co. I, Sixty-sixth U. S. Regiment (colored); also, was an officer in the Kansas National Guard for eight years. So that few members of the House have had the military training of Mr. Thorp. While in Illinois he worked at the carpenter trade, but resides now upon his farm near Larned, with his wife and daughter. He served as Sheriff of Pawnee county for four years, and upon the completion of his term of office took up life upon the farm again. Coming of Whig stock, he has naturally been an earnest Republican all his life. He attended the State Convention at Hutchinson in 1898. He is a member of the Masonic, Odd Fellows and K. P. orders, and is an active member of the G. A. R. He has occupied all the principal chairs in these orders. A good common-school education and an active military and citizen life have well fitted him for his present position.

The new militia law, a very important measure, was put through the Legislature by the efforts of Mr. Thorp, as chairman of the militia committee. Mr. Thorp served on five other committees, and was the author of several local bills.



Representative W. N. BEEZLEY.

Edwards county, the Ninety-sixth District, sent an able man and a staunch Republican to the Legislature in the person of W. N. Beezley, a lawyer of Kinsley. He claims Jackson county, Ind., as the place of his nativity. Mr. Beezley is 44 years of age, and obtained his education in the common schools of Indiana and the University of that State. He is married, having a wife and three children. He is not connected with any religious denomination, but is an active member of the Modern Woodmen. He was County Attorney of Edwards county from 1892 to 1894. As a Republican he has been very active in his party's interests, attending several State conventions, among them the convention at Hutchinson in 1898. He came to Kansas from Indiana in 1885.

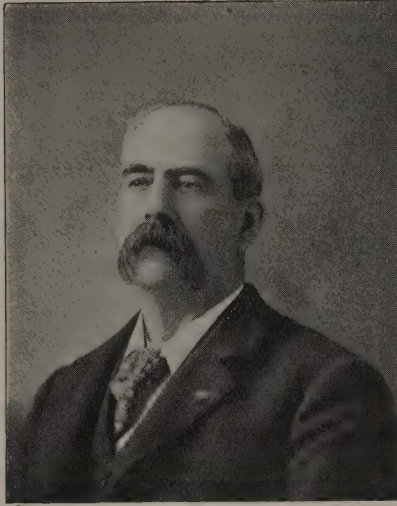
Mr. Beezley was given the important position of chairman of the committee on municipal corporations by Speaker Osborn. As a further indication of his high standing in the Legislature, he was a member of the calendar revision committee, which is the "whole thing" during the closing days of a legislative session. He succeeded in securing the passage of a number of bills of importance not only to his constituents, but also to the State at large.



Representative E. F. RESER.

There were several ministers in the Legislature of 1899. Prominent among them was Rev. E. F. Reser, representing Kiowa county, the Ninety-seventh District. He is a native of Missouri, having been born at Urbana, Dallas county, about forty-nine years ago. Like many of the men of his denomination (Methodist), he is a Republican of the type that never flinches. He was educated in the Missouri State University, coming to Kansas in 1879, residing first in Elk county upon a farm. In 1885 he removed with his family to Seward county, and has resided in the southwest part of Kansas ever since; so is thoroughly conversant with its needs as to legislation. Since the fallure of his health in 1891 he has devoted his attention to farming, hoping to recover his former health and energies. He has been active in politics when not engaged in pastoral work. His family consists of a wife and three sons.

Representative Reser took a prominent part in the deliberations of the House in the Legislature of 1899. A man of ripe experience and possessed of a fund of good common-sense, his judgment on the merits and demerits of pending legislation always had great influence with his associates. Representative Reser served on several important House committees, and in this work as well as on the floor of the House, he proved a wise and successful legislator.



Representative CHARLES F. BIDDLE.

Comanche county, the Ninety-eighth District, can truthfully boast of having one of the most influential members of the legislative session of 1899. Charles F. Biddle was always to the front. Although a staunch Republican, his open methods for or against a measure won him the respect even of the opposition. He was chairman of the insurance committee, one of the most important within the gift of the Speaker, and as such "O. K.'d" or "vetoed" all insurance bills that were introduced. As a result, Kansas has some additional good insurance laws. As a member of the live-stock committee he also looked after the interests of the cattlemen of Kansas.

Mr. Biddle is a stockman, and resides at Coldwater. He has a fine herd of thoroughbred "white-face" cattle there. He is 52 years old; has enjoyed rare advantages in the way of education, and this with his experience in the West fits him for being a useful member in the House. He has been an active Republican all his life, holding all selfish interests second to those of his party. He is thoroughly conversant with the wants of the stockmen of southwest Kansas, and will represent them well. Mr. Biddle is married. He belongs to both the Masonic and Odd Fellows' societies, and is a respected citizen of the community where he resides.



Representative LOT RAVENSCRAFT.

Representative Lot Ravenscraft, Populist, of Clark county, the Ninety-ninth District, was one of the most conspicuous figures on the floor of the House during the past three sessions of the Legislature. To him is due the credit of getting through the celebrated stockyards bill in 1897, which has run the gauntlet of the Federal courts and been held valid. This law saves the cattlemen and farmers of Kansas hundreds of thousands of dollars annually. Not only was he a hard worker in committee, but also on the floor. When he took the floor to say something, the other members all listened. They knew that some good sound sense was coming. While elected by the Populist party, no man on the floor of the House had more friends among the Republican members, owing to his congenial nature and his willingness to support any worthy measure.

Mr. Ravenscraft was born at Kygerville, Gallia county, Ohio, forty-three years ago, educated in the common schools, and came to Kansas from Kentucky in 1871. His family consists of a wife and three children. He is at present engaged in farming and stock-raising, his stock ranch being one of the most extensive in Kansas, and he is a successful handler of cattle. Prominent in politics, he is often selected by his party to represent them in conventions, and was a State delegate to St. Louis in 1894. He was Sheriff of Clark county for four years.



Representative D. SWINEHART.

Ford county, including Dodge City, constitutes the One Hundredth District, and was represented in the Legislature of 1899 by D. Swinehart, who was born at Elkhart, Ind., forty-five years ago. He obtained his education in the common schools of Indiana, and came from that State to Kansas in 1887. He was a carpenter by trade, but in his later years has been a teacher, and has been much interested in educational work. He served as County Superintendent of Ford county, and was counted as one of the most efficient superintendents in the State. He was also Postmaster at Dodge City for four years, during the last Cleveland administration, and attended the Democratic State Convention in 1896. Is now engaged in mercantile business. His family consists of a son and daughter.



Representative JOHN IRVING.

Hodgeman county, the One Hundred and First District, sent one of its most prosperous and popular citizens to the 1899 Legislature in the person of John Irving, of Jetmore. No member in the House during the last session made more strong friends. Mr. Irving soon learned that the way to get bills through was not to depend upon a flow of words upon the floor, but to get among the committees and watch the progress of bills; to urge their consideration and recommendation. The battle is over practically when a bill is recommended by a committee, except in rare cases. He followed this plan, and as a result was very successful. He was a member of the Congressional apportionment, building and grounds, and House employes committees — all important ones.

Representative Irving was born near Fort Wayne, Ind., in 1864. He was educated in the common schools; taught school in Indiana and Minnesota. He came to Kansas in 1885, and served as Assistant Postmaster at Jetmore for three years. He served two terms as Register of Deeds of Hodgeman county, and had no opposition for second term. He was a delegate to the State convention in 1896, and has served on county central committees for several years. He was on the Congressional committee in 1898, Seventh Congressional District. He is married and has a boy, Floyd, 6 years old, and a girl, Neva, 3 years old. He is in the real-estate business, and is an abstractor of titles. Mr. Irving is a Republican.



Representative D. O. TENNY.

D. O. Tenny, representing District No. 102, Ness county, was one of the young men of the House of 1899. He was born in Auburn, Cayuga county, N. Y., twenty-eight years ago. He has been in Kansas twenty years. His home is in Bazine. He was educated in the common schools of Kansas, and may almost be considered a product of the State and its institutions. He is engaged in farming, and has not yet been entrapped by the fair sex. As an active Republican worker, he watched closely his party's interests and the wants of his constituents in the Legislature. Mr. Tenny is a member of the Odd Fellows, and has held office in his lodge. In the House Mr. Tenny served on the committees on educational institutions, claims, private corporations, and militia.



Representative ALFRED LAWSON.

The fusion members of the House, in the Legislature of 1899, had a safe, conservative counselor in the person of Alfred Lawson, Representative of District 103, Trego county, and in him his constituents had a valuable Representative.

He is a native of Sweden, and was born at Halmstad fifty years ago. A common-school education and an education in the school of experience and travel furnished him with the necessary knowledge for his position. In 1868 he came to Chicago, Ill., from Sweden, and in 1881 removed from that State to Kansas. He has a wife and three children. Is a member of the Lutheran Church. When a boy in Sweden he learned the trade of painting and decorating, and worked at his trade in Chicago before coming to Kansas. Politically he is a Democrat, but was indorsed by the Populists and elected by a fusion of these parties. He attended the Democratic State Convention in 1898, and has been more or less interested in politics since coming to Kansas. He belongs to the L. O. O. F., Lodge No. 304. Mr. Lawson lives at Wakeeney, where he is engaged in farming and stock-raising.



Representative JEROME SHOUP.

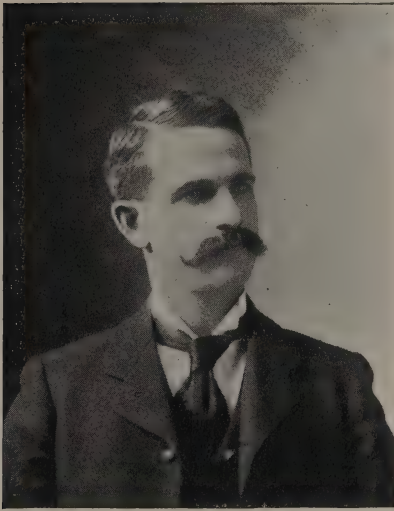
A strong man on the minority side of the House during the 1899 session of the Legislature was Representative Jerome Shoup, Populist, of Graham county. Always found fighting honorably for the principles he believed in, he became an influence on all sides in short order. He readily supported all measures which he believed contained merit and would be beneficial to the people of the State, but opposed with his voice and vote all measures which he regarded as inimical to her interests.

Representative Shoup is a farmer and stock-raiser, and resides near Hill City. He came as the People's party nominee, and to advance the principles of that party as far as possible by a minority party. He came from Illinois to Graham county in 1879, and engaged in farming; was Sheriff of Graham county for four years. His family consists of one daughter. He was a delegate to the State Convention to select delegates to the National Convention of his party in 1896. He is a member of the Christian Church, and also a member of the A. O. U. W., having been Treasurer of Hill City Lodge, No. 365, for a number of years.



Representative MILTON B. POGUE.

Among the old-soldier element in the House is Milton B. Pogue, who served his country in Co. C, Fourth Illinois Cavalry, for three years and four months. Although he entered the army from Illinois, he was born in Hillsborough, Ohio, fifty-seven years ago, and was educated in the common schools of that State. Mr. Pogue is at present a farmer, living upon his fine farm near the village of Edmond, Norton county, and represents that county, which is now known as District No. 105. His family consists of a wife, son, and daughter. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church. Always active in politics, he has attended many Congressional and State conventions of the Republican party, and to many of the leaders his face is very familiar. He has been County Commissioner of his county, but aside from that office has held none.



Representative FRANK REEDER.

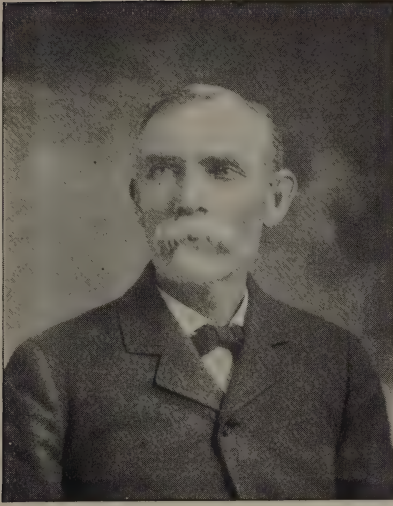
Decatur county is noted for always sending able men to the Legislature, and its present Representative is no exception to the rule. In 1897 the county furnished the Speaker of the House, and in 1899, in the person of Frank Reeder, it furnished a man who rendered valuable services to the State and to his constituents. Springing from an illustrious family and possessed of a fund of good common-sense, Representative Reeder was well fitted for the work of legislator. He was not given to pyrotechnics or oratorical display, but he always made his influence felt in a quiet way. He is a man of good judgment, and became recognized, in the session of 1899, as one of the substantial men in the House.

Mr. Reeder lives at Oberlin. He is a Populist. He was born in Lacon, Marshall county, Ill., thirty-two years ago. He came from his native State to Kansas in 1878, when but 12 years of age, and has farmed more or less each year since. He is unmarried. He served four years as Clerk of the District Court in Decatur county, and although not very active in politics, was a delegate to the Populist State Convention in 1894. He was formerly a Republican. He is a member of Oberlin Chapter R. A. M., and Past Grand of Oberlin Lodge No. 158, I. O. O. F.



Representative A. B. SHOEMAKER.

Sheridan county, the One Hundred and Seventh District, elected to the House A. B. Shoemaker, a prosperous young farmer thirty-seven years of age, who resides at Lucerne. He was born in Plano, Appanoose county, Iowa, and grew to manhood in his native State, receiving his education in her common schools while living upon the farm. In 1882, when a young man just of age, he came to Kansas, and for two years lived in Republic county, where he is well and favorably known; then in 1884 he moved to Sheridan county and settled on a homestead, where he still lives. He is blessed with a family of a wife and five children. Is undenominational in his religious belief, and friendly to all. Active and aggressive in politics, he has been often a delegate to county conventions, and has held various township offices previous to his present position. Mr. Shoemaker is a Republican.



Representative E. C. PRATHER.

Among the older members of the House in the session of 1899 was E. C. Prather, who represented Gove county, the One Hundred and Eighth District. He was nominated by the Populists and indorsed by the Democrats, and was elected by 42 majority, while his county gave the Republican State ticket a majority of 127. Mr. Prather was sent by his county as delegate to the State and National conventions of the Farmers' Alliance, held in Topeka in 1890 and subsequent years; also delegate to the Populist State conventions held in Topeka and Abilene, besides attending as delegate and otherwise all important conventions of his party in the Sixth Congressional District for several years past. While not seeking notoriety or prominence upon the floor of the House in the session of 1899, he has accomplished much good and effective work in behalf of the people on and before the various committees.

He was born in Fleming county, Ky., 51 years ago; received a common-school and commercial education. Leaving his native State in 1868, he located in northwest Missouri, making that his home until 1886, when he moved his family to western Kansas, residing there continuously since. He is one of the men who has been instrumental in helping make the desert bloom as the rose, and has demonstrated his faith in that much-abused locality by building for himself and family a comfortable home. As a farmer and stock-raiser he has proven a success. His family consists of a wife and five children.



Representative ROBERT W. BOWMAN.

Robert W. Bowman, a prosperous farmer residing near Gem, Thomas county, represents District No. 109. He was born in Williamstown, Grant county, Kentucky, October 10, 1851, being now forty-eight years of age. Losing his parents when two years old, he has had to make his way in the world alone, and can boast only of a good common-school education. He came to Decatur, Ill., in 1864, and later was married to Ellen Wildman, at Taylorsville in that State, in 1876, from which place they removed to Pawnee county, Neb., in 1882. He came to Kansas from Otoe county, Neb., in 1889, and has resided in Thomas county ever since. A wife, five sons and one daughter complete the home circle. He is a member of the Christian Church. He was elected as a Populist.



Representative SAMUEL C. MARTIN.

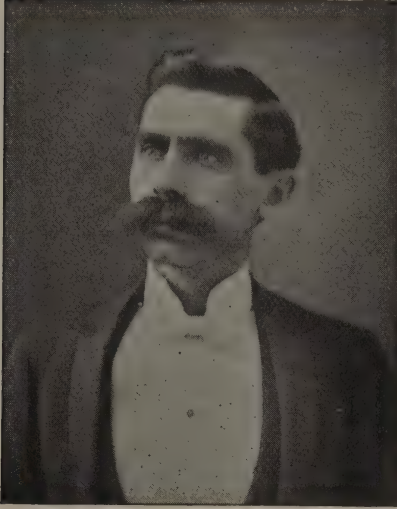
Rawlins county, the One Hundred and Tenth District, is represented by Samuel C. Martin, who was born in 1858, on the Isle of Guernsey, near England, where he resided until fourteen years of age, when he came to America and settled in Clay county, Neb., in 1872. Here he was married in 1884, and in 1885 he moved to his present farm home near Atwood. During the years of 1879 to 1882 he served as brakeman on the Wabash & St. Louis Railway, but is at present engaged in farming and stock-raising, in which business he has been very successful. A wife and four children are with him in the home. For sixteen years he has been a member of the Church of Christ. From 1880 to 1890 he voted the Republican ticket. In the year 1890 he joined the People's party with many others in his county, and has been working with them ever since. He has been a delegate to five county conventions, and has held all township offices.



Representative JOSIAH CROSBY.

The minority of the House of 1899 had a substantial member in the person of Josiah Crosby. He had the advantage of having legislative experience, having been a member of the House of 1897. For this reason Mr. Crosby's counsel was sought by his associates. Mr. Crosby represents Cheyenne county, which comprises the One Hundred and Eleventh District. He performed his duties so well in 1897 that he was returned in 1899 by his constituents.

Mr. Crosby was born at Barnesville, Belmont county, Ohio, from which State he came to Kansas in 1885. He is somewhat active in politics, and has held the office of Sheriff. He is a farmer, forty-three years of age, and has a wife and seven children. He was nominated for the Legislature by the People's party, and received the indorsement of the Democrats. Mr. Crosby is the only man who has served as Sheriff of Cheyenne county more than one term, and is also the only Representative ever reflected in that district. He is a member of the I. O. O. F. and A. O. U. W.; also of the Degree of Honor. Has filled all the offices in those orders. His postoffice address is St. Francis.



Representative A. A. SHELLEY.

In the Legislature of 1899 several young men came to the top in Kansas affairs. Prominent among them was Dr. A. A. Shelley, Representative of Legislative District No. 112, Sherman county. Although a new man politically when the Legislature convened, he at once became prominent, taking a conspicuous part in the deliberations of the House, and when the Legislature adjourned but few members had more friends in the House than did Dr. Shelley. He was chairman of the committee on hygiene and public health, which his professional training enabled him to fill with signal ability and success. In Dr. Shelley his constituents had a faithful Representative and the State a wise, conscientious legislator.

Dr. Shelley is a Republican. He was born in Richfield, Pa., thirty-one years ago, but came to this State from Nebraska in 1888. A physician by profession, he fitted himself for his work by a good common-school course and a graduation from the Kansas Medical College, of Topeka. In this school he took a high rank among the students, and has many friends in Topeka. Previous to his studying medicine he had been in the mercantile business. He has no family. While not very active in politics, he has been elected Coroner of his county for two terms, and was a delegate to the Republican State Convention of 1894. He is examining surgeon for the secret orders of Fraternal Aid Association, and also the Modern Woodmen, of both of which he is a member.



Representative H. F. GIESSLER.

One of the hardest-working Republican members of the House of 1899 was H. F. Giessler, who represented District No. 113, Logan county.

Mr. Giessler was born near Hanover, York county, Pa., in 1853. In 1854 his parents moved to Iowa, and settled at Wilton, Muscatine county. After his father's death, in 1861, he lived for some years with an uncle on a farm near Wilton. During his youth he attended and taught school. In 1878 he was graduated from the collegiate department of the State University of Iowa, and the following year was principal of the public schools at St. Ansgar in that State. In 1880 he was graduated from the law department of the State University of Iowa, and practiced law at Vinton, Iowa, for about one year. In 1881 he entered the Union Bank, of Wilton, and has since that time been engaged in the banking business. He was cashier of the Carroll County Bank, of Carroll, Iowa, from 1883 to 1886. In 1886 he moved to Oakley, Kansas, where he has since resided, and at which place he and his brother, J. L. Giessler, own and operate the Bank of Oakley. Mr. Giessler, however, has had the entire management of the bank, as his brother resides in Muscatine county, Iowa, and in 1898 his brother had the honor to represent that county in the Iowa State Legislature.

Mr. Giessler is married, but has no children. His wife was born and grew to womanhood in what he calls his native town, Wilton, Iowa. Her father, the Rev. Jacob Pentzer, was the Presbyterian minister of that town for many years.

Mr. Giessler was a member of the Legislature of 1897 and 1899, and in the latter was a member of the ways and means committee, and chairman of the committee on banks and banking. He belongs to the Reformed Church, but at present affiliates with the Presbyterian. He is a member and Past Master of the Masonic fraternity, and a member and Past Chancellor of the order of Knights of Pythias.



Representative W. E. WARD.

W. E. Ward, a bright young newspaper man from Sharon Springs, represented Wallace county—District No. 114—in the House of 1899. He served on the committees on fees and salaries and printing.

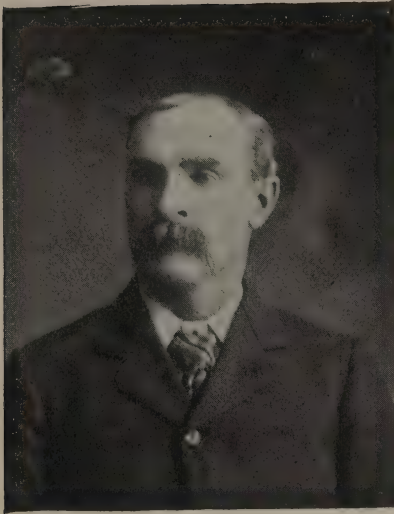
Mr. Ward is a native Kansan, having been born in Garland, Bourbon county, twenty-eight years ago. His education is of the kind to be obtained in the common school and as practical printer and writer in a newspaper office. Mr. Ward is married, having a wife and two daughters. Is a member of the I. O. O. F. and K. P. orders. For one of his age he has a large political influence, and has been elected County Clerk of his county. He enjoyed the distinction of being one of two active editors elected to the House. He is a Republican.



Representative GEORGE L. REID.

An active young Republican who made an enviable record in the Legislature of 1899, and one that will certainly result in his being returned in 1901, is Representative George L. Reid, of Greeley county, the One Hundred and Fifteenth District. As a member of the local judiciary committee he assisted Chairman Gregory materially in weeding out the bad bills and pushing through the good ones. He gained the utmost confidence of all during the session, and secured the passage of several important bills.

Although born near Brooklyn, N. Y., Representative Reid has never been satisfied until he is now located as far west as the border of civilization will permit—the western border of Kansas. He came to Kansas from New York in 1880; was graduated from Campbell University at Holton, Kan., and in 1887 went to Greeley county and located on a homestead. He is thirty-four years of age, is married, and his family consists of a wife and one child. He is a lawyer, and is connected with the United Presbyterian Church. He has always been a Republican, and from 1892 to 1899 has held the office of County Attorney of Greeley county.



Representative JOHN H. SCOTT.

Wichita county, the One Hundred and Sixteenth District, has been very fortunate in recent years in sending men to the Legislature that command great respect and wield powerful influence. F. E. Grimes, who represented that county for two terms, proved such a tireless worker and faithful friend that he was elevated to the position of State Treasurer. He was succeeded in the House by Hon. John H. Scott, who proved during the 1899 session that he was well qualified to fill the shoes of his eminent predecessor. He made a friend of every member of the House, and it was therefore an easy matter for him to get through whatever legislation his constituents needed. No man in the House did more diligent work in the committees. He was chairman of the committee on engrossed bills.

Mr. Scott is a native of Iowa, having been born at Russell, Lucas county, in that State, and coming from there to Kansas in 1886. He is 41 years of age; was educated in the common schools of Iowa, and in the experiences he has had in the West. He is married, a wife and five children residing with him upon the farm. He has always been an active Republican, but has never before held office—always being contented to advance the interests of his party in preference to his own.

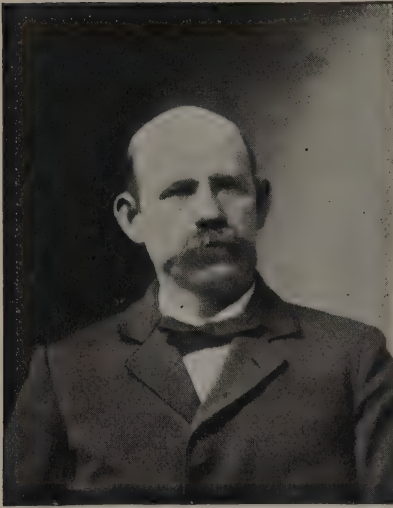


Representative J. C. STARR.

The member from Scott county, District No. 117, was the only "Independent" Representative in the House. He is a newspaper man at Scott City, and was nominated by petition. The Republicans of his district left the office of Representative blank on their ticket, thus materially aiding in his election.

Mr. Starr was born at Columbus, Ohio, fifty years ago, and educated in the common schools. His family consists of wife and six children, with whom he moved from Iowa to Scott county, Kansas, in 1885. Formerly Mr. Starr was a Republican, and was a delegate to the State Convention in 1888. Since 1890 he has affiliated with the People's party, having been a delegate to the Cincinnati Convention, where the national party was organized; a delegate to the Omaha convention in 1892; also several State conventions held in Kansas.

Being an "Independent," he was not tied up with either party, although he stood with the Republicans the most of the time. He was chairman of the committee on county seats and county lines, a committee of vast importance to western Kansas people.



Representative D. B. KING.

Lane county, the One Hundred and Eighteenth District, has the faculty of sending men to the Legislature who always get to the front. In 1895 it sent Charlie Lobdell, who became the Speaker of the House; in 1897 it returned Mr. Lobdell, and he was recognized as the floor leader of the Republican minority. In 1899 it sent Hon. D. B. King, Democrat, to succeed Mr. Lobdell. He proved as popular with the members as his predecessor. He had a power of influence on the minority side, and with the kindly feeling toward him on the Republican side he was able to get through all of the measures in which he was directly interested. He was a member of the committees on printing and county seats and lines.

Mr. King, although a Democrat, was elected to the Legislature by the efforts and coöperation of the People's party. He was born in Hendersonville, North Carolina, thirty-six years ago. He came to Kansas in 1886, by way of Missouri, where he resided for a time. He is unmarried. As a farmer and stock-raiser he has been eminently successful. He has been fairly active in politics; has been elected to the office of Sheriff of Lane county, and has often been a delegate to conventions of his party. He has always been a Democrat, and affiliated with that party until the rise of the People's party in Kansas. Mr. King is a member of the order of Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons.



Representative H. F. MASON.

Representative H. F. Mason, of Finney county, the One Hundred and Nineteenth District, was one of the Republican leaders of the House during the 1899 session. Speaker Osborn considered Mr. Mason one of the ablest lawyers in the House, and his only regret was that he did not have the appointment of chairman of two Judiciary committees. He was one of the ablest debaters in either branch of the Legislature. The recent session of the Legislature will go down in history as a cleaning and patching-up Legislature. Mr. Mason did more than his share of the work in patching up and remodeling old laws. The code of civil procedure has been greatly strengthened by laws which he got through. He was the second member on the Judiciary committee, and a member of each of the committees on rules, railroads, militia, and supervision of the journal. He made a reputation in the House that is bound to bring him to the front politically. A seat in the Senate in 1901 seems his lot now.

Representative Mason was born in Racine, Wis., and is 38 years of age. He came from his native State to Kansas in the year 1886, and has resided within her borders ever since. He is by profession a lawyer. He has served as City Attorney of Garden City, and County Attorney of Finney county. He attended the University of Wisconsin for four years. His family consists of a wife, but no children. He is not a church member, but is a Unitarian in belief. He is a Republican, and has been fairly active in politics.



Representative GEORGE F. JOHNSTON.

One of the most genial as well as one of the most successful members of the Legislature of 1899 was Dr. George F. Johnston, of Lakin, Kearny county. Aside from the work he accomplished on the floor of the House, he rendered valuable services on the agricultural and public health committees.

He represents the One Hundred and Twentieth District. He is a practicing physician at Lakin, having moved there from the city of Reading, Berks county, Pa., in 1893. He is married, his family consisting of a wife and son. He enjoys the advantages of a good education, having graduated first from Stewart Academy, then completed the scientific course in Lafayette College, and graduating later from Jefferson Medical College in 1887. He now holds the position of local surgeon for the A. T. & S. F. Railway, and is treasurer of the Pension Examining Board of Garden City. For the past three years he has been chairman of the Republican County Central Committee of his county, and has been a delegate to the last two State conventions of his party. Dr. Johnston is a member of the Presbyterian Church. He is 33 years of age.

He is a member of the Phi Kappa Psi college fraternity, is Past Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, and a member of Emerald Lodge, No. 289, A. F. & A. M.



Representative THOMAS H. FORD.

Hamilton county is ably represented in the Legislature by Thomas H. Ford. He is a stockman, and lives at Syracuse. He was born in Iowa City, Iowa; he is fifty-two years of age. His beautiful residence and stock ranch are located on the ground where old Fort Aubrey once stood, and besides pasture land includes 1,000 acres under irrigation and 500 in alfalfa. He came to Kansas from Iowa in 1882, and settled in Hamilton county. His family consists of five sons, four of whom are of age. He belongs to the Masonic order—Syracuse Lodge No. 302, Chapter 27, Dodge City, and Consistory, Wichita; also belongs to Syracuse Lodge No. 303, and Camp and Canton No. 9, Coolidge. His popularity is attested by the fact that he was twice elected County Clerk of Hamilton county, and has often been sent to State and Congressional conventions. He is an uncompromising Republican. He was educated in the common schools.



Representative JASPER N. ELWOOD.

The people of Grant and Stanton counties, comprising the One Hundred and Twenty-second District, made a wise selection when they elected Jasper N. Elwood to represent them in the legislative session of 1899. He proved a tireless worker in the interests of all measures that tended to make Kansas a better State to live in. He is considered one of the strongest legislators among what is known as the "short-grass" contingent.

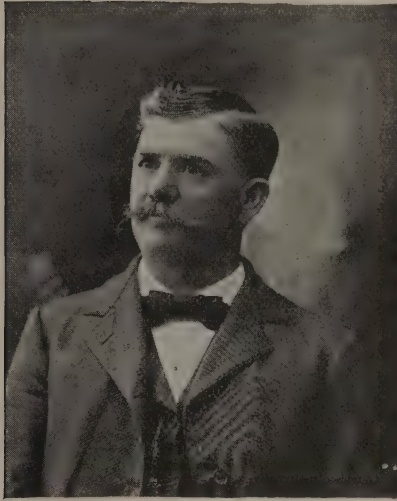
Mr. Elwood was born in Iowa, obtained his education in the common schools of that State, and is 41 years of age. From Iowa he came to Kansas in 1883, and engaged in the business which so many in western Kansas have found profitable — that of stock-raising. While raising fat steers for the Kansas City market, Mr. Elwood has also found time to engage in politics, and has been an active factor in shaping the course of the Republican party in his part of the State. Among other conventions which he has attended was the Congressional Convention of his district. He was nominated for his present position by the Republicans, and received the indorsement of no other party. Mr. Elwood is married, and has five sons and two daughters. He is a member of the Odd Fellows order.



Representative JOHN HARPER.

Representative John Harper, of Gray and Haskell counties,—the One Hundred and Twenty-third District,—was one of the busiest members of the 1899 session of the Legislature. He got thirteen bills through the Legislature. While other members were taking it easy he was plodding for his constituents. If good work is taken into consideration at the next election, the people of that district will send Mr. Harper back to the Legislature.

Representative Harper is an attorney, also editor of the *Gray County Republican*. Mr. Harper was born in Milford, Oakland county, Mich., thirty-three years ago, and came to Kansas from his native State in the fall of 1885, where he was admitted to the bar, in Garfield county, in 1889. Then in 1892 he removed to Gray county, and in 1894 he purchased the only Republican paper in the county, running the paper successfully until in December, 1897, when he lost the entire printing-plant by fire. Nothing daunted by the loss, he proceeded to make up his losses by purchasing the plant of *The Santa Fe Trail*, located in Haskell county, thus relieving the Populists of their powder in that county, which is now a part of his district. Thus has been outlined the career of a young man of push and energy in the far West, while perhaps his schoolmates have lingered amid luxury and mourned because there were no openings in this world for them. Mr. Harper is unmarried. Is a member of the M. E. Church. Attended the Congressional convention in his district in 1896.



Representative GEORGE W. WILEY.

The most important measure to western Kansas people passed by the Legislature of 1899 was the bill providing for the assessment and taxation of transient property. The author of this bill is Representative George W. Wiley, of the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth District, composed of Meade and Seward counties. Another bill of great benefit was the one authorizing the leasing of unoccupied school lands; he was also the author of it. All told, Mr. Wiley got thirteen bills through the Legislature. He introduced fifteen. He had one stricken from the calendar and one was defeated. No other member of the House or Senate can show such a record. He was chairman of the committee on public lands, and as such rendered valuable services to the State. He was also a member of several other important committees.

Representative Wiley is forty-five years of age, and has enjoyed the advantages of an academic education. He came from the State of Iowa in 1886, in which State he spent the most of his life. He held the important offices of Deputy County Auditor and Treasurer for four years, and after coming to Meade county in this State was twice elected County Treasurer, completing his second term October 11, 1898. He was an efficient and faithful county officer. He was also engaged in the banking and real-estate business in Meade county before entering the Treasurer's office. He is a member of the Christian Church; also, is a Royal Arch Mason, and is Past Master in the Masonic order, and member of the Grand Lodge of Kansas; is M. W. of the A. O. U. W., and a member of the Modern Woodmen.



Representative CHARLES H. WRIGHT.

Southwestern Kansas had a true friend in the Legislature of 1899 in the person of Representative Charles H. Wright, of the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth District, comprising Stevens and Morton counties. Mr. Wright was always on hand, working in the interests of his constituents. His frank and open manner in dealing with all public questions won him the respect of all. He was never afraid to support a bill which contained merit, no matter by whom it was introduced, and he was equally as fearless in fighting a measure he did not like, even though it was introduced by his best friend. He got several bills passed that will do his people some good. His great forte was in committee work.

Representative Wright resides at Liberal, Stevens county, and is engaged in farming and stock-raising. He was born in Monroeville, Huron county, Ohio; is 43 years of age; was educated in the common schools; and came to Kansas in 1887, by way of Nebraska. He is married, a wife and daughter constituting his family. He is a member of the Methodist Church. For the past six years he has been active in politics, but has voted with the Populist party since 1890, before which time he was a Republican.

KANSAS OFFICIAL PATRONAGE.

Below is a complete list of the appointive offices attached to a State administration, together with the salary, tenure of office, and how appointed. In this list, however, the offices and positions given in the "Official Roster," printed elsewhere in this book, are not included.

APPOINTIVE OFFICES.

<i>Title of Office.</i>	<i>How Appointed.</i>	<i>Term.</i>	<i>Salary.</i>
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Adjutant General.....	Governor and Senate.	Two years.	\$1,500 00
Assistant Adjutant General.....	Governor.	" "	900 00
Clerk.....	" "	" "	600 00
STATE SOLDIERS' HOME:			
Three Managers.....	Governor and Senate.	Three years.	*333 33
Commandant.....	Board.	" "	1,200 00
Surgeon.....	" "	" "	1,000 00
Quartermaster.....	" "	" "	800 00
Adjutant.....	" "	" "	500 00
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT:			
Superintendent of Insurance.....	Governor and Senate.	Two years.	†2,000 00
Assistant Supt. of Insurance.....	Superintendent.	" "	1,500 00
Chief Clerk.....	" "	" "	1,200 00
Assistant Clerk.....	" "	" "	800 00
Stenographer.....	" "	" "	720 00
BOARD OF AGRICULTURE:			
Secretary of Board.....	Elected by Board.	" "	2,000 00
Chief Clerk.....	Appointed by Sec'y.	Pleasure of Sec'y.	1,200 00
Clerk.....	" "	" "	1,000 00
Stenographer.....	" "	" "	720 00
BUREAU OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS:			
Commissioner.....	Elected by State Society } Labor and Industry.	Two years.	1,500 00
Assistant Commissioner.....			
Stenographer.....	Appointed by Comm'r.	" "	1,200 00
Special Agent.....	" "	" "	800 00
BOARD OF CHARITIES:			
Five Members.....	Governor and Senate.	Three years.	‡
INSANE ASYLUM (Topeka):			
Superintendent.....	Board of Charities.	" "	1,500 00
Assistant Superintendent.....	" "	" "	900 00
Two Assistant Physicians.....	" "	Pleasure of Board.	*800 00
Steward.....	" "	" "	720 00
Matron.....	" "	" "	400 00
Clerk.....	" "	" "	700 00
Assistant Clerk.....	" "	" "	360 00
Apothecary.....	" "	" "	400 00
Chaplain.....	" "	" "	200 00
Engineer.....	" "	" "	720 00
Assistant Engineer.....	" "	" "	360 00
Six Firemen.....	" "	" "	*300 00
Steam Fitter.....	" "	" "	360 00
Baker.....	" "	" "	400 00
Assistant Baker.....	" "	" "	270 00
Two Housekeepers.....	" "	" "	*300 00
Two Cooks.....	" "	" "	*360 00
Five Assistant Cooks.....	" "	" "	*200 00
Three Kitchen Helpers.....	" "	" "	*200 00
Meat Cutter.....	" "	" "	270 00
Carpenter.....	" "	" "	400 00
Mason and Plasterer.....	" "	" "	400 00
Painter.....	" "	" "	400 00

* Each.

† Elective after 1901.

‡ \$3 per day and mileage 10 cents per mile.

APPOINTEE OFFICES—CONTINUED.

<i>Title of Office.</i>	<i>How Appointed.</i>	<i>Term.</i>	<i>Salary.</i>
INSANE ASYLUM (Topeka)—Continued.			
Tollet	Board of Charities.	Plenipotentiary of Board.	\$400.00
Three Supervisors	" "	" "	\$200.00
Seventy Attendants	" "	" "	\$200.00
Four Night Watchmen	" "	" "	\$200.00
Three Seamstresses	" "	" "	\$240.00
Laundryman	" "	" "	\$60.00
Chief Laundress	" "	" "	\$40.00
Scrubber	" "	" "	\$20.00
Seven Laundresses	" "	" "	\$180.00
Three Housemaids	" "	" "	\$180.00
Four Waitresses	" "	" "	\$240.00
Two Teamsters	" "	" "	\$240.00
Two Laborers	" "	" "	\$40.00
Farmer	" "	" "	\$200.00
Houseman	" "	" "	\$20.00
Housekeeper	" "	" "	\$40.00
Porter	" "	" "	\$20.00
Florist and Gardener	" "	" "	\$40.00
Blacksmith	" "	" "	\$40.00
Blacksmith	" "	" "	\$40.00
Gardener	" "	" "	\$20.00
INSANE ASYLUM (Oswatimie):			
Superintendent	" "	" "	\$1,500.00
Assistant Superintendent	" "	" "	\$60.00
Three Assistant Physicians	" "	" "	\$180.00
Steward	" "	" "	\$20.00
Matron	" "	" "	\$40.00
Chaplain	" "	" "	\$20.00
Clerk	" "	" "	\$20.00
Stenographer and Assistant Clerk	" "	" "	\$60.00
Apothecary	" "	" "	\$40.00
Engineer	" "	" "	\$20.00
Assistant Engineer	" "	" "	\$60.00
Five Firemen	" "	" "	\$200.00
Electrician	" "	" "	\$20.00
Baker	" "	" "	\$40.00
Assistant Baker	" "	" "	\$20.00
Three Housekeepers	" "	" "	\$200.00
Four Cooks	" "	" "	\$200.00
Four Assistant Cooks	" "	" "	\$240.00
Three Kitchen Helpers	" "	" "	\$200.00
Carpenter	" "	" "	\$40.00
Assistant Carpenter	" "	" "	\$20.00
Mason and Plasterer	" "	" "	\$40.00
Painter	" "	" "	\$40.00
Tailor	" "	" "	\$40.00
Four Supervisors	" "	" "	\$200.00
Seventy-four Attendants	" "	" "	\$200.00
Six Night Watchmen	" "	" "	\$200.00
Six Seamstresses	" "	" "	\$240.00
Laundryman	" "	" "	\$60.00
Chief Laundress	" "	" "	\$40.00
Scrubber	" "	" "	\$20.00
Ten Laundresses	" "	" "	\$180.00
Five Housemaids	" "	" "	\$180.00
Three Chambermaids	" "	" "	\$180.00
Four Teamsters	" "	" "	\$240.00
Laborer	" "	" "	\$40.00
Farmer	" "	" "	\$200.00
Dairyman	" "	" "	\$20.00
Meat Cutter	" "	" "	\$20.00
Gardener	" "	" "	\$20.00
Assistant Gardener	" "	" "	\$20.00
Blacksmith	" "	" "	\$40.00
Blacksmith	" "	" "	\$40.00
Blacksmith	" "	" "	\$40.00
Three Housemaids	" "	" "	\$180.00
Two Dining-Room Workers	" "	" "	\$270.00
Florist	" "	" "	\$20.00
REFORM SCHOOL (Topeka):			
Superintendent	" "	" "	\$1,000.00
Assistant Superintendent	" "	" "	\$20.00
Matron	" "	" "	\$20.00

* Each.

APPOINTIVE OFFICES — CONTINUED.

<i>Title of Office.</i>	<i>How Appointed.</i>	<i>Term.</i>	<i>Salary.</i>
REFORM SCHOOL — Continued.			
Two Teachers	Board of Charities.	Pleasure of Board.	*\$360 00
Four Family Officers	" "	" "	*480 00
Engineer	" "	" "	600 00
Assistant Engineer	" "	" "	420 00
Watchman	" "	" "	300 00
Relief Officer	" "	" "	300 00
Gardener	" "	" "	360 00
Assistant Gardener	" "	" "	300 00
Farmer	" "	" "	300 00
Baker	" "	" "	360 00
Head Cook	" "	" "	300 00
Boys' Cook	" "	" "	240 00
Tailoress	" "	" "	360 00
Three Dining-Room Girls	" "	" "	*200 00
Four Lady Officers	" "	" "	*180 00
Lady Relief Officer	" "	" "	240 00
Shoemaker	" "	" "	420 00
Physician	" "	" "	300 00
Fireman	" "	" "	300 00
Hostler	" "	" "	240 00
Laundryman	" "	" "	300 00
Officers' Cook	" "	" "	264 00
Minister	" "	" "	200 00
DEAF AND DUMB ASYLUM (Olathe):			
Superintendent	" "	" "	1,200 00
Steward and Bookkeeper	" "	" "	720 00
Matron	" "	" "	400 00
Physician	" "	" "	200 00
Instructor in Bakery, and Butcher..	" "	" "	500 00
Instructor in Cabinet Shop	" "	" "	600 00
Inst'r in Shoe and Harness Shop...	" "	" "	500 00
Instructor in Sewing	" "	" "	300 00
Instructor in Printing	" "	" "	450 00
Stenographer and Visitors' Attend't	" "	" "	300 00
Engineer	" "	" "	600 00
Three Assistant Engineers	" "	" "	*260 00
Nurse and Assistant	" "	" "	300 00
Two Supervisors	" "	" "	*225 00
Two Night Watchmen	" "	" "	*250 00
Three Cooks	" "	" "	*200 00
Eight Attendants	" "	" "	*150 00
Three Laundresses	" "	" "	*166 66
Twenty-one Teachers	" "	" "	*200 to 900
Farmer	" "	" "	300 00
BLIND ASYLUM (Kansas City, Kas.):			
Superintendent	" "	" "	1,000 00
Matron	" "	" "	300 00
Physician	" "	" "	200 00
Music Teacher	" "	" "	540 00
Music Teacher	" "	" "	360 00
Teacher	" "	" "	360 00
Three Teachers	" "	" "	*315 00
Teacher of Piano Tuning	" "	" "	225 00
Teacher of Gymnastics and Voice..	" "	" "	270 00
Teacher of Boys' Industrial Dep't..	" "	" "	360 00
Teacher of Girls' Industrial Dep't..	" "	" "	270 00
Boys' Study Supervisor	" "	" "	180 00
Girls' Study Supervisor	" "	" "	180 00
Nurse	" "	" "	180 00
Seamstress	" "	" "	180 00
Laundryman	" "	" "	240 00
Laundress	" "	" "	180 00
Baker	" "	" "	180 00
Cook	" "	" "	300 00
Assistant Cook	" "	" "	180 00
Engineer	" "	" "	600 00
Watchman	" "	" "	300 00
Stableman	" "	" "	300 00
General Workman	" "	" "	300 00
Teacher of Violin	" "	" "	225 00
Clerk and Guide	" "	" "	300 00
First Chamberman	" "	" "	135 00

* Each.

APPOINTEE OFFICES—CONTINUED.

Title of Office.	How Appointed.	Term.	Salary.
BLANCH AVENUE—Continued.			
First Chambermaid.....	Board of Charities.	Pleasure of Board.	\$125 00
First Dining-Room Girl.....	"	"	180 00
Three Asst. Dining-Room Girls.....	"	"	\$125 00
Extra help.....	"	"	125 00
IMMENSE AVENUE (Winfield):			
Superintendent.....	"	"	1,000 00
Matron.....	"	"	400 00
Two Supervisors.....	"	"	\$240 00
Three Teachers.....	"	"	100 00
Two Night Watchmen.....	"	"	\$240 00
Seamstresses.....	"	"	500 00
Four Cooks.....	"	"	\$250 00
Baker.....	"	"	300 00
Four Laundresses.....	"	"	\$215 50
Teamster.....	"	"	340 00
Engineer.....	"	"	500 00
First Assistant Engineer.....	"	"	360 00
Second Assistant Engineer.....	"	"	216 00
Farmer.....	"	"	300 00
Clerk.....	"	"	300 00
Twenty Attendants.....	"	"	\$210 00
GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (Beloit):			
Superintendent.....	"	"	800 00
Matron.....	"	"	400 00
Three Teachers.....	"	"	\$200 00
Sewing and Cutting Teacher.....	"	"	300 00
Asst. Sewing and Cutting Teacher.....	"	"	240 00
Cook.....	"	"	300 00
Assistant Cook.....	"	"	300 00
Housekeeper.....	"	"	300 00
Laundresses.....	"	"	500 00
Engineer and Plumber.....	"	"	500 00
Asst. Engineer and Night Watchman.....	"	"	330 00
Garden Foreman.....	"	"	300 00
Physician.....	"	"	300 00
Family Manager.....	"	"	300 00
Chaplain.....	"	"	300 00
Clerk and Stenographer.....	"	"	300 00
SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' HOME (Atchison):			
Superintendent.....	"	"	1,000 00
Matron.....	"	"	300 00
Clerk and Stenographer.....	"	"	360 00
Physician.....	"	"	200 00
Chaplain.....	"	"	300 00
Governess.....	"	"	300 00
Six Family Managers.....	"	"	\$300 00
Five Teachers.....	"	"	\$264 00
Housekeeper.....	"	"	264 00
Engineer.....	"	"	500 00
Assistant Engineer.....	"	"	300 00
Farmer.....	"	"	300 00
Three Seamstresses.....	"	"	300 00
Farmer and Gardener.....	"	"	300 00
Gardener.....	"	"	300 00
Teamster.....	"	"	340 00
Night Watchman.....	"	"	240 00
Baker.....	"	"	340 00
Three Cooks.....	"	"	\$300 00
Four Attendants.....	"	"	\$162 50
Three Laundresses.....	"	"	\$216 00
Traveling Agent.....	"	"	\$600 00
STATE PENITENTIARY (Lansing):			
Board of Directors (three).....	Governor.	Three years.	1400 00
Warden.....	Governor and Senate.	Four years.	2,500 00
Deputy Warden.....	Warden and Directors.	Pleasure of Board.	1,500 00
Clerk.....	"	"	1,000 00
Assistant Clerk.....	"	"	800 00
Physician.....	"	"	1,400 00
Chaplain.....	"	"	1,400 00
Stenographer.....	"	"	600 00

* Each.

† And expenses.

‡ \$3 per day and expenses, with limit of \$400.

APPOINTIVE OFFICES—CONTINUED.

Title of Office.	How Appointed.	Term.	Salary.
STATE PENITENTIARY—Continued.			
Priest.....	Warden and Directors.	Pleasure of Board.	\$200 00
Storekeeper.....	" "	" "	720 00
Engineer.....	" "	" "	1,200 00
First Assistant Engineer.....	" "	" "	900 00
Second Assistant Engineer.....	" "	" "	720 00
Turnkey.....	" "	" "	720 00
Two Turnkeys.....	" "	" "	*600 00
Superintendent Clothing Department.....	" "	" "	600 00
Messenger.....	" "	" "	600 00
Steward.....	" "	" "	600 00
Yardmaster.....	" "	" "	600 00
Superintendent of Buildings.....	" "	" "	720 00
Superintendent of Masonry.....	" "	" "	720 00
Matron.....	" "	" "	500 00
Assistant Matron.....	" "	" "	400 00
Thirty-eight Keepers.....	" "	" "	*600 00
Eleven Nightwatchmen.....	" "	" "	*600 00
Farmer and Gardener.....	" "	" "	600 00
Insane Ward Keeper.....	" "	" "	600 00
Superintendent of Mines.....	" "	" "	1,500 00
Engineer of Mine.....	" "	" "	1,000 00
Assistant Engineer of Mine.....	" "	" "	800 00
Weigh Clerk.....	" "	" "	600 00
Shipping Clerk.....	" "	" "	600 00
Pit Boss.....	" "	" "	820 00
Five Fire Bosses.....	" "	" "	*720 00
Top Officer.....	" "	" "	700 00
Bottom Officer.....	" "	" "	700 00
Ten Mine Officers.....	" "	" "	*720 00
INDUSTRIAL REFORMATORY (Hutch'n):			
Three Directors.....	Governor.	Four years.	†
Superintendent.....	Board of Directors.	Pleasure of Board.	2,000 00
Assistant Superintendent.....	" "	" "	1,200 00
Master Mechanic.....	" "	" "	1,200 00
Chaplain.....	" "	" "	200 00
Physician.....	" "	" "	500 00
Engineer and Keeper.....	" "	" "	1,000 00
Assistant Engineer.....	" "	" "	600 00
Clerk and Keeper.....	" "	" "	900 00
Storekeeper and Keeper.....	" "	" "	720 00
Tailor and Keeper.....	" "	" "	720 00
Assistant Tailor and Keeper.....	" "	" "	600 00
Carpenter and Keeper.....	" "	" "	720 00
Mason and Keeper.....	" "	" "	900 00
Principal of School and Keeper.....	" "	" "	900 00
First Asst. Teacher and Keeper.....	" "	" "	720 00
Second Asst. Teacher and Keeper.....	" "	" "	720 00
Two Turnkeys and Keepers.....	" "	" "	*600 00
Supt. of Farm and Keeper.....	" "	" "	720 00
Cook and Keeper.....	" "	" "	600 00
Musical Instructor.....	" "	" "	200 00
Blacksmith and Keeper.....	" "	" "	600 00
Ten Guards.....	" "	" "	*600 00
Shoemaker and Keeper.....	" "	" "	720 00
Laundryman and Keeper.....	" "	" "	600 00
Two Cellhouse Keepers.....	" "	" "	*600 00
STATE GRAIN INSPECTION:			
State Grain Inspector.....	Governor and Senate.	Two years.	1,200 00
Chief Inspector.....	State Grain Inspector.	" "	900 00
Thirteen Assistant Inspectors.....	" "	" "	*900 00
Seven Deputy Weighmasters.....	" "	" "	*600 00
Nine Helpers.....	" "	" "	*600 00
Chief Clerk.....	" "	" "	1,000 00
Collector.....	" "	" "	720 00
Recorder.....	" "	" "	720 00
Stenographer.....	" "	" "	480 00
STATE SOCIETY MINES:			
State Mine Inspector.....	State Society of Miners.	One year.	†1,500 00
Deputy Mine Inspector.....	State Mine Inspector.	" "	\$900 00

* Each.

† \$3 per day and expenses.

‡ \$1,000 per year additional for expenses.

§ And expenses.

APPOINTIVE OFFICES — CONCLUDED.

<i>Title of Office, &</i>	<i>How Appointed.</i>	<i>Term.</i>	<i>Salary.</i>
STATE LIVE STOCK SANITARY COM'N: Three Members.....	Governor and Senate, By Commission.	Three years.	*
Five Inspectors.....	" "	" "	Fees.
STATE OIL INSPECTION: State Inspector.....	Governor and Senate.	Two years.	\$1,500 00
Five Deputies.....	By Inspector.	" "	800 00
Ninety Local Inspectors.....	" "	" "	Fees.
FORESTRY STATIONS: Commissioner.....	Governor.	" "	1,000 00
Foreman.....	Commissioner.	" "	400 00
STATE BOARD OF HEALTH: Nine Members.....	Governor, Board.	Three years.	Expenses.
Secretary.....	Secretary.	Pleasure of Board.	1,000 00
Stenographer.....	" "	Pleasure of Sec'y.	420 00
STATE BOARD OF DENTISTRY: Four Members.....	Governor.	Four years.	†
STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY: Five Members.....	Governor.	Three years.	None.
STATE FISH COMMISSION: State Fish Warden.....	Governor, State Fish Warden.	Four years.	1,000 00
One hundred and five Deputies.....	" "	" "	Fees.
STATE UNIVERSITY (Lawrence): Six Members Board of Regents.....	Governor and Senate.	" "	§
STATE NORMAL SCHOOL (Emporia): Six Members Board of Regents.....	Governor and Senate.	" "	§
STATE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE: Six Members Board of Regents.....	Governor and Senate.	" "	§
WESTERN UNIVERSITY (Quindaro): Seven Trustees.....	Governor and Senate.	Three years.	‡
BANK COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE: Bank Commissioner.....	Governor and Senate, Commissioner.	Four years.	2,500 00
Three Deputy Commissioners.....	" "	Pleasure Commis'r.	†1,000 00
Clerk.....	" "	" "	1,000 00
Stenographer.....	" "	" "	720 00
STATE LIBRARY: State Librarian.....	Supreme Ct. and Gov'r.	Four years.	1,500 00
Two Assistant Librarians.....	Librarian.	" "	750 00
Clerk.....	" "	" "	600 00
Guard.....	" "	" "	600 00
STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION: Six Members.....	Governor.	" "	‡
STATE TEXT-BOOK COMMISSION: State Members.....	" "	" "	*
COURT OF VISITATION: Three Judges.....	" "	Four years.	2,500 00
Solicitor.....	" "	" "	2,500 00
Clerk.....	Court.	Pleasure of Court.	1,500 00
Stenographer.....	" "	" "	720 00

* \$5 per day and expenses.

† Each.

‡ \$5 per day and expenses for each day actually engaged.

§ \$3 per day and mileage.

Actual expenses.

• Elective, beginning 1900.

